# THE ATHENÆUM

Journal of English and Foreign Literature, Science, the Fine Arts, Music and the Drama,

No. 2204.

LONDON, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1870.

PRICE THREEPENCE

PROF. SEELEY'S LECTURES on ROMAN HISTORY will be delivered, by permission, in the Lecture Room of the SOUTH KENSINGTON MUSEUM, commencing Saturday, 19th of January, 1870, at Eleven colock, and on each of the Nouth Kensington Museum, 1870, at Eleven colock, and on each of the Nine succeeding Saturdays, by J. B. Seeley, Est., M.A., Professor of Modern History in the University of Cambridge, —Hotels for the course life Leve of the Control o

THE HOLBEIN SOCIETY.

President-SIR W. STIRLING MAXWELL, Bart.

The Second Volume, HOLBEIN'S 'BIBLE FIGURES,' due to the Subscribers for their First Year's Subscription, will be ready early in February. - Prospectuses may be obtained on application to Mr. BROTHERS, 14, St. Ann's square, Manchester.

THE ALLIED UNIVERSITIES CLUB, 12, GRAFTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.

This Club is established for Noblemen and Gentlemen who are, or ave been, Members of a University, or are Members of a recognized earned Society.

have been, Members of a University, or are Members of a recognized Learned Society-rictary Club, no pecuniary liability attaches to any of 10 heing a Froperior and the street of the Premises are admirably situated, commanding a view of the whole of Albemarle street and St. James's-street, and contain ample accommendation for a Morning and Reading-Room, a Dining-Room, a Billiard-Room, Card-Rooms, &c. The internal arrangements of the Club are under the management of a Committee.

To the first Two Hundred Members, the Entrance - Fee is Five Guineas; beyond this Number, Fifteen Guineas. The Annual Subscription is Five Guineas.

Committee.

ion

nois

ood.

, or rated

LLY,

d the e, the ustra-noted. in an

, by

J. R. CAMPBELL, Esq. M.A., Edinburgh.
T. WALLER E. EVANS, Esq. LL.D., F.S.A. Scot., Trinity College, Dublin.
GEORGE HEATON, Esq. B.A., Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, Barrister-at-Law.

Barrister-at-Law.
HERBERT R. HODSON, Esq. B.A., London, Barrister-at-Law.
JOSEPH S. LAVIES, Esq. M.D., Edinburgh.
F. A. PALEY, Esq. M.A. 8t. John's College, Cambridge.
ANTHONY PECK, Esq. M.A., 8t. Catherine's College, Cambridge.
Rev. JOHN RIGAUD, B.D., Magdalen College, Oxford.
G. ALEXANDER SIMPSON, Esq. M.B., Aberdeen.

Solicitor-G. H. OLIVER, Esq., 31, King-street, Cheapside. Secretary-LOFTUS H. MARTIN, Esq., late 69th Regiment.

THE ALLIED UNIVERSITIES CLUB,

THE ALLIED OF THE PROBLEM WITH THE PROBLEM OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE PROBLEM OF THE

DROFESSOR TENNANT, F.G.S. will continue a Course of LECTURES on MINERALOGY applied to 6EOLOGY and the ARTS, at KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON, on WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 9°610ck, during FEBRUARY and MARCH, commencing JANUARY 28. Fee, il. 1s.

A Course of LECTURES on MINERALOGY and GEOLOGY will also be delivered on THURSDAY EVENINGS at 8°610ck. These begin JANUARY 27, and will be continued to Easter. Fee, il. 1s.

Professor TENNANT gives PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in Mineralogy and Geology, illustrated by a large number of Specimens, at his Residence, 149, Strand, W.C.

KING'S COLLEGE. — Mr. C. J. PLUMPTRE
Will resume his LECTURES and Practical Instruction in
PUBLIC READING and SPEAKING, on FRIDAY EVENING,
January 28th, at 8 o'clock, and will continue them every TUESNOY
and FRIDAY EVENINGS at the same hour till the close of the
Winter Session.

and FRIDAY EVENTAGS at the same hour till the close of the Winter Session. See for the Course, ending April 1, One Guinea. Private pupils and classes for instruction and practice in all the various branches of Elocution are received by Mr. Plumprag, at his residence, No. 36, Hamilton the received by Mr. Plumprag, at his residence, No. 36, Hamilton to made for the reception of oppils suffering under any Impediments of Speech, Defective Articulation, or "Clerical Sport Throat."

Arrangements are also made with Institutions, Colleges, and Schools, for a repetition of the substance of Mr. Plumprag King's College Course of Lectures, combined with practical instruction in the art of Reading Aloud, and other branches of Elocution.

Courses of Lectures, and practical instruction in Elocution, are also given by Mr. Plumprag at Ladies' Colleges and Schools, and two days in the week are devoted to receiving Ladies as Private Pupils at his Secretaries of Literary Institutions, &c., are reque ted to address all

residence.
Secretaries of Literary Institutions, &c., are reque ted to address all applications for Readings and Lectures, to Mr. Plumerars's private weidence, 39, Hamilton-terrace, St. John-wood, London, N.W.
Terms and Testimonials forwarded on application at the above address.
Foreigners instructed through the medium of Frenci.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE INSTITUTION FOR LADIES,
TUFNELL PARK, CAMDEN ROAD, LONDON.
Fee for Residents from 30d, to 60d, per annum. Payment reckoned from Entrance Governess-students received. Certificates granted.
For Pronectu-es, with list of Rev.-Patrons and Lady-Patronesses, address, Mrs. Morel, Lady-Principal at the College.

DUFFIELD HOUSE LADIES' COLLEGE, the 20th of JANUARY. Vacancies for the Daughters of Gentlemen. Fees inclusive, according to requirements. House large, and tituate in its own grounds. Liberal table, with home comforts. Professors actual for the Language and accomplishments.—For Prospectives, ppjpy to Messra. Ashdows & Talen, Handers-quiers, London.

CROOM'S HILL SCHOOL, BLACKHRATH, Dear London. Principal, Rev. T. GOODWIN, M.A. D.C.L. Ll. D.—A PROSPECTUS will be forwarded on application, in which full particulars are given respecting this shool, containing also Extract from Letters of Parents testifying to the worth of the School, 12 Pupils whereof passed the Oxford Local Examinations since 1801. Of these, as the Class Lists published by the Delegates show, very many obtained the highest honours.

PROPRIETARY COLLEGE for BLIND SONS of GENTLEMEN, WORKESTER.
President and Visitor-The Lord Bishop of Worcester.
Chairman of Council—Lord Lyttleton.
Head Master-Rev. R. H. Blair, M. A. F.R.A.S. &c.
Term commenced January 20.

ST. PETER'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.

Patrons.

LORD ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR.

This rising Proprietary School, immediately accessible from the Metropolitan Railway or the Victoria Terminus, will RE-OPEN by four Graduates of experience. Tuition Fed. Web. supported by four Graduates of experience. Tuition Fed. Web. supported Guineas per annum, divided by Three Terms. There are two Scholarships attached to the Institution, and a Whi worth Exhibition.

J. FISHER, Esq., Hon. Sec.

ST. JOHN'S-WOOD COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
Whichester-road, Adelaide-road, N.W.
This School is a few minutes' walk from the Swiss Cottage Station, and will RE-OPEN on MONDAY, January 24.
A list of successful Pupils at the Universities, Woolwich, and the Oxford and Cambridge Local Examinations forwarded on application.
FREDR, EERRIDGE, FR.G.S., FR.S. J. Head Master.

HIGHFIELD, WESTON-SUPER-MARE.—GEORGE
HEPPEL, M.A., Wrameler, assisted by a Graduate in Classical
Honours, PREPARES BOYS for the Universities, Public Schools,
and Professions. New School Buildings will be ready after the
Christmas Holidays, including a Dormitory, with separate sleeping
compartments. Terms for BUARDERS, 86.

SILWOOD HOUSE, TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—
In this Establishment, for the Education of the DAUGHTERS of Gentlemen, there are VACANCIES for Boarders.
The NEXT TERM will COMMENCE on January the 24th.
For particulars, apply to the Pursurary.

SILWOOD COTTAGE, TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

In this Establishment, for the Preparatory Education of the SONS of Gentlemen, there are VACANCIES for Boarders.

The NEXT TERM will COMMENCE on January the 24th.

For particulars, apply to the PRINCIPAL.

MORNING PREPARATORY CLASS, for the Sons of Gentlemen (exclusively), 13, SOMERSET-STREET, Portman-square. Portman-square.
The LENT TERM commenced MONDAY, January 17.

EDUCATION. — West Brompton. — The late Principal (married) of a public school, in councilon with the London University, RECEIVES PUPILS and ROADERS at his feedbacks, and Prepare for Public Schools, Universities, and successfully and Civil Service Examinations. — For terms, references, &c., address C. R., Messrs. Hatchard & Co., \$107, Floorabilly, W.

PENSIONNAT G. MEUSER, à Nyon, près Genère, Switzerland. For Prospectases, containing fall information of the Courses of In-struction given in this Establishment, with other particulars, apply to Mr. G. MIRSER, Nyon, Cannou de Vaud, Suisse.

FRANCE.—VER-AILLES MODERN SCHOOL 1 3 à 5, Rue Porte-de-Buc, Principal-Prof. Dr. Julius Brandt, Academy of Paris. The Establishment, in principle a Day School, Principal's himediate care and direction. Special classes for Civil Engineering.—For further particulars, apply to Dr. Brandt, 5, Rue Porte-de-Buc, Versalles.

DRAWING on the METHOD of DRAWING from OBJECTS.—Schools and Families attended. Twenty Lessons for 20s., in Classes.—Address Mr. Gaxpy, 14, Walbrook, E.C.

PIANOFORTE and SINGING TAUGHT by a Professor, and late Pupil of Charles E. Stephens, Esq. Schools attended by special arrangement. Evening Lessons also given.—Apply to F. SEWLI, SOCITICAT, at 147, Strand, W.C.

A LADY ARTIST gives LESSONS in Oil Painting Water-Colour and Fencil Drawing, &c. Figures, Landscapes, Still Life, &c. Schools atteriete in London and the Suburba.—Address Artist, care of Mr. Phillipson, Market-place, Kingston-on-Thames.

A LADY, a Member of the Church of England, desires a Re-engacement as RESIDENT GOVERNESS. She has had considerable experience in Tasching, and has held positions of high rust in the families to which she has lived. She is thoroughly competent to Teach the usual Branches of Englan, and the recommendation of the required.—Apply to Chaustoff England Hamilton-square, Birkenhead.

LITERARY WORK.—A LADY, writing a remarkably clear and legible hand, accustomed to Correspondence and
to the Revision and Correction of Mss., would be glad to undertake
addressed L., care of Mrs., Abaric Watts, 119, Lansdowne-road, Nottinghill, to whom reference can be made.

A LADY desires a Re-engagement as RESIDENT A GOVERNESS in a Family. Acquirements—English, French (acquired in Paris), German (North of Germany), Music, and Drawing—Address A. W., Down Lodge, Kenley, Caterham Valley, Sur. eg.

DEGREES — M.A., Ph.D., &c., in absential. —
Qualified Gentlemen desirous of proceeding to the following
Honorary Degrees, R.A., R.A., Ph.B., Ph.B., Lik R., Lik D., D.D.,
writing to L.L. Lik, Lo, St. Paul's rook. Canonbury, London. S. ReThese Degrees and Diplomas are guaranted bona fide, and they
are issued by Colleges and Universities empowered by Charter
ogrant the same. Only the applications of Authors and other dracidedly Qualified Candidates will be replied to. Unqualified Mediand
"Buy-bodies" need not trouble themselves to write, and their Personal
Applications will not be attended to.

DIED, at Bellogaime Road, Jersey, on the 12th inst., Sarah, Widow of the late Giovanni Battista Belzoni, Esq., (the well-known explorer of Egyptian Antiquities), in her eighty-eighth year.

DIED, January the 12th, at Lee, Kent, MARGARET, wife of D. N. Chambers, Publisher, London, 1870.

THE NATIONAL PICTURE of the QUEEN in Robes of Statel, size of Life, and painted by Command (from Sittings recently given at Windsor), in Commemoration of Her Majesty's 61ft to Mr. Pannor, will be EXHIBITED in MARCH.—Doctors for the ENGRAYING from it received by Messrs. Dickinson, Publishers to the Queen, 14t, New Bond-street, W.

HAMLET.—ST. GEORGE'S HALL, Langhamplace, Regent-street.—This hall will be OPENED as PRIDAY. February 4, for a SERIES of BRADINGS, OPENED as PRIDAY. February 5, for a SERIES of BRADINGS, OPENED as PRIDAY. February 6, for a SERIES of BRADINGS, OPENED as PRIDAY. SELLEW, on the Evenings of Monday. Wetnesdays, Pridays, and the Saturday Afternoons. Mr. Bellew's Readings will commence with a Selection of the most important Seenes from Shakspeare's Tragedy of 'HAMLET' It has been determined to give to the Series at St. George's Hall heightened attraction, by the introduction of Soenery, and by making use of all the Artistic Appliances of which the stage admits, in order to illustrate the language and realize to the audience the conceptions of Shakspeare. The various characters will be fully given in future Announcements.—G. REXVES SMITH, Manager, St. George's Hall.

OLD BOND STREET GALLERY—SPRING
EXHIBITION. The Dates for taking in Pictures are fixed for
the 28th and 29th of January.—All particulars can be obtained on
application to the Hon. Sees. at the Galler, CHESTER,
G. F. CHESTER,
J. W. BENSON, Hon. Sees.

NOTICE, — LICHTDRUCK, — Mr. JESSEN, of the ALLEMANNIA OFFICES, BRADFORD, Sole Agent of Mesure, of the LICHTDRUCK PROCESS, invites Partial & GROSSMAN for the LICHTDRUCK PROCESS, invites Partial & GROSSMAN for the Conference already promised on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on a TRIP to BERLIN, by about the 28th of January mextensived on the 18th of

MARRIED CLERGYMAN, Vicar of the Parish, a Member of the Cambridge University, assisted by a first-class University Tutor, well experienced in Tuttion, desires to meet with Two or Three PUPILS to educate with his own Sons. Thirty-six miles from town; neighbourhood healthy; house and grounds large. Terms inclusive, 70 guineas.—Address J. T., Mr. Boardman's, North-etreet, Bishop's Stortford, Herts.

N OXFORD MAN desires the post of PRIVATE SECRETARY, for two or three months or more, to a Nobleman ntieman.—For particulars, &c. apply to Y. Z., Post-office, Jermyn-t, St. James's, London, & W.

A MARRIED GRADUATE in Classical Honours A of Oxford, for some years a successful Master in a large Public School, and retaining his post, would prefer work in London or, possibly, elsewhere. —F. Anson, Post-office, Disley, Stockport.

BRITISH MUSEUM LIBRARY.—Researches,
Copies, Extracts, Translations, &c. from the Works of the above
carefully executed on reasonable terms.—Address, Hannis, 27, Compton-street, Goswell-road, London.

LITERARY EMPLOYMENT.—A Gentleman
of liberal education, competent to assist the Author of a Book,
Correct Proofs, &c., and who writes a rapid and plain hand, may secure
an ENGAGEMENT for two or three months in Fair—Address full
particularly in the competence of the

A MASTER, of many years' experience in Grammar Schools, and Undergraduate of a University, is desirons of obtaining an EDUCATIONAL or other APPOINTMENT. Understands Latin, French, and all the ordinary Branches of Education, and can give the highest references and credentials.—Address M. F., care of Mr. Sted, 4, Spring-gradues, London, St.

ITERARY.—A competent CRITIC, well acquainted with general English Literature, wishes for AN ENGAGEMENT to Review Works for a respectable Nowspaper or other Periodical, or to write Essays, Leaders, Pales, &c.—Address "W. N." Messre, Cavell & Drysdale, 5, Giray's Inn-place, W.C.

TURF ARTICLES. — A Gentleman on the Staff of one of the Leading Sporting Journals, can supply Proprietors of Country Newspapers with Leading Articles containing the very best Information at a small charge.—Address, Mr. Swinsburne, 160, Downham-road, London, N.

PRESS.—A Gentleman accustomed to Write for the Press can supply one or two Leading Articles Weekly to any Liberal Journal.—Address W. B., care of James N. M'Lean, Esq., 196, St. Augustine-road, Camden-square.

THE PRESS.—A Competent JUNIOR REPORTER WANTED. He should take a good verbatim Note, have some descriptive aptitude, and be quick at setting dut news for an EVENING PAPER. A knowledge of Freigh desirable, and a willingness to assist in proof-residue, in trace of the combined design are light. Adoctiver till Salary required, to the Manaues, British Press and Jersey Times, St. Heller's, Jersey.

THE PRESS.—WANTED, about May next, an ENGAGEMENT by an experienced (vertealing REPORTER and RUB-EDITOR. Could undertake the management of a Provincial Wesley Novasset Address B. A.C., Descond, Leadenhall-street.

CASSELL'S ART-UNION, for the diasomiration of FINE ART VOLUMES. There will be Norman Street Subscriber will Receive a Prize of the full value of his Comes feels which the subscriber will have the chance of saturing instead of our of the prizes, which will be distributed in the modern distributed with the chance of saturing instead of our of the prizes, which will be distributed in the modern distributed of the prizes which will be distributed in the modern distributed of the saturation of the prize will be subscribed in the saturation of the satu

INTERVAL between SCHOOL and COLLEGE. The Rev. JAMES RUMSEY, M.A., Pembroke College, late Vice-Principal St. Edmund Hall, receives THREE PUPILS for OXFORD MATRICULATION.—Address Pembroke College, Oxford.

LITERARY ASSISTANCE WANTED in pre-paring Educational Articles and Reviews (chiefly Classical).— Address, with Specimens, stating University Degree, if any, A.B., Hawtin & Sons, 26, Paternoster-row.

TONOBLEMEN, MEMBERS of PARLIAMENT and Others—An OXFORD GRADUATE wants a PRIVATE SECRETARY-HIP.—Address Y. Z., De Knock's Library, 5, Clifton-road, Maida-hill, W.

TO NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS.—A Gentle man, of considerable experience in Provincial Newspaper man-nement, will shortly be open to a RE-ENGAGEMENT. In political Liberal, could undertake Editorship and practical management. Has been twelve years where now engaged, and satisfactory reasons can be given for leaving. References of the highest character.—Address Cicaso, care of Mr. J. M. Powell, 3, Bouverie-street, Fleet-street, London.

NEWSPAPER PROPERTY.—The Proprietor of a Weekly Newspaper, with very large circulation, is desirous of meeting with a Gentleman who will invest about 1,300t. Letters from Principals only, containing appointment, will receive attention.—Address "Priss," care of Messrs. Eldred & Andrew, 8, Great Jamesteret, Bedford-row.

PROVINCIAL DAILY NEWSPAPER for SALE Circulation, nearly 29,000 a week. Advertigements average between 50d, and 60d a week. Politics, Conservative, First-class Plant, with recyr requisite for producing the Paper. Rent and expenses light. About 2,000d, required.—For particulars apply to HOLDEN, Agent for the Sale of Literary Property, 48, Paternoster-row.

TO PARENTS and GUARDIANS.—The Editor of a High-class Weekly Provincial Journal is willing to take a well-educated youth as PUPIL (in-doors), to teach him Shorthand and the Practical Routine of the various branches of Newspaper Work. References given and required.—Address E. R. A., care of C. Mitchell & Co., 18-18, Red Lion-court, Fleet-street, E.C.

OCCASIONAL LIBRARIAN.—Private Libraries and those of Literary and Scientific Institutions, Catalogued and Arranged by H. Samuel. Baynes, of great experience in the Profession. Reference may be made to Mr. Litty, Bookseller, If and 18, New street, Covent-garden.—Address 28, Gloucester-street, Queen-square, W.C.

TO AUTHORS AND OTHERS.—TRANSLATION from FRENCH and GERMAN. Revision of MSS., or Proofs, or other LITERAUX EMPLOYMENT required.—Address A. F. K., Deacon's Advertising Office, Leadenhall-street, London.

PUBLISHER.-WANTED for the EUROPEAN MAIL. Must be a Practical Printer.—Apply by letter only, stating full London, E.C.

AN OPPORTUNITY offers for joining in the Publication of an EVENING PAPER of Conservative principles in a large town in the West of England. Capital required, about 3,0004. The Plant is complete, and there is a soud Jobbing Business attached.—Address B., Eox 11g, Post-office, Britslol.

MAGAZINE or OTHER COPYRIGHT WANT ED. Particulars, by Letter, sum wanted, circulation, and amount of Advertisements, to A. C., Mr. Myhill, Bookbinder, Middlestreet, West Smithfield.

PUBLISHER WANTED for a New LITERARY ORGAN.—A perfect knowledge of the Book Trade and a connexion amongst Publishers indispensable.—Apply by letter, giving full particulars, to 0. P., Cowie & Co., z. St. Ann. 3-lang, E.C.

COLLEGES and SCHOOLS supplied with STA TIONERY, BOOKS, MAPS, GLOBES, and all SCHOOL RE-QUISITES, on the most advantageous terms, by EDWARD STAN-FORD, 6 and 7, Charing Cross, London, S.W., whose Fried List of Books, &c., can be had on application.

POOKSELLING and STATIONERY BUSINESS for SALE in one of the largest cities in the Kingdom. Return ctween 4,000l. and 5,000l. a year. All at a Valuation, 2,000l. to 3,000l. astablished 25 years. Splendid Premises. The trade is capable of eing very much increased.—For particulars apply to Mr. Holms, I Paternoster-tow.

DUBLISHING OFFICE and Two or THREE ROOMS, for use of Editors, WANTED, for an old-established high-class Weekly Faper, or would share with another paper no published on the same day.—Full particulars to be sent to Cosmo, care of Messrs. Dawson & Sons, 121, Cannon-street, City, E.C.

MR. COLLIER, till recently of the firm of Gutch & Co., Booksellers, Stationers, &c., Southampton, is open to treat for a Position of Trust and Responsibility in the Trade.—Address 8, Bridge-road, Southampton.

CHEAP BOOKS on SALE by A. IRVING, 29, UPPER MANOR-STREET, CHELSEA. S.W. — Miscellancous, Antiquarian, Eurly-Printed Works. Lists will be sent to applicants on receipt of address and stamp.

CHEAP BOOKS at BULL'S LIBRARY.—
SURPLUS COPIES of Baron Bunsen's 'Life,' Kinglake's 'Crimea,' vols. 3 and 4.—Dean Milman's 'St Paul's,'—Trench's 'Irish Life,' and many other Books, are now ON SALE at greatly reduced prices. Catalogues gratis.—Bull's Library, 3, Wigmore-street, Cavendish-square, W.

POOKS, SECOND-HAND.—A CATALOGUE of 6,000 BOOKS, Ancient and Modern, collected from Private Libraries, and comprising many desirable works not elsewhere to be obtained, early post free for two stamps.—HENNY SECG, 32, Henrietta-

OCCASIONAL FAC-SIMILE REPRINTS
OF RARE AND CURIOUS TRACTS.
(Limited to 100 Copies of each.)
Prospectuses sent on application to Mr. E. W. ASHBEE, 17, Mornington-crescent, London, S.W.

MONOGRAMS. — The STATIONERY COM-PANY'S CATALOGUE and SPECIMENS of MONOGRAMS and Cheap STATIONERY, post free.—British and Foreign Stationery Company, 8, 10 and 12, Garrick-street, Coront-graden, Loudon.

TO BE SOLD.—A Small OBSERVATORY Troughton & Simms.—Apply for particulars and cards to view to Messrs. Tancountrox & Simms, Fleet-Sirect.

ENTIRELY NEW CLEARANCE LIST. The DIRECTORS of the

NEW LIBRARY COMPANY

Have published an entirely NEW CLEARANCE LIST, in which they
have offered more than

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND VOLUMES OF STANDARD and OTHER WORKS At marvellously Low Prices, in order to effect a Clearance.

Copies of the New List can be obtained on application to the Secretary, 69, WELBECK-STREET, Cavendish-square, London, W.

100,000 VOLUMES of STANDARD and other BOOKS

TO BE SOLD at exceedingly Low Prices. For List of Prices, apply to the Secretary of the

NEW LIBRARY COMPANY,

68, WELBECK-STREET, Cavendish-square, London, W.

100 VOLUMES of BOOKS Of recent dates for 2L 10s. Apply to the Secretary of the NEW LIBRARY COMPANY.

ENTIRELY NEW CLEARANCE LIST.

. 100,000 VOLUMES must be cleared in consequence of the Transfer of the Business of the NEW LIBRARY COMPANY.

NEW LIBRARY COMPANY.

LIBRARY DEPARTMENT.

Subscriptions from 10s. 6d. per annum upward can commence at any date. All the Newest Books added to the Library as soon as they appear.

For particulars, apply to the Secretary,
68, WELBECK-STREET, Cavendish-square, London, W.

NEW LIBRARY COMPANY.

NEW CARRIAGE PREE TERMS.

CARRIAGE PAID TO and FRO. Apply to the Secretary.

68, WELBECK-STREET, Cavendish-square, London, W.

TOWN and COUNTRY BOOK SOCIETY, established in 1865 for the purpose of supplying the Current Literature of the Day at Trade Prices. Chief Office-17, FOLAND-STREET, Oxford street, London.

LL the NEWEST BOOKS, as they are issued A From the Press, at 25 per cent. off the Published Price, with a few exceptions, can be obtained from the TOWN and COUNTRY BOOK SOUIETY.

THREEPENCE in the SHILLING ALLOWED OFF all BOOKS, with few exceptions, as they are issued from

TOWN and COUNTRY BOOK SOCIETY. For Terms and full Particulars, apply to the Secretary of the Town and Country Book Society, 17, Poland-street, Oxford-street, London, W.

LONDON LIBRARY, 12, St. James's-square, LONDON.-Founded in 1841. Patron-H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES. President-THE BARL OF CLARENDON.

The following are the terms of admission to this Library, which con-ins 85,000 Volumes of Ancient and Modern Literature, in various

tains 85,000 Volumes of Allerent and Languages. Subscription, 3l. a year, or 2l., with Entrance fee of 6l.; Life Mem-Subscription, 3l. a year, or 2l., with Entrance fee of 6l.; Life Mem-Subscription, 3t. a year, or xt., with Editate the bership, 28d.
Fifteen Volumes are allowed to Country, and Ten to Town Members.
Reading-room open from Ten to half-past Six.
Prospectus on application. Cayalogue (New Edition), price 15s.; to Members, 10s. 8d.
ROBERT HARRISON, Secretary and Librarian.

NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, COPY-RIGHTS, &c., Valued for Transfer, and Sales effected pri-valely, by Mr. Holmes, Valuer of Literary Property, and Valuer and Accountant to the Trade, 48, Paternoster-row.

PARGAIN.—Very Popular LECTURE on HERALDRY, illustrated by Hunfreds of beautifully-painted Diagrams, for Twenty Guineas (worth 801.)—Address Messrs. Seron & MACKENZIE, Edinburgh.

BARTHES & LOWELL'S NEW CATALOGUE D (No. 14, for January, 1870) of Cheap, Second-hand Foreign Works, in all Departments of Literature, in good Library Condition.
Barthès & Lowell, Foreign Booksellere, 14, Great Mariborough-street, London. W.

HORTHAND.—PITMAN'S PHONO-GRAPHY.—Phonography is taught in Class, at 7s. 6d.; or Private Instruction given, personally or by post, for 11. 1s., the Com-plete Course of Lessons. Schools, Colleges, and Public Institutions attended.

London : 20, Paternoster-row, E.C.

CRAND HOTEL, SCARBOROUGH. — The finest Marine situation, largest Hotel, and best accommodation in the Kingdom. The interior is kept at a temperature of 55° to 60° Fabr.

Terms—Board and Lodging from \$1.22. per Week, from December 1 to June 30.

JOHN BOURNE & CO., Engineers, Ship-builders, and Contractors, 86, MARK-LANE, London, E.C.— Edwards and Prices on application. Mr. Bourne's Works on the Steam-Engine, &c. also supplied.

TWOPENCE in the SHILLING allowed OFF BOOKS for Ready Cash.—MANN NEPHEWS, 39, Cornhill, Booksellers and Bookbinders.

Just Published,

Just Published,

CATALOGUE of a most Interesting Collection
of RARE and CURIOUS BOOKS, especially rich in Early
English Literature, including an Extensive Collection of Search and
Curious Quarto Plays, Pageants and Masques—Beautifully Illuminated
Curious Quarto Plays, Pageants and Masques—Beautifully Illuminated
Manuscripts on velturs—a most splendid Persian Manuscript of the
Shah Nameh, of Firdousee, containing 95 beautiful Paintings, and a
vulume, in folio, containing numerous Poems and Letters in the handwriting of the great Italian Poet, Torquato Tasso; with an Appendix
of vialuable Books and Topographical Works extensively Illustrated,
of vialuable Books and Topographical Works extensively Illustrated,
street, and 5a, Garrick-street, Covent-garden, London.

2. \* This way confociely the Catalogue (Catalogue, Catalogue, Catalogue,

\*.\* This very curious Catalogue (8vo. 76 pp.), interspersed with Bibliographical Notes, will be forwarded on the receipt of six postage-

DEBENTURES at 5, 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\), and 6 per Cent.—

Subscribed Capital, \$2750,000.

The Directors are prepared to issue Debentures on the following terms, viz.:—For one year, at 5 per cent.; for three years, at 5 is and for six years and upwards at 6 per cent. per annun. Interest payable half-yearly by cheque, or by coupons attached to the bonds, as may be desired.

desired.
Applications for particulars to be made at the Office of the Company, Palmerston-buildings, Old Broad-street, London.
By order,
R. A. CAMERON, Secretary.

Sales by Auction

Miscellaneous and Scientific Apparatus.

M. J. C. STEVENS will SELL by AUCTION, at his Great Rooms, 38, King-street, Covent-garden, on FRIDAY, January 28, at half-past 12 precisely, CAMERAS and LENSES, and other Photographic Apparatus—Dissolving View Lanterns and Slides, Microscopes, and a choice collection of Objects, the property of the late R. WARRINGTON, Eq., F.R.S., also Musical Foxes, Electrical and Galvanic Apparatus, and a variety of Miscellaneous Articles.

On view the morning of Sale, and Catalogues had

The Valuable Libraries of the late Baron Cranstown, the late Toulmin Smith, Esq., the late Rev. William Sturrock, and others. MESSRS.

MESSRS.

OTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE, Auctioneers of Literary Property and Works illustrative of the Fine Arts, will SELL by AUCTION, at their House, No. 13, Wellington-street, Strand, W.C. on FRIDAY, January 21, and Five following Days, at 1 o'clock precisely, the VALUABLE LIBRARY of the late JAMES EDMUND BARON CRASTOUN, consisting for the most part of the Collection of Richard Barré Dunning, Baron Ashburton—Fortion of Rechard Barré Dunning, Baron Ashburton—Fortion of Rechard Barré Dunning, Baron Ashburton—Fortion of the Late Rev. David Jenks; to which is added the Theological, Classical, and Miscellaneous Library of the late Rev. William Sturrock, Chaplain in the Bengal Establishment; the whole comprising valuable Works in Theology—Versions of the Holy Scriptures, including Walton's Folyslott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with Castell's Lexicon—Works of the Fathers of the Church-glott, with C

May be viewed two days prior. Catalogues may be had; if by post, on receipt of six stamps.

A Small but Choice Collection of Engravings, consigned from Abroad. MESSRS.

OTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE, Auctioneers of Literary Property and Works illustrative of the Fine Arts, Will St. Lib. by AUCTION, at their House, No. 13, Weslington-errest, Strand, W. Lib. by AUCTION, at their House, No. 13, Weslington-errest, Strand, W. Lib. by AUCTION, at their House, No. 13, Weslington-errest, Strand, W. Lib. by AUCTION of ENGRAVINGS, consigned from Abroad; comprising fine works of the following eminent Masters—

Anderloni Bervic Garavaglia Hollar Raimondi (M. Antonio) Schiavoni Campagnola Lucus van Leyden Campagnola Lought Desnoyers Morphen (R.)

Nantenii Vandyck

Felsing Garavaglia Rembrandt Raimondf (M. Antonio) Flollar Lucas van Leyden Lucas van Leyden Nanteuil Vandyek Perfetti schlidies experiete set of Ch

Desnoyers Morghen (R.) Vandyck
Durer (A.) Ferfetti
and other artists of celebrity, including a complete set of Choice
Proofs, with Remark, of the Correggio Frescoes, by Toschi.
May be viewed two days prior. Catalogues may be had; if by post, on receipt of two stamps.

Bibliotheca Typographica in the choicest condition.

MESSES.

SOTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE, Auctioneers COTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE, Auctioneers of Literary Properly and Works illustrative of the Fine Arts, and The Comments of the Fine Arts, and the Comments of the Fine Arts, strand, W.C., on MONDAY, February 7, and three following Days, at 1 o'clock precisely, a BIBLIOTHECA TYPOGRAPHICA, in the hoisest condition; comprising one of the most valuable Collections ever offered for Sale of Books illustrating the History of Printing from its Invention, collected during the last Thirty Years with the History of Printing Comments of the Control of th

Bibliotheca Biblica.

MESSRS.

MESSRS.

OTHEBY, WILKINSON & HODGE, Auctioneers of Literary Property and Works illustrative of the Fine Arts will SELL by AUCTION, at their House, No. 13, Wellingston-street, Strand, W.C., on FRIDAY. February 11, and following Day, at 1 o'clock precisely, the Valuable and Important LiBRARY of JAMES DIX. Esq., of Bristol; comprising an Extraordinary Collection of Rare English Biblies and detached a statute—Four Scripture Works by Welffe, issued for the Common People, and now presumed to be perfectly unique, &c.
May be viewed two days prior. Catalogues may be had; if by post, on receipt of four stamps.

Stock of Prints of the late Mr. VICTOR DE LA RUE, of

MESSRS, PUTTICK & SIMPSON will SELL M ESSIGN.

TUES by AUCTION, at their House, 47, Leicester-square, W.C., on TUESDAY, January 28, the STOCK of PRINTS of the late Mr. VICTOR DE LA RUE, comprising many Thousand Engravings and Lithographs, some finely Coloured, Serap Prints, Pancy Subjects, Drawing Studies—Be la Rue's Drawing Book, 4,000 Numbers—Large Collection of Popular Photographs, some finely Coloured. Catalogues sent on application.

Engravings, Water-Colour Drawings, Valuable Paintings, &c. Engravings, Water-Colour Drawings, Valuable Paintings, &c.

MESSRS. PUTTICK & SIMPSON will SELL by
AUCTION, at their House, 47. Leicester-equare, W.C., on
WEDESDAY, January 26, a COLLECTION of ENGRAVINGS
of the ENGLISH and POREIGN SCHOOLS, both Ancient and
Article, framed and in the Fortfolio-Valuable Paintings by Olliand
Modern Masters, including several capital Specimens in genuine state,
by Morland, Teniers, Gaudier, Paton, A. Dürer, Phillip, Armfield and
others—A few Miscellaneous Articles, do

Music and Instruments.—January Sale.

MESSRS. PUTTICK & SIMPSON will SELL by AUCTION, at their House, 47, Leicester-square, W.C., on MUSIC of every Class; also numerous MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS — a nearly New Seven-octave Concert Grand Planoforte by Broadwood, in fine Italian Walnut-wood, and other important Instruments, Wind and Stringed. Catalogues are in the press.

Modern Books in Cloth and Quires, Stereotype Plates, 270 Reams of Printing Double and Quadruple Footscap, &c.

MESSES, HODGSON will SELL by AUCTION

Miscellaneous Books—the Library of the late Dr. W. STEVENS, of Great Malvern, &c.—Five Days' Sale.

MESSRS. HODGSON will SELL by AUCTION At their Rooms, IIS, Chancery Lane, W.C., on THURSDAY, February 3, and four following Days (Saturday and Sunday excepted), at 1 o'clock, a Large OulLECTION of BOURS, including the ZIBRARY of the late Dr. W. STEVENS, of Great Malvern, and a Clersyman's Library from the West of Eugland: comprising Surtees's Elementary of the Library from the West of Eugland: comprising Surtees's Elirist and Quadrupeds, 3 vols. large paper—Bentham's Ely Cathedrat, Camden Society's Publications, 47 vols.—Bridgewater Treaties, 12 vols.—Beaumont and Fletcher's Works, by Weber, 14 vols.—Standard Historical Works, Ancient and Modern Theology, Valuable English and Foreign Works on Medicine, Anatomy, Physiology, &c.

Catalogues are preparing.

THE QUARTERLY REVIEW, No. 255, is Published THIS DAY.

Contents.

I Mr. TENNYSON'S HOLV GRAIL.

II. LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.
III. Mr. LECKY'S HISTORY OF EUROPEAN MORALS.

IV. The LAND QUESTION in FRANCE. V. ERA of GEORGE the SECOND

VI. NEW ZEALAND and OUR COLONIAL EMPIRE.

VII. PAPAL INFALLIBILITY.
VIII. MISS AUSTEN and MISS MITFORD.
X. The BYRON MYSTERY—Mrs. Stowe's Vindication.

X. The IRISH CAULDRON.

John Murray, Albemarle-street.

THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, the 22nd inst.

nd inst.

Contents.

I. BABYLONIAN AND ASSYRIAN LIBRARIES.

II. SWIFT.

II. SWIFT.

HII. THE ORIGIN OF AMERICAN STATE RIGHTS.

IV. AUTOBIOGRAPHIES.

V. DECENTRALIZATION IN FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

VI. HISTORY OF IRISH LAND TENURES

VII. THE REPENTANCE OF THE TORY PARTY.

VIII. CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE.
London: Published for Edmonston & Douglas, by Williams & Norgate,
Henrietta-street, Covent-garden.

C O L B U R N'S NEW MONTHLY

MAGAZINE.

Edited by WILLIAM HARRISON AINSWORTH.

Contents for FEBRUARY. No. DXC. STRONGER THAN DEATH.

By M. SULLIVAN. Chaps. VI. VII. VIII. and IX.

Chaps. VI. VII. vIII. and IX.

A Novella of Count Carlo Gozzi. Paraphrased by Father Tristram. Tea-Table Talk. By Pele Mele.
The Flower of the Kuins. By R. S. Faber.
The Two Officers. Part XII.
Thackeray and Sterne. "The Man Sterne." By William Mackay Epaminendas Sparkes.
Vale and City.
The Worship of the Beautiful. By Nicholas Michell.
Steggall's Jeanne d'Arc.
Lat'y Bloom of Arc.
Lat'y Bloom of Arc.
Lat'y Grant and the Dragon. By William Sidney Gibson.
St. Goorge and the Dragon. By William Sidney Gibson. London : Adams & Francis, 59, Fleet-street.

On the 27th inst, price One Shilling,
TEMPLE BAR, FOR FEBRUARY.

RED AS A ROSE IS SHE. By the Author of 'Cometh up as a Flower.' Chapters XXXVIII. to XL.

Plower. Chapters XXXVIII. to XL.
2. ALEXANDRINE TINNÉ.
3. MISS ELLIS'S SECRET.
4. WINTER AT THE SEASIDE.
5. GOLD DIGGER'S STORY. By Lady Georgiana Fullerton.
6. The CRUELTY of SPORTSMEN.

7. WALPURGA'S NIGHT.

7. WALPURGAS NIGHT.

8. A RACE for a WIFE.
Chap. IV. The First Turn of the Screw.
V. Maude in Trouble.
VI. An Appeal for Help.
VII. Gutta cavat lapidem.

Richard Bentley, New Burlington-street.

Price Sixpence.

Price Sixpence.

T H E G A R D E N E R,

TURE Edited by WILLIAM THO-MSON, Dalketh Gardens, Na
A Monthly Magazine of HORTICULTURE and FLORICUL
TURE. Edited by WILLIAM THO-MSON, Dalketh Gardens, Na
Author of a 'Practical Treatise on the Culture of the Grape Vine,'
&c., and RICHARD DEAM, Ealing.

Yearly Subscription 69.; or free by post 78.

William Blackwood & Sons, 37. Paternoster-row, London.

Sold by all Booksellers.

THE CHEMICAL NEWS and JOURNAL of PHYSICAL SCIENCE. Edited by WILLIAM CROOKES, F.R.S. &c.

Price 4d. Weekly,
No. 530, published This Day, contains:-

Notes from the Laboratory of a Sugar Refinery—Analysis and Composition of Chemical Manufacturing Products—Analysis and Composition of Chemical Manufacturing Products—Analysing Silicates that do not Gelutinize with Hydrogen Choride—Pluoride of Silver—Action of Hydrochloric Acid upon Nitrobenzol—Preparation of Anlitne-red without Aresule—Discovery of Coals in Algeria and Turkey—Estimation of Saliphur and Gypsum in Animal Charcoal—Gas for Heating purposes—Thymol, a New Disinfectant—Instantaneous Production of Artificial Precious Ntones—Eccr. Yeast as a Manure—Artificial Forphry—Notes and Queries, &c. 6.0. London: Henry Gillman, Boy court, Ludgate-bill, E.C. Manchester: J. Heywood. Edinburgh: Maclachlan & Stewart.

Price 6d. unstamped : 7d. stamped.

THE GRAPHIC, for JANUARY 22, contains the

PORTRAIT of PRINCE PIERRE BONAPARTE.

Ditto VICTOR NOIR.
SKETCH of the HOUSE at AUTEUIL.

PRINCE PIERRE BONAPARTE'S DRAWING-ROOM. SCENE at the FUNERAL of VICTOR NOIR. THE WRECK OFF SWANSEA

BRIGHTON.
PORTRAIT of the late LORD DERBY.

LE MUEZZIN, by GÉROME.

SHRIMPERS.

THE OLD STAR and GARTER.
THE FIRE at the STAR and GARTER.
PORTRAIT of GENERAL SIR DE LACY EVANS. PARIS FASHIONS.

And CRITICISMS on all the NEWS of the WEEK.

\*\*\* The GRAPHIC is also published in Parts, containing Six Numbers, price 2s. 6d. No. I. now ready.

THE GRAPHIC PORTFOLIO,

For holding Six Numbers, price 2s. 6d., can be obtained at the Office, 190, Strand, W.C.

THE GRAPHIC. — NOTICE. — Owing to the continued large demand for the Back Numbers of the GRAPHIC there is now being reprinted, and Subscribers will be able to Complete their Numbers in a few days.—150, Strand, W.C.

M A C M I L L A N'S M A G A Z I N E,

1. A BRAVE LADY. By the Author of 'John Halifax, Gentlemen.

2. Canon Westcott on 'CATHEDRAL WORK.' (Concluded).
3. VALENTINIANA. By Mr. Marwood Tucker, jun.
4. The TRANSLATION of FAITH.

5. ESTELLE RUSSELL. Chapters 9-53.
6. A SPORTSMAN'S APOLOGY. By W.
7. MARY RUSSELL MITFORD. By the Author of 'Mary Fowell.'
8. Miss Agnes Harrison's 'An ARK by the RIVER-SIDE.'

8. Miss Agnes Harras.
9. APOSTOLICÆ SEDIS,
Macmillan & Co. London.

HIGH-CLASS DAILY PAPER FOR SCOTLAND. THE DAILY EXPRESS. Price One Penny. Delivered throughout Scotland by First Morning Mails. Head Offi. e, Glasgow: and Branches in the principal Towns of the North. Best Advertising Medium in Scotland.

Now ready, price 4d.

THE JOURNAL of APPLIED SCIENCE: a Monthly Newspaper devoted to Art, Agriculture, Chemistry, Commerce, Construction, Domestic Economy, Engineering, Mauricatures, Asvigation, Natural History, Technical Education, Telegraphy, &c. Edited by P. L. Simmonds.

Advertisements, Subscriptions, and all Communications to be adversed to the Publishers, Hailes & Co., 6, Wardrobe-place, Doctors'

SCHOLASTIC.—Principals of Schools should see the EUROPEAN MAIL, the great Anglo-Colonial Newspaper. Eight special and separate Editions for the various parts of the World, including Australia, Brasil, Buenos Ayres, Camadian Dominion, Copo of Good Hope, Ceylon, China, Demerara. India, Nata, New Zealand, United States, West Indies, &c.—Specimen-Paper Forwarded free by post on application to the Office of the EUROPEAN MAIL, Colonial Buildings, 44a, Cannon-street, London.

NOTICE.—Sixpence Monthly, MRS. HENRY WOOD'S Magazine H E A R

Now ready, the JANUARY Number of the ARGOSY MAGAZINE, containing the opening chapters of 'BESSY RANE,' a new Illustrated Serial Story by the Author of 'East Lynne.'

"The Argosy' is the best magazine of light literature we have seen."

Portsmouth Times.

"The Argosy is qual to any shilling magazine."—Clare Journal.

"The Argosy' is equal to any shilling magazine."—Clare Journal.

"We do not wonder that "The Argosy' holds its own."—Queen.

"The Argosy' is one of the narvels of the day."—London Scotsman.
"The Argosy' has a very remarkable contributor in Johny Ludlow
is papers possess some of the finest humour and pathos, some of the deepest insight into human nature we have met with for many years.

Spectator.

"The Argosy' is a complete fount of amusement."

Brighton Gasette.

Sixpence, Monthly.

NEW ASSIZE COURTS.—THE BUILDER of THIS WEEK contains Views and Plans of the DURHAM SSIZE COURTS—a Portrait of Mr. Joseph Cubitt, Engineer of fackfriars Eridge-Continental Schools of Architecture, the Ghibertites—Examples for the Workshops—Architectural Engineering, and her Papers—Art News and Sanitary Progress—1, York-street, Coventries, W.C., and all Newsmen.

A New Edition, Enlarged, being the Sixth, price 5s.

A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the CULTIGardener to His Grace the Duke of Buceluch, K.G. &c., Dalkeith
"Those who have not yet consulted No. 75. Park, Sociland.

"Those who have not yet consulted Mr. Thomson's book may do so with the full confidence that the lessons they are taught will be those of a master."—Gardeners' Chronicle.

"We cannot too strongly recommend Mr. Thomson's treatise as a thoroughly practical and sure guide to the cultivation of the vine." Journal of Horticulture.

William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

Just published, crown 8vo, price 7s. 6d.

BOOK ABOUT ROSES: How to Grow and Show Them. By S. REYNOLDS HOLE, Author of 'A Little in Ireland.'

Tour in Ireland.

OPINIONS OF THE FLORICULTURAL PRESS.

"Such a man ought to bare something worth hearing to say to those who love the rose, and he has said it."—Girdleners' Chronicle.

"All who love roses will clutch at the book, and read nothing clse until they have finished it."—Girdleners' Magazine.

"A treat which the control of the book, which we contend the control of the

In crown 8vo. price 7s. 6d. HANDY BOOK of the FLOWER GARDEN; ANDY BOOK of the FLOWER GARDEN;

being Plain Practical Directions for the Propagation, Culture and Armagement of Plants in Proceedidess all the Yar Gulture and Proceedidess and and Proceed

William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

Just published, crown 8vo. cloth, 2s. 6d.

THE RELATION of LANGUAGE to THOUGHT.

By WM. ROSCOE BURGESS, M.A., Vicar of Christehurch,
Latchford.

"I have attempted to indicate the natural adaptation by which
language as an instrament is brought to bear upon thought as a material, by noting the complete correspondence of the two ultimate clanguage and complete correspondence of the two ultimate clanguage and departments of thought, clanguage that we have a support of the complete correspondence of the two ultimates clanguage and departments of thought, clanguage and complete correspondence of the complete correspondence of the

ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY.

THE MEMOIRS of the ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY. Vol. XXXVII. Part I. 10 Plates, 4to, 10s.

MONTHLY NOTICES, Vol. XXXIX, 8vo. 4s,
Williams & Norgate, 14, Henrietts-street, Covent-garden, London;
and 29, South Frederick-street, Edinburgh.

Crown 8vo. toned paper, gilt edges, price 7s. 6d.

OVIND: a Story of Norwegian Country Life. By BJORNSTJERNE BJORNSON. Translated by S. and E.

O BJORNSTJERGE BOULDAND.

"It is a thorough pastoral, just such, but that it is in prose, as Theoretise could write when he chose."—Spectator.

"There is about it a delightful freshness."—Attheorems.

"Not great with ponderous thoughts, but running over with exquisite poetry, suggesting new worlds of beauty lying under everyday things."—Border Advertiser.

London: Simpkin, Marshall & Co.

This day is published, price 1s. THE DRY EARTH SYSTEM. By H. J. and J. W. Girdlestone, Civil Engineers.
London: E. & F. N. Spon, 48, Charing-cross.

In large crown 8vo. 7s. 6 !. cloth extra, LOUDON'S

A MATEUR GARDENER'S CALENDAR, being Guide as to what should be avoided as well as what should be a gurden each month. With numerous original Illustrations. entirely re-written to present date by WILLIAM ROBINSON, F.L.S.,
Author of 'Gleanings from French Gardens,' &c.
Frederick Warne & Co. Bedford-street, Covent-garden.

Frederick Warne & Co. Bedford-street, Covent-garden.

In I thick vol. the Thirteenth Edition, price 16s.

MODERN DOMESTIC MEDICINE. Describing the Symptoms, Causes, and correct Treatment of Diseases, with a large Collection of approved Prescriptions, &c. Forming Comprehensive Medical Guide for the Clargy, Ramilles, Businants, &c. Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh.

"Popular works have been published by several medical practition—such the near the property of the College of Physicians of Edinburgh.

"Far excelling every publication of its class." —British Standard.

London: Published by Simphin, Marshall & Co.

Sold by all Booksellers.

ers, eet, at

Arts reet, at

#### SERIES OF SCHOOL NEW MAPS.

Edited by the Rev. S. CLARK, M.A. F.R.G.S.

DRAWN AND ENGRAVED FOR

The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge,

AND

The National Society for Promoting the Education of the Poor.

Several of the Maps in this Series have also been Selected by the Commissioners of NATIONAL EDUCATION, IRELAND, for Use in their Schools.

THIS NEW SERIES OF LARGE SCHOOL MAPS has been prepared at a great expense, and constructed upon the principle of combining the bold outline and lettering requisite for teaching, with the geographical accuracy, systematic arrangement, and finish, of superior Maps. The descriptions in the following list enter into the details explaining the application of the principle, the object of which is to qualify the young for the study of superior maps, and to instruct them by works similar in excellence to the best maps, although of a bolder character. Coarse and inaccurate maps may suffice for some purposes; but those prepared for the young, should at least preserve as close a relation as possible to works of the highest authority.

THE FOLLOWING MAPS ARE ALREADY PUBLISHED:-

#### THE WORLD IN HEMISPHERES.

1. EASTERN HEMISPHERE.

2. WESTERN HEMISPHERE

Two distinct Maps. Size, each 50 inches by 58.

Two distinct Maps. Size, each of unness of year. These Hemispheres are constructed on a scale of unusual magnitude, and they unite the boldness of style requisite for Schools with the accuracy of the best Maps.

The Political Divisions of the World are most prominently displayed, and the latest changes have been followed. The principal fectures of Netwig Geography are also introduced, including a careful delineation of the Monutains, with a special notice of Volenoes:—the distribution of Prevailing Winds:—the Ocean Currents;—limits of Iceberss towards the Polar Seas, and the limits of Coral in Warm Waters; besides other remarkable phenomena.

As the Vertical Action of the Sum exercises paramount influence on

As the Vertical Action of the Sun exercises paramount influence on the Temperature, the Seasons, and other conditions of the Earth, his declination is connected with the graduation of the Maps for every day of the year. Distinct Climatic Zones within the Tropics, resulting chiefly from the variation of Solar Action, are also defined.

edly from the variation of Solar Action, are also defined.

For the purpose of familiarizing the eye with Different Aspects of the rich is surface, supplementary Maps have been added to the principal mispheres, which exhibit the sphere projected on the plane of a rillian. These supplements display:—the Earth projected on the use of the equator, or the Northern and Southern Hemispheres:—o the Earth projected on an oblique plane, showing the Land almost oldy in One hemisphere, and a prevalence of Water in the other.

wholly in One hemisphere, and a prevalence of Water in the other. The Effect of different Projections on the delineation of the Earth is seldom expressly illustrated. In these Maps the large Eastern and Water Hemispheres, also the supplementary Northern and Suthern, and Jand and Water Hemispheres, are examples of the Stereographical projection, which has the merit of preserving the form of the outline of the Stereographical projection, which has the merit of preserving the form of the outline of the stereographical states of the states of the

Price, of each Hemisphere, separately, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.; or the Two Hemispheres, mounted as one Map, on Roller, Varnished, 66s.

#### EUROPE

Scale, 65 miles to an inch: Size, 58 inches by 50.

All the chief Natural Features of the Continent are boldly shown, but in such a way as not to interfere with the distinctness of the Marjan The Political Divisions are laid down and carefully coloured according to the most recent changes. The relative importance of the Names is indicated by the style in which they are written, and no names are inserted but those which are required in a map for elementary instruction. The sites of battless and other creat historical events are distinguished from places of mere geographical importance.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 138.

#### BRITISH ISLES.

Scale, 8 miles to an inch: Size, 75 inches by 90.

This New Map of Great Britain and I reland is constructed with the restreet care and accuracy, and has undergone rigid scrutiny. Although the style is bold and made as distinct and clear as possible, the work is of the heat class. It contains every place in Great Britain with 2,000 unlabelinis and upwards, and every place in Ireland with 1,500 and unlabelinis and upwards, and every place in Ireland with 1,500 and highlighted the state of the land of the proposition. The County Towns, Assize Towns, Municipal Boroushs, Towns bide are counties of themselves, Parliamentary Representation, and Euberopal Sees, are also expressly denoted to indicate the importance of blaces. All the Railways are extendly delineated. The outline and sarried.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 428.

#### HOLY LAND.

Scale, 41 miles to an inch : Size, 50 inches by 58.

This Map is especially intended for the use of Schools. The Natural Peatures are boldly and distinctly drawn; and those names of places which are of importance in elementary instruction are prominently distincuished; but while nothing has been sacrificed which may tend to this primary object, no information which can be conveniently given in a Map has been omitted, and it is adapted for the purposes of the Study as well as those of the School-room. The results of the most recent observations and critical researches are carefully indicated; and the control of the study of the study of the control of the study of the Environs of Jerusalem and the Sinaitic Peninsula occupy the corners.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s

#### ENGLAND and WALES.

Scale, 8 miles to an inch: Size, 50 inches by 58.

This entirely New Map is an accurate reduction of the Ordnance Survey, drawn in the first place with the utmost precision, and afterwards strengthened boldly or the use of Schools. The Hills in particular are more correctly delineated than they have ever been in School Maps. The Names are systematically engawed according to population; for the number of inhabitants for an unform circle to indicate positions, a Plan of each place is drawn according to scale, so as to give to the eye some indication of its size. Compare London, Birmingham, or Manchester, with smaller towns. The other incidents that express local importance are also denoted. Thus, the Episcopal Sees, centation, and Towns which are Countries of themselves, are severally distinguished. The Railways are also correctly delineated.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.

#### SCOTLAND and IRELAND.

Separate Maps. Scale, 8 miles to an inch; Size, each 34 inches by 42.

Separate Mays. Scale, 8 miles to an inch; Size, each 34 inches by 4x level made of the same size as England and Wales, without regard to the same size as England and Wales, without regard to the same size as England and Wales, without regard to the same size as England and Wales, without regard to the same size, and the same size as the same size as the coast line, the rivers the mountains, the towns, or the countries of either part of the United Kingdom, with those of the other parts, it is essential to have the whole on the same scale, and treated on an uniform near the same scale, and treated on an uniform near the coast with the same scale, and treated on an uniform near the consequently chapter Maps than England and Wales; but they range well together with the large Map in the centre; and their construction only varies consistently with the statistical differences which distinguish the three countries. The comparisons thus facilitated mats are to order a countries. The comparisons thus facilitated mats are to order or the countries of the Map of England and Wales is equally applicable to the details of the Maps of Scotland and Ireland, and is not therefore repeated.

Price each, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 93.

#### ASTA.

Scale, 140 miles to an inch; Size, 58 inches by 50.

In this New Map of Asia, the connexion of that Continent with Europe, Africa, and the extremity of Australia, is fully displayed without reducing the reals of Asia tiself. In every general view of Asiatic Geography this appears to be a great advantage. Thus, in regard to the great Natural Features—the Mountain-systems, Plains, Docerts, and Seas, can be followed through Asia into the adjacent Continents. In Political Geography, the Relative Positions, Arcas, &c., of the European and Asiatic Territories of England, Russia, and Turkey, are brought into one view; and all the Independent States, with their principal divisions, are defined accurately. Recently and the principal divisions, are defined accurately. Recently and a re-shown; also the great Dependencies of the Chinese Empire, according to the latest authorities.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13e.

#### OLD TESTAMENT.

MAP of the HOLY LAND, to illustrate the OLD TESTAMENT.

Scale, 8 miles to an inch; Size, 34 inches by 42. Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 9s.

#### NEW TESTAMENT.

MAP of the HOLY LAND, to illustrate the NEW TESTAMENT.

Scale, 7 miles to an inch; Size, 34 inches by 42. Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 9s.

#### THE ACTS and THE EPISTLES.

MAP of the Places mentioned in the ACTS and the EPISTLES.

Scale, 57 miles to an iach; Si: e, 34 inches by 42. Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 9s.

#### AFRICA.

Scale, 118 miles to an inch : Size, 50 inches by 58.

In many respects Africa is presented with a new face in this Map. Its connexion with Europe and Asia is preserved, with the advantages already noticed in describing the Map of Asia, and all the latest Discoveries of Livingstone, Burton, Speke, Graat, Baker, &c. are inserted.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.

#### NORTH AMERICA.

Scale, 97 miles to an inch : Size, 50 inches by 58.

The Natural Geography is boldly delineated. The River-systems can be traced at a glauce. The mountains are so drawn as to bring out their prominent festures, and the character of the country between them. Thus the broad highland, buttressed by the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Coast Range, is well contrasted with the Valley of the Mississippi, and the range of the Alleghanies.

The Political Geography exhibits the latest divisions of the Continent; the great blocks of te ritory forming the British Possessions, the United States and Mexico, presenting a remarkable comparison with the little independent republics of the Central American Isthmus.

The division of the British Territories is accurately di-played, including the New Dominion of Canada. In the United States, the Territories as well as the States are shown, and the distinction between them is marked by different lettering. The possessions of the European powers in the West Indian Islands are also indicated.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.

#### SOUTH AMERICA.

This Map is the same size and on the same scale as the Map of North America.

The mountains of the Andes have been introduced from an original drawing, clearly defining the elevated plateau which divides the range into two or more parallel chains throughout its vast length.

The limits of the great Table Land of Brazil, so well fixed by the cataracts which mark the descent of its great rivers into the surrounding plains, are also indicated.

The boundaries of the States are delineated from authentic documents; and the conflicting claims put forward by almost every division of this continuet, are traced. The last arrangements of Colombia and Venezuela are inserted from materials communicated by their respective Governments.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.

#### AUSTRALASIA.

Scale, 86 miles to an inch; Size, 58 inches by 50.

This Map includes Australia Tasmania, New Zealand. Borneo, and the Mulay Archipelago. The Divisions of the British Possessions into Provinces and Countries are those of the smaller County and Post Towns, with the most considerable Villages, are inserted in smaller type. It has been thought desirable to give the Names of more Places than are required merely for elementary teaching, owing to their importance as points for Emigration, and their counexion with the growth of the Colonies.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 13s.

#### AUSTRALIA.

Scale, 86 miles to an inch: Size, 34 inches by 42.

A New Map, showing the Provinces, Counties, Towns, Villages, &c. Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 9s.

#### NEW ZEALAND.

Scale, 25 miles to an inch; Size, 34 inches by 42.

This New Map of the Colony of New Zealand is constructed from the most recent Official Documents.

Price, Mounted on Roller, Varnished, 98.

#### LIST OF NEW PRINCIPAL THE BOOKS SOME OF

IN CIRCULATION AT

### MUDIE'S SELECT LIBRARY.

\*\* Fresh Copies of all the Books on this List are added as the demand increases, and an ample supply is provided of all forthcoming Works of general interest as they appear:-

List are added as the demand increases, and an Works of general interest as they appear:—

A Visit to Egypt, by Hon. Mrs. William Grey Greater Britain, by Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke of the Rise and the Book, by Robert Browning Memoir of Jane Austen, by J. E. Austen-Leigh The Story of Paulins, by G. C Clunes Seekers after God, by F. W. Farrar Her Majssty's Tower, by W. H. Dixon History of England, by Sir E. S. Creasy The Mornington Lictures, by T. T. Lynch Wallace's Travels in the Malay Archifered Vieram and the Council, by "Janus" Vieran and the Council, by "Janus" Vieran and the Council, by "Janus" The Story of Paulins Glip of Cultures and the Council, by "Janus" The Korst and the Third, by W. Longman Thr Crost and the Care. What Her Face Said Crugosties of Older Times, by S. Baring-Gould The Earthly Paradise—The Spanish Guid The Earthly Paradise—The Spanish Grysty Forstre's Hiography of Walter Savage Landor Life of Rev. Join Keele, by Sir J. T. Coleridge Milman's Annals of St. Paul's Cathedbal Forst Life in Acadie, by Capt. Hardy Townshend's Ten Thousand Miles of Travel Da. Puer's Eneminos—Theory's Hongraphy Townshend's Ten Thousand Miles of Travel Da. Puer's Eneminos—Theory's Hongraphy Madeministic by Stanville—The Dree's Hongraphy Madeministic by Texantile Eneminos—The Drek's Hongraphy Madeministic by Texanville—Marina Plankbarke The Promenades of Paras, by W. Robinson Constitutional Progress of Audusos——Habe Drek's Hongraphy Madeministic by Texanville—Marina Plankbarke The Drews in Perina Polaria Stanville—Marina Plankbarke The Drews in Perina Polaria Stanville—Marina Plankbarke The Regard Taylor Rassan's History of The Anyssinian Expedition The Indian Stanting Polaria Stanville—Marina Plankbarke The Construction of Paras, by W. Robinson Constitutional Progress, by Montagu Burrows Planks in The Field, by the Author of Queechy The Hinglands of Taxes, by Montagu Burrows Polary Live of Casar Malan, by One of his Sons Dais Indian Planks of Paras, by W. H. Brett Bichands in The Righlands of Paras, by Rev. A. C

THE EXPLOYER SERIORS, DESCRIPTION OF COUNTRY WARDS. BY DORSE OF FARADAY, by Dr. Bence Jones (\*FROUDE'S RESION OF ELIZABETH. New Vols. GOOD ST. LOUIS AND HIS TIMES, by MTS. BRAY HERBUTARY GERIUS, by Francis Galton Annals of an Everyful Lipe.—The Harrises Families of Speece, by Rev. F. W. Faitar The Inits Land Question, by J. S. Mill Lady Floha, by Selina Bundury.—To Esther Cox's Sarach for Winter Sunbeams in Corsica Thoughts on Lipe Science, by Benjamin Place (Memoir of Gestave Bengenroft, by W. C. Cartwright Chester's Transatlantic shergers
Handy Book of the British Museum, by T. Nichols Essays on Woman's Work and Woman's Culture Morsa the Faity—Vastina's Marytroom 'The Sunjacrion of Womes, by John Stuart Mill Ourselves: Essays on Womes, by E. L. Linton 'Colnyre Walks, by the Rev. W. Houghton The Greman Workson, Daniel Daniel On The Greman Workson, Daniel Daniel On The Greman Workson, Daniel Daniel

AND SEVERAL NEW EDITIONS OF WORKS BY POPULAR AUTHORS.

FIRST-CLASS SUBSCRIPTION, ONE GUINEA PER ANNUM. \* THE NAMES OF NEW SUBSCRIBERS ARE ENTERED DAILY.

Book Societies supplied on liberal terms.—Prospectuses, postage free, on application.

A REVISED CATALOGUE of SURPLUS COPIES of RECENT BOOKS withdrawn from the Library, for Sale at greatly reduced prices, with LIST of WORKS of the BEST AUTHORS, in ELEGANT BINDINGS, suitable for Gentlemen's Libraries and Drawing-room Tables, and well ad spted for Wedding and Birthday Presents and School Prizes, is Now Ready, and will be forwarded, Postage-free, on application.

> MUDIE'S SELECT LIBRARY, NEW OXFORD-STREET, LONDON. CITY OFFICE: -4, KING-STREET, CHEAPSIDE.

UNIFORM WITH CONTANSEAU'S FRENCH DICTIONARY.

PRACTICAL DICTIONARY of the GERMAN and ENGLISH LANGUAGES, containing the following improvements:

New Words in General Use not to be found in other Dictionaries.

Accompand Words not Trans-Acceptations.

aries.
Compound Words not Translated Literally.
Prepositions Annexed to Verbs and Adjectives where necessary.

5. Idiomatic Expressions, with their Proper Equivalents in each Language.

By the Rev. W. L. BLACKLEY, M.A., and C. M. FRIEDLANDER, Ph.D.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

THE REV. W. W. BRADLEY'S LATIN PROSE EXERCISES. New Edition, in 12mo, price 5s.; and KEY, price 5s. 6d.

ESSONS in LATIN PROSE; forming an Easy Introduction to the Writing of Continuous Latin Proce. By the Rev. W. BRADLEY, M.A., late Demy of Magdalen College, Oxford.

\* To lead on beginners to write Latin paragraphs, and to teach in the simplest manner the right use of the Subjunctive Mood, are the main objects of this Work.

By the same Author, New Editions, price 3s. 6d.; and Key, 5s. LATIN PROSE EXERCISES, consisting of English Sentences translated from Cosar, Cicero, and Livy, to be Re-Translated into the Original Latin.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

STANDARD POETRY FOR CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATION.

New Edition, in 12mo, price 1s. 6d. cloth.

COLDSMITH'S DESERTED VIILAGE; with Explanatory Notes, Exercises in the Analysis of Sentences a LIFE of the POET. Edited for the Use of Colleges and School WALTER M'LEOD, F.R.G.S., Royal Military Asylum, Chelsea.

Also, by Mr. M'LEOD, on the same plan, price 1s. 6d. GOLDSMITH'S TRAVELLER. New Edition.
THOMSON'S WINTER and THOMSON'S

G. 2s. each.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

MODERN FRENCH READING-BOOK FOR ENGLISH SCHOOLS.

A New Edition, in 12mo. price 4s. 6d. cloth,

A New Edition, in 12mo. price 4a. 6d. cloth,

LECTURES FRANÇAISES; or, Extracts in

Prose from Modern French Authors. With copious Notes for the
use of English Students. By LEONCE STIEVENARD, Principal
French Master in the City of London School; Second French Master
in St. Paul's School: and Lecturer on the French Language and Litenature in King's College.

"An useful French readingbook, consisting of extracts taken
from none but modern French
is divided into three
parts, which increase in difficulty
with the advance of the learner.
The notes are well adapted to the

Rythe same Author, in grown Svo. price 2a. 6d.

By the same Author, in crown Svo. price 3s. 6d RULES and EXERCISES on the FRENCH LAN-GUAGE for the use of English Students

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

GREEK SCHOOL-BOOKS BY THE REV. F. W. FARRAR. Sixth Edition, in 8vo. price 1s. 6d.

CREEK GRAMMAR RULES. By the Rev. F. W. FARRAR, M.A. F.R.S. one of the Masters at Harrow School.

\*\*\* Now in use in Harrow School, Marlborough College, Rossall School, Uppingham School, Charterhouse School, &c.

By the same Author, New Edition, in 12mo. price 4s. 6d. GREEK SYNTAX and HINTS on GREEK ACCIDENCE; with some reference to Comparative Philology, and with Illustrations from various Modern Languages. "Surpasses all the Greek grammars we have seen."

Educational Times.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co, Paternoster-row

GEOGRAPHICAL WORKS BY WILLIAM HUGHES, F.B.G.S. In fcap, 8vo, with Six Coloured Maps, price 7s. 6d.

A MANUAL of GEOGRAPHY, PHYSICAL,
MANUAL of GEOGRAPHY, PHYSICAL,
Colleges. New Edition, revised throughout up to the present date.
By W. HUGHES, F.R.G.S. Professor of Geography in King's College,
and in Queen's College, London.

Or in | PART I.-Europe, price 3s. 6d. cloth.
2 Parts. | PART II.-Asia, Africa, America, and Australia, 4s.

TEXT-BOOK of BRITISH GEOGRAPHY,

TREATISE on the CONSTRUCTION of MAPS, London : Longman, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

WORKS ON ENGLISH COMPOSITION BY MR. G. F. GRAHAM.

cond Edition, in fcap. Svo. price 6s. cloth, ENGLISH STYLE, or a Course of Instruction for the Attainment of a Good Style of Writing. By G. F. GRAHAM.

By the same Author, the Latest Editions: ENGLISH SPELLING-BOOK, price 1s. 6d. ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRACTICE, price 4s. 6d. ENGLISH, or the ART of COMPOSITION,

ENGLISH SYNONYMES, classified and ex-

STUDIES from the ENGLISH POETS, price 5s.

A BOOK ABOUT WORDS, price 3s. 6d. "Mr. Graham's is the best book we have ever read on the study of words."

English Churchman,

London : Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

TO CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.

New Edition, in crown 8vc. price 8s. 6d. cloth,

CIVIL SERVICE GUIDE. By R. JOHNSTON.
Second Edition, with Corrections up to the Present Time.
"The latest and best work of its kind."—Civil Service Guzette.
London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

Just published, in crown 8vo. price 2s. 6d. cloth, FRENCH PRONUNCIATION: on the Plan of 'Reading Made Easy in Spite of the Alphabet.' With a Hamiltonian Translation. By M. H. M.

By the same Author, price 2s. 6d.
READING MADE EASY in SPITE of the

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

In 8vo. pp. 588, price 16s. cloth,

TIME AND

ME AND SPACE: a Metaphysical Essay, By SHADWORTH H. HODGSON.
Work propounds a theory which covers the whole ground of ative Philosophy. It rolves the contradictions supposed by Sir milton inherent in the Idea of the Infinite.

PART I. contains an Analysis of Perception, and Association of Ideas.

PART II. contains the Laws of Logic, with a Criticism on Hegel. ndon: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

New Edition, in 8vo. price 10s. 6d. cloth, ACON'S ESSAYS: with Annotations. By RICHARD WHATELY, D.D., late Archbishop of Dublin. the dition, revised and enlarged. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

New and Cheaper Edition, in crown 8vo. price 7s. 6d.

MANUAL of ENGLISH LITERATURE,
Historical and Critical: with an Appendix on English Metres.

HOMAS ARNOLD, M.A., of University College, Oxford. Second
on, revised and enlarged.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

ARCHBISHOP WHATELY'S LOGIC AND RHETORIC.

Latest Editions, revised by the Author:—

LEMENTS of LOGIC. 8vo. 10s. 6d.; crown 8vo.

ELEMENTS of RHETORIC. 8vo. 10s. 6d.; crown

By RICHARD WHATELY, D.D., sometime Archbishop of Dublin, London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

GLEIG'S SCHOOL SERIES.

Revised Edition, in 18mo. price Ninepe EXPLANATORY ENGLISH GRAMMAR for BEGINNERS; with Practical Exercises on the Parts of Speech, and a Graduated Course of Parsing Lessons. By WALTER M'LEOD, F.R.G.S. F.C.P.

M'LEOD'S ENGLISH GRAMMATICAL DE-

M'LEOD'S FIRST BOOK, READING and

M'LEOD'S SECOND BOOK, READING and ING, 9d. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

VALPY'S TWO DELECTUSES AND LATIN GRAMMAR.

be had, the DELECTUS, price 4s.; the KEY, 2s. 6d. VALPY'S GREEK DELECTUS, corrected and improved; with new body of Notes, and new Lexicon. Edited by JOHN T. WHITE, D.D., of C. C. C. Oxford, Author of 'The Junior Scholar's Latin-English Dettionary.'

VALPY'S LATIN GRAMMAR, with short aglish Notes. New and greatly improved Edition, price 2s. 6d.

VALPY'S LATIN DELECTUS, corrected throughout and adapted to the Public School Latin Primer by JOHN T. WHITE, D.D. 12mo. price 2s. 6d.; and Kev. price 3s. 6d.
London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

THE REV. MR. TWELLS' SELECTION OF SCHOOL POETRY.

Revised Edition, considerably enlarged, price 2s. 6d.

Revised Edition, considerably enlarged, price 2s. 6d.

DOETRY for REPETITION: a Collection of
200 short Pieces and Extracts, suitable to arrest the Attention
and dwell in the Memory of Young Persons, selected from the Best
Works of the most Eminent English Poets, and arranged in the order
in which they are to be learnt. Edited by HENRY TWELLS, M.A.,
Head Master of the Godolphin Foundation School, Hammersmith.

"We do not believe that a better spicetes grare and gay, secular sever been published. The pieces and sacred, are successively preserved by the prices of th

SCOTT'S LIFE OF ALBERT DURER. In 8vo. with 6 Etchings and other Illustrations, price 16s.

A LBERT DÜRER, his LIFE and WORKS: with Complete Catalogues of his Engravings, Pictures, Sketches, &c. WILLIAM B. SCOTT.

By WILLIAM B. SCOTT.

"Himself an Artist, Mr. Scott gives us the artist's life in his own gives us the artist's life in his own gives us the artist's life in his own to pass after pass, the artist and the man gradually develope themselves before us in a way which, to our mind, isvery effective, and justifies the Author's opinion of him that the Author's opinion of him that the Author's opinion of him that could be a strong, viewing life, art, and religion in the same serious spirit. The admirrer of DÜNLA are under gent obligations OM. Scorr for this life of the great master."

Notes and Queries.

Notes and Queries.

"Notes and Queries."

Notes ond Queries.

"We provide the provided the

DÜRER'S Drawings, &c., with that rare satisfaction which is due to a trained artist who is also a critic." Mr. Scorr's text is wrought

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

New Edition, in 16mo. with 25 Woodcuts, price 2s. 6d THE HOUSE I LIVE IN; or, Popular Illustrations of the Structure and Functions of the Human Body, for the Use of Families and Schools. Edited by THOMAS G. GIRTIN,

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

RIDDLE'S SCRIPTURE HISTORIES. A New Edition, in fcap. 8vo. price 4s. cloth

A New Edition, in Teap. 8vo. Price 4s. cioth,

MANUAL of SCRIPTURE HISTORY;

including Notices of Biblical Antiquities and Geography,

Oriental Manners and Customs, Historic Parallels and Contemporary Events, the Structure and Import of the Jewish Ritual, and
a Survey of the Nature and Design of the Dispensations. By the Rev.

J. E. RIDDLE, M.A.

Also, a New Edition, in fcap. 8vo RIDDLE'S OUTLINES of SCRIPTURE HIS-TORY. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

LUPTON'S MANUALS FOR EXAMINATION-CANDIDATES.

Second Edition, in crown 800 prior 78. 6d. cloth,

NGLISH HISTORY, from the Earliest Period
Eatlies, Sieges, Treaties, Biography, Colonies, and Contemporary
Sovereigns. Expressly designed to assist Students preparing for
Examination. By W. M. LUFTON.

Also, in 12mo. price 2s. 6d. cloth; with Answers. 3s. 6d. cloth; the Answers separately, price One Shilling,

ARITHMETIC for SCHOOLS, designed expressly ssist Candidates preparing for Examination.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

> JUST'S TWO GERMAN SCHOOL-BOOKS. Just published, in 12mo, price 1s. 6d, cloth,

GERMAN GRAMMAR: a Companion to Dr. Ahn's 'German Method.' By HEINRICH WOLFGANG JUST, an Master to the Bristol Grammar School: Author of 'The ian Reading-Book,—which may also be had, price 3s. 6d.

"This little Grammar consists im, All the essentials are in it. almost exclusively of paradigms. It is a companion to Ahn, but may tt may be used with great advantage by teachers who wish to jurisue their own method of teach-

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

WHITE'S SCHOOL LATIN CLASSICS ADAPTED TO 'THE PUBLIC SCHOOL LATIN PRIMER.' The following may now be had :-

BRADLEY'S EUTROPIUS'S EPITOME of the HISTORY of ROME, with Grammatical Notes adapted to 'The Public School Latin Primer,' and a Vocabulary on the Plan of White's 'Junior Scholar's Latin Dictionary.' By JOHN T. WHITE, D.D. 12mo. 2s. 6d. cloth.

BRADLEY'S CORNELIUS NEPOS, with Grammatical Notes adapted to 'The Public School Latin Primer.'

By the same Editor. 12mo. price 34. 6d. cloth.

BRADLEY'S SELECT FABLES of PHÆDRUS. D with Grammatical Notes adapted to 'The Public School Latin Primer,' and a Vocabulary on the Plan of White's 'Junior Scholar's Latin Dictionary.' By the same Editor. 12mo. 2s. 6d.

BRADLEY'S OVID'S METAMORPHOSES
School Latin Primer.\* By the same Editor. 12m. price 4s. 6d.
London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

E. HUGHES'S APPROVED ELEMENTARY SCHOOL BOOKS.

SELECT SPECIMENS of ENGLISH POETRY, comprising POEMS—I. Historical and Geographical; 2. On the ve of Home and Country; 3. Work and Progress; 4. Relating to the and the Sailor; 5. On the Love of Nature: 6. Of the Imagination I Fancy; 7. Religious and Morni. By EDWARD HUGHES, late ster of the Royal Naval Lower School, Greenwich.

OUTLINES of PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, dethe Inorganic Matter of the Globe and the Distribut d Beings. 12mo. with 8 Coloured Maps, 3s. 6d.

EXAMINATION QUESTIONS on the above,

GEOGRAPHY for ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS,

SCHOOL ATLAS of BIBLE LANDS, containing 12 Coloured Maps, engraved on Steel, price 1s. 6d. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL LATIN GRAMMAR, LATIN PRIMER, AND LATIN EXERCISE-BOOKS.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL LATIN PRIMER. Edited with the sanction of the Head Masters and now in use in all the Nine Schools named in H.M. Commission, viz. Winchester, Eton, St. Paul's, Westminster, Merchant Taylors, Rugby, Shrewsbury, Harrow, and Charter House.

"The Public School Latin reflective powers; and such an in-Primer we have reasons for believ-ing to be the best Latin ruman. We have now a School Latin Gram-mar eminently fitted to strengthen atike the young mind as well as the memory, by its appeal to the

SUBSIDIA PRIMARIA, PART I. First Series of

SUBSIDIA PRIMARIA, PART II. Second Series of EXERCISES adapted to the KEY to the EXERCISES in SUBSIDIA PRI-MARIA, both Parts, price 5s., supplied to Instructors only on

SKETCH of the HISTORY of GRAMMAR, being

an Introduction to the rubble school LATIN GRAMMAR, to follow in use the Public School Latin Primer. By the same Editor. [In the press.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

BECKER'S CHARICLES AND GALLUS .- NEW EDITIONS. BECKER'S CHARICLES AND GALLUS.—NEW EDITIONS.
Third Edition, now ready, in post svo, price 7s. 6d.

CALLUS; or, Roman Scenes of the Time of
Tanslated by the Rev. F. METCALFE, M.A.

Also, uniform with the above, price 7s. 6d.

BECKER'S CHARICLES: a Tale illustrative of Private Life amongst the Ancient Greeks. Edited by the Rev. F. METCALFE, M.A.

ondon : Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

CONTANSEAU'S FRENCH COURSE, LATEST EDITIONS.
Revised Edition, in post 8vo. price 10s. 6d. bound; or Part I. French
English, 5s. 6d.; Part II. English-French, 5s. 6d.

A PRACTICAL DICTIONARY of the FRENCH and ENGLISH LANGUAGES. By LEON CONTANSEAU, many years French Examiner for Military and Civil Appointments, &c. Also, a New and Cheaper Edition, price 3s. 6d

CONTANSEAU'S POCKET FRENCH DICTION-ARY. A careful Abr

FIRST STEP in FRENCH, Revised Edition, 2s. 6d. FRENCH GRAMMAR, New Edit., remodelled, 5s. KEY to GRAMMAR and FIRST STEP, 3s.

PREMIÈRES LECTURES, or French Stories, 2s. 6d. GUIDE to FRENCH TRANSLATION, 3s. 6d.;

PROSATEURS et POÈTES FRANÇAIS, 68. 6d. PRÉCIS de la LITTÉRATURE FRANÇAISE, 58. ABRÉGÉ de l'HISTOIRE de FRANCE, 58. 6d. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row

ELEMENTARY ARITHMETICAL and MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL-BOOKS. By the Right Rev.

Colenso's Arithmetics.

ARITHMETIC for SCHOOLS, with Notes and Examination-Papers. Revised Edition. 12mo. 4s. 6d.—KEY, 5s. ARITHMETIC for NATIONAL SCHOOLS. Text-Book, 6-l. Three Books of Examples, 4d. each.—ANSWERS, 1s.

SHILLING ARITHMETIC for ELEMENTARY

Colenso's Algebra.

ELEMENTS of ALGEBRA, Part I., New Edition; to which is prefixed a Sketch of the History of Algebra, by T. H. GROSE, B.A., late Scholar of Balliol College, Oxford. 12mo. 4s. 6d. Key, 5s. Part II., 6s.; Key, 5s.—Examples and Equation-Papers, 9s. 6d.—HUNTER'S QUESTIONS on Part I. 2s. 6d.

ALGEBRA, complete in 1 vol. 8vo. 12s. 6d.—KEY,

ALGEBRA for NATIONAL and ADULT SCHOOLS. 18mo. price 1s. 6d.; and KEY, 2s. 6d.

Colenso's Euclid.

ELEMENTS of EUCLID, with Solved Examples of Deduced Problems and Theorems. 18mo. 4s. 6cl.; or with KEY, 6s. 6d. The Exercises and Key, 3s. 6d. Exercises without Key, 1s.

Colenso's Trigonometry. PLANE TRIGONOMETRY, Part I., including Logarithms and the Exponential Theorem, 12mo. 3s. 6d.—KEY, 5s. 6d.—Part II. Equations and Mixed Problems, 2s. 6d.—KEY, 5s. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

Just published, in 8vo. price 12s. cloth,

THENICOMACHEAN ETHICS of ARISTOTLE. 1. Newly Translated into English. By ROBERT WILLIAMS B.A., Fellow and late Lecturer of Merton College, and sometime Student of Christ Church, Oxford.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

WHITE'S SCHOOL AND COLLEGE LATIN DICTIONARIES. Revised Edition, in square 12mo. pp. 1,058, price 12s.

IE JUNIOR STUDENTS' COMPLETE
LATIN-ENGLISH and ENGLISH-LATIN DICTIONARY, By
Lev. J. T. WHITE, D.D., of C. C. C. Oxford, Rector of St. Martin,

Separately { The ENGLISH-LATIN DICTIONARY, price 5s. 6d. The LATIN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, price 7s. 6d.

Separately { The LATIN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, price 7s. et.

"These two works are excellent; of the company. With the latter dictionary and a good grammar, a boy may make his way through any author of the Golden Age with an ease of though by no means common—which one who pottered over Virgil tweets, or even the years ago, excellent dictionary and price of the process the elements of etymology, and will have acquired, by running along the genealogies of words, by marvellously cheap." Secteman.

WILLIGES COLLEGE LAUND ENGLISH DEC

WHITE'S COLLEGE LATIN-ENGLISH DIC-TIONARY, abridged from the Parent Work, for the Use of University Students. Medium 8vo. pp. 1,048, price 18s.

WHITE and RIDDLE'S LARGE LATIN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, founded on the larger Dictionary of Freund. Third Edition. 2 vols. 4to. pp. 2.128, price 422. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster row.

PARRY'S NEW GREEK GRAMMAR.

On Thursday next will be published, in 12mo. price 3s. 6d., or in Two Parts, 'Accidence,' price 2s. 6d.; 'Syntax,' price 2s.

NEW ELEMENTARY GREEK GRAMMAR, A intended as a Companion to the Public School Latin Primer. By EDWARD ST. JOHN PARRY, M.A., Balliol College, Oxford; Author of Reges et Heroes, 'Origines Romans' and 'Clearine Epistolarum Delectus'; Editor of 'Terence' in the 'Bibliotheca Classica.'

Athenœum (on the 'Accidence') .- "Among the various compa to the Public School Latin Primer this deserves to occupy a high place. In simplicity and general adaptation for school purposes, it surpasses that work; while it comprises a full exemplification of all surpasses that work; while it comprises a full exemplinearing the forms occurring in Attic Greek. The declensions and conjugations are arranged after the models of the best German and English

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

LIDDELL AND SCOTT'S TWO GREEK LEXICONS.

On Tuesday next, the Sixth Edition, revised and augmented, size in-creased from 1,644 pages to 1,866 pages, in One Volume, crown 4to.

GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON, compiled by

A GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON, compiled by HENY GEORGE LIDDELL, b. D. Dean of Christ Church; and ROBERT SCOTT, D.D., Master of Ballio Chiego.

The present edition has now to be consisted to the consistency of the consistency of

Also, the Twelfth Edition, in square 12mo. price 7s. 6d.

A LEXICON, GREEK and ENGLISH, abridged from LIDDELL and SCOTTS GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON." Oxford: at the Clarendon Press,

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row; and Macmillan and Co. Bedford-street, Covent-garden.

FOR ENGLISH STUDENTS OF THE CIVIL LAW. A New Edition, in One Volume, 8vo. price 15s.

THE INSTITUTES of JUSTINIAN; with Eng-lish Introduction, Translation, and Notes. By THOMAS COL-LETT SANDARS, M.A., Barrister-at-Law, late Fellow of Oriel Coll, Oxford. Fourth Edition, revised.

Oxford. Fourth Edition, revised.

The study of the Roman law, which has lately made much progress in England, now forms a part to fit the legal education of the Universities and of the Inns of Court; and the present work is designed to meet the requirements of those

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

DR. COOKE TAYLOR'S MANUALS OF HISTORY. New Edition, revised, in post 8vo. price 7s. 6d. cloth,

THE STUDENT'S MANUAL of ANCIENT HISTORY: containing the Political History, Geographical Position, and Social Nate of the Principal Nations of Antiquity. By WILLIAM COURE TAYLOR, LL.D.

By the same Author, Revised Edition, price 7s. 6d.

The STUDENT'S MANUAL of MODERN HIS-TORY; containing the Rise and Progress of the Principal European Nations, their Political History, and the Changes in their Social Condition. Continued to the Close of the Prussian War by CHARLES DUKE YONGE.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row

SLATER'S SCHOOL CHRONOLOGY.

Original Edition, in 12mo. price 3a. 6d. cloth,
SENTENTIÆ CHRONOLOGICÆ: Being a complete System of Annient and Modern Chronology; reductory Lessons on Dates in trail; Chronology hefore Christ; of real; Chronology hefore Christ; of necessary in the Study of lesiastical History; Dates con-led with Seience and Literation and the Chronological of with Seience and Literation and the Chronological of with Seience and Literation and the Chronological Table contained in Familiar Sentence New Edition, corrected and enlarged es. By Mrs. GEORGE SLATER

\*4 An Edition revised by the Author of 'Amy Herbert,' 3s. 6d. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row

THE GENUINE EDITION OF MANGNALL'S QUESTIONS.

A New Edition, in 12mo, price 4s. 6d. eloth,

ANGNALL'S HISTORICAL and MISCELLANGUIS QUESTIONS, for the use of Young People; with a
Selection of British and General Biography.

New Edition of the Only GENUER and PERFECT EDITION, as finally corrected by the Author; but remodelled throughout, enlarged, and improved.

improved.

"The most comprehensive book of instruction existing, and to be preferred to all others, to which it has served as a model."

"A new edition of a very familiary decision."

"A new edition of a very familiary decision."

"Lede Intelligencer."

\*\* Messrs. Longmans and Co.'s Edition should be ordered. London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster-row.

W. HUGHES'S ELEMENTARY GEOGRAPHICAL WORKS IN GLEIG'S SCHOOL SERIES.

Revised Edition, in 18mo. price NINEPENCE,

GENERAL GEOGRAPHY in EASY LESSONS for BEGINNERS. By WILLIAM HUGHES, F.R.G.S., Prof. of Geog. in King's Coll. and in Queen's Coll. Lond.

QUESTIONS on the above, price NINEPENCE. The CHILD'S FIRST GEOGRAPHY, in Easy Reading-Lessons, with Woodcuts, price NIMPENCE. GEOGRAPHY of the BRITISH EMPIRE, 18mo.

London: Longmans, Green, and Co. Paternoster row.

### NEW WORKS.

The EDINBURGH REVIEW, No. 267, January, 1870. 8vo. price 6s.

Contents.

I. Mr. FROUDE'S HISTORY of QUEEN ELIZABETH.

II. GEOLOGICAL THEORY IN BRITAIN,

III. MEMOIRS of GENERAL VON BRANDT.

IV. SIR CHARLES ADDERLEY ON COLONIAL POLICY.
V. JOHN CALVIN IN CHURCH and STATE.
VI. LONDON TOPOGRAPHY and STREET NOMENCLATURE.
VII. VEITCH'S MEMOIR OF SIR WILLIAM HAMILTON.
VIII. The PRECHRISTIAN CROSS.

IX. The LAND QUESTION in IRELAND.

SELECTIONS from SPEECHES of EARL RUSSELL, 1817 to 1841; and from DESPATCHES, 1859 to 1865. With Introductions. 2 vols. Syo. price 284.

VARIETIES of VICE-REGAL LIFE. By Major-General Sir WILLIAM DENISON, K.C.B. 2 vols. 8vo. [Nearly ready.

CHAPTERS and SPEECHES on the IRISH LAND QUESTION. By JOHN STUART MILL. Crown STO. Price 2s. 6d.

HISTORY of ENGLAND, from the Fall of Wolsey to the Defeat of the Spanish Armada. By J. A. FROUDE, M.A. Vols. XI. and XII. (completion), price 36s.

CONYBEARE and HOWSON'S LIFE and EPISTLES of ST. PAUL. Student's Edition, revised and con-densed; in 1 vol. with 46 Illustrations and Maps. Crown 8vo. price Ss.

GOD in HISTORY; or, the Progress of Man's Faith in the Moral Order of the World. By the late Baron BUNSEN, D.Ph. D.C. L. D.D. Translated from the German by SUSANNA WINKWOETH. Vol. III. 8vo. (completion), price 12s.

LATIN and TEUTONIC CHRISTEN-DOM: an Historical Sketch. By the Rev. GEORGE W. COX, M.A., late Scholar of Trinity College, Oxford. Feap. 8vo. [In a few days.]

PILGRIMAGES in the PYRENEES and LANDES: their Sanctuaries and Shrines. By DENYS SHYNE LAWLOR. Post 8vo. with Plate, price 15s.

NO APPEAL: a Novel. By the Author of 'Cut Down like Grass,' 3 vols. post 8vo. [Nearly ready.

SCENES and STUDIES; or, Errant Steps and Stray Fancies. By Captain J. W. CLAYTON, P.R.G.S., late 11th Light Dragoons, Author of 'Personal Memoirs of Charles 11., &c. Post 8vo.

A QUEEN'S DEATH, and other Poems. By GEORGE SMITH. Fcap, 8vo. 4s. cd.

The SIX SISTERS of the VALLEYS: an Historical Tale. By the Rev. W. BRAMLEY-MOORE, M.A. New and Cheaper Edition. Feap. Svo. price 2s.

NEW and CHEAPER EDITIONS of

THE WARDEN, price 1s. 6d. BARCHESTER TOWERS, price 28.

PARRY'S NEW ELEMENTARY GREEK GRAMMAR, intended as a Companion to 'The Public School Latin Primer.' 12mo. price 3s. 6d.; or in Two Parts, Accidence, 2s. 6d., Spatax, 2s. [On Thursday next.

LETTERS and LIFE of FRANCIS
BACON, including all his Occasional Works. Collected and
Edited by J. SPEDDING, Trin. Coll. Cantab. Vol., V. 8vo. 124.

GEOLOGY and REVELATION; or, the Ancient History of the Earth, considered in the Light of Geological Facts and Revealed Religion. By the Rev. GERALD MOLLOY, D.D. With 28 Woodcuts. Post 8vo. price 7s. 6d.

OUR DOMESTIC FIRE-PLACES. By F. EDWARDS, jun. New Edition, re-written and enlarged; with Portrait of Count Rumford and 149 Illustrations. Royal 8vo.

On FOOD, its Varieties, Chemical Composition, Nutritive Value, Comparative Dissettibility, Physiological Functions and Uses, Preparation, Culinary Treatment, Preservation, Adulteration, Corone Stor. price 69.

London: LONGMANS, GREEN, READER,

### MR. BENTLEY'S LIST.

On TUESDAY, the 25th inst. at every Library,

#### RED AS A ROSE IS SHE.

By the Author of 'COMETH UP AS A FLOWER.'

On TUESDAY, Jan. 25th, in crown 8vo. price 6s.

#### PRIDE AND PREJUDICE.

By JANE AUSTEN.

Forming the Second Monthly Volume of the New Edition of Miss Austen's Works.

\* SENSE and SENSIBILITY, forming Vol. I. may be had of all Booksellers.

"Shakespeare has neither equal nor second. But among the writers who have approached nearest to the manner of the great master, we have no hesitation in placing Jane Austen, a woman of whom England is justly proud. '—Lord Macaulay.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst. price 6s.

### THE FALL OF BABYLON.

AS FORESHADOWED in HISTORY and PROPHECY.

By the Rev. Dr. CUMMING.

Author of 'The Great Tribulation Coming on the Earth.'

#### THE POPULAR WORKS

IN READING AT THE LIBRARIES AND ON SALE AT THE BOOKSELLERS'.

The Rev. J. E. AUSTEN-LEIGH'S LIFE of JANE AUSTEN, the Celebrated Novelist. Svo. Portrait and Illustrations, 12s

"Many must have longed to know more of the woman who wrote such life-like portraits. The Rev. Mr. Austen-Leigh has done well what there was to do."—Times.

The LIFE and LETTERS of MARY RUSSELL MITFORD. Edited by the Rev. A. G. L'ESTRANGE. 3 vols. post 8vo. Second Edition.

The DIARY of a PURITAN in the REIGN of KING CHARLES the FIRST; being Extracts from the Journal of Nehemiah Wallington. Edited by Miss WEBB. 2 vols. 21s.

#### FOUR POPULAR NOVELS.

RED AS A ROSE IS SHE. By the Author of 'Cometh Up as a Flower.

MRS. GERALD'S NIECE. By the Hon, LADY GEORGIANA FULLERTON. 3 vols.

SUSAN FIELDING. By the Author of 'Archie Lovell.

VIRGINIA RANDALL; or, To-Day in New Vork' 2 vols.

RICHARD BENTLEY, New Burlington-street, Publisher in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

13. Great Marlborough-street.

### **HURST & BLACKETT'S** NEW WORKS.

A Book about the Clergy. By J. C. JEAFFRESON, B.A. Oxon, Author of 'A Book about Doctors,' 'A Book about Lawyers,' &c. 2 vols. 8vo. 30s.

### Her Majesty's Tower. Vol. 2.

By W. HEPWORTH DIXON. DEDICATED, by EXPRESS PERMISSION, TO THE QUEEN. FOURTH EDITION. 8vo. 10s.

"Mr. Dixon dashes off the scenes of Tower history with great spirit.

... Both volumes are decidedly attractive, and throw much light on our national history, but we think the palm of superior interest must be awarded to the second volume."—Times

### Life and Remains of Robert

LEE, D.D., Minister of Old Greyfriars, Chaplain in Ordinary to the Queen, &c. By R. H. STORY, Minister of Rosneath. With an Introductory Chapter by Mrs. OLIPHANT, Author of 'The Life of Edward Iving.' 2 vols. 8vo. with Fortrait.

of Edward Irving. 2 vois. avo. with a vision with the book to everybody."

"We cordially commend the perusal of this book to everybody."

Times.

### Francis the First, and other

HISTORIC STUDIES. By A. BAILLIE COCHRANE. 2 vols. 21s. \*\*A pleasant, interesting and entertaining book."—Daily News.
\*\*These eloquent volumes contain three interesting and instructive studies."—Post.

### Fairy Fancies. By Lizzie

SELINA EDEN. Illustrated by the MARCHIONESS of HANTINGS. 1 vol. los. 6d. elegantly bound.

"The Wandering Lights," the first of the "Fairy Fancles," is a more beautiful production, truer to the inspiration of nature, and more likely to be generally attractive, than the famous "Story without an End."—Examiner.

"The "Income like" is a story which is perfectly charming. It has grace and beauty, and a real human interest."—Ithereways.

"This volume is one of those which most profoundly touch and stir the truest Christmas feelings—of goodwill, not to men alone, but all the mysterious world of associations amid which man live."—Telegraph.

#### THE NEW NOVELS.

### Annals of an Eventful Life.

FROM THE TIMES, Jan. 17.—"This is a very interesting novel. Wit, humour, and keen observation abound in every page, while the characters are life-like and most accurately drawn. For a long while we have not met a work of fiction containing such a fund of varied entertainment."

FROM THE MORNING POST, Jan. 19.—"A thoroughly original and incessantly brilliant novel. Every chapter is brisk, fresh, sparkling, and strong."

### The Duke's Honour. By

EDWARD WILBERFORCE, Author of ' Social Life in Munich & A decidedly clever novel. The characters are drawn with skill and humour."—Athenæum.
"This novel has many merits. There is life in it, and vigour."—Post.

### The Unkind Word, and

other Stories. By the AUTHOR of 'JOHN HALIFAX.' 2 vols.

### Forgotten by the World.

"This novel is well written and readable."—Echo.
"The characters are remarkably well drawn."—John Bull

#### Hagar. By the Author of 'ST. OLAVE'S,' &c. 3 vols.

#### CHEAP EDITIONS.

Each Work complete in 1 vol. price 5s. (any of which can be had separately), elegantly printed and bound, and illustrated by MILLAIS, HOLMAN HUNT, LEECH, BIRKET FOSTER, JOHN GILBERT, TENNIEL, SANDYS, &c.

#### HURST & BLACKETT'S STANDARD LIBRARY

Of CHEAP EDITIONS of POPULAR MODERN WORKS.

Of CHEAP EDITIONS of POPULAR MODERN WORKS.

Sam Slick's Nature and Human Nature.

John Halifax, Gentleman.

The Crescent and the Cross. By Edited the By the Author of John Halifax.

A Woman's Thoughts about Women. By the Author of John Halifax.

Adam Graceme. By Mrs. Oliphant. Cardinal Wiseman's Popes.

A Life for a Life. By the Author of 'John Halifax.'

Leigh Hunt's Old Goart Suburb. Sargaret and her Bridesmalds. Size Burke's Family Romance. The Laird of Norlaw. By Mrs. Oliphant. Sir B. Burke's Family Romance. The Laird of Norlaw. By Mrs. Oliphant.

Norling New. By the Author of 'John Halifax.'

Tothing New. By the Author of 'John Halifax.'

Norling New. By the Author of 'John Halifax.'

The Yalley of a Hundred Pires. By George Macdonald, LLD.

Sign Burke's Romance of the Forum.

#### ANCIENT CLASSICS FOR ENGLISH READERS

A SERIES OF MONTHLY VOLUMES. EDITED BY THE REV. W. LUCAS COLLINS, M.A. Price 2s. 6d., bound in cloth.

> Vol. I., just published, contains, HOMER: THE ILIAD.

> > Vol. II., containing

HOMER: THE ODYSSEY,

will be published on the 31st inst.

#### EXTRACTS FROM REVIEWS OF THIS SERIES.

#### Times, January 10.

"We can confidently recommend this first volume of 'Ancient Classics for English Readers' to all who have forgotten their Greek and desire to refresh their knowledge of Homer. As for those to whom the series is chiefly addressed, who have never learnt Greek at all, this little book gives them an opportunity which they had not before, an opportunity not only of remedying a want they must have often felt, but of remedying it by no patient and irksome toil, but by a few hours of pleasant reading."

#### Saturday Review, January 8.

"If the other volumes are as well executed as this, the monthly issue will soon furnish excellent guidance to the whole field of classical literature, and when the way is thus rendered clear, good translations will be read with far more pleasure and discrimination. We anticipate that the judicious and novel design of such a series will meet, as it deserves, with widespread and lasting favour; and that, with its success, juster ideas will more generally prevail of the characteristics of the great writers of old."

#### Civil Service Gazette, January 15.

"No more happy idea has been conceived of late than that of which this is the first instalment.....If the other volumes to follow equal the 'Iliad,' the series will be a most charming and instructive one, and the 'Ancient Classics for English Readers' will be a most invaluable aid to modern education."

WILLIAM BLACKWOOD & SONS, Edinburgh and London.

#### AT ALL THE LIBRARIES.

#### WENDERHOLME;

A STORY OF LANCASHIRE AND YORKSHIRE.

By PHILIP GILBERT HAMERTON. Author of 'A Painter's Camp,' &c.

3 vols. post 8vo. price 1l. 11s. 6d.

#### EXTRACTS FROM REVIEWS.

#### Morning Post.

"It is meant as a serious compliment when it is said that in the power of story-telling of the highest class, Mr. Hamerton has placed himself on an equality with some of the best of our female novelists."

#### Manchester Courier.

"Mr. Hamerton's first venture in the field of imaginative literature is a striking and brilliant success....The story, as a whole, is exceedingly striking and attractive, yet without any tinge of sensationalism from beginning to end."

#### Observer.

"A well-written, truthful exposition of middle-class society as it exists in Lancashire and Yorkshire."

#### Morning Advertiser.

"It is not alone in the original and well-devised occurrences of the tales that 'Wenderholme' takes rank as an amusing novel; several of the characters are drawn with the power and precision which none save a strong and veteran hand could employ, and many of the more interesting scenes are sketched with an earnestness and fidelity quite beyond the reach of all who had not ample opportunity of studying human nature as it lives, moves, and has its being."

"Rarely has a novel of more sterling worth appeared."

#### Courant.

"For one who is not naturally a story-teller, and who is more given to critical than to imaginative writing, Mr. Hamer-ton has produced a novel which deserves the highest praise, and which is certain to be read and remembered by many."

WILLIAM BLACKWOOD & SONS, Edinburgh and London.

LONDON, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1870.

#### LITERATURE

Memoirs of Sir George Sinclair, Bart., of Ulbster. By James Grant. (Tinsley Brothers.) If we were at liberty to take them for what they are, instead for what they profess to be, we should have no disposition to speak disrespectfully of the Memoirs, which may be fairly described as having been in a twofold sense "undertaken" for the honour of deceased gentlemen who, though in no way worthy of historic commemoration, have a title to such respectful interment as his executors are empowered to accord to him. There is no reason why the surviving relations of an unimportant person should not exhibit their respect for his private virtues and domestic circumstances by stating them fully in a handsome octavo volume, embellished with his portrait. On the contrary, a sepulchral book is much less costly than such a tomb as professors of the art of sepulture are pleased to call a mausoleum, and by the facility, with which copies of it may be multiplied and distributed, it is calculated in a far higher degree to redound to the honour of a dead man and afford consolation to those who cherish affection for his memory. But whilst forbearing to exclaim against a decidedly ignoble kind of books, that have their innocent and comfortable uses, we regret that tyrannical usage requires us to deal with them as though they were things of public interest. Mr. James Grant is well aware that the amiable and highly respectable Sir George Sinclair was a man of no importance to any one beyond the circle of his friends and personal connexions; but he none the less firmly and seriously insists on his right to be critically considered as a biographer who has exercised his art for public ends. The time, we trust, is not far distant when the producers of mortuary literature will be content with a private circulation for writings which are to literature precisely what blocks of sepulchral masonry are to the achievements of sculptors.

The son of Sir John Sinclair, whose services to agriculture and 'Statistical Account of Scotland' entitle him to recollection, the subject of Mr. Grant's biographic industry, exhibited in childhood and youth indications of ability, which induced his parents and teachers to predict that he would achieve celebrity. At Harrow he was the precociously clever little fellow of whom Byron wrote, "The prodigy of our schooldays was George Sinclair (son of Sir John); he made exercises for half the school (literally), verses at will, and themes without it. He was a friend of mine, and in the same remove, and used at times to beg of me to let him do my exercise, a request always most readily accorded upon a pinch, or when I wanted to do something else, which was usually once an hour." But the lively and brilliant boy failed to fulfil the promise of his opening years. After completing his education in Germany, where he astonished his instructors by the facility with which he acquired the language of the country, he returned to England, and entering Parliament in his nineteenth year, as Liberal Member for Caithness, a constituency of twenty-two freeholders, soon convinced his friends that his

political career would not justify their estimate of his powers. A diffident young man, of agreeable appearance and manners, he became a favourite in society; but his disqualifications for public life were so great and obvious, that Mr. James Grant must surely speak on erroneous information when he assures us that "both within and without the walls of Parliament" he was regarded as no less likely than his schoolfellow, Robert Peel, to attain political eminence. Anyhow, before he married, in his twenty-seventh year, the lady whose influence brought him within the lines of the religious party of which she was a supporter, no one thought of him as anything more than a young man of good education and principles, whose fair intelligence and culture would enable him to sustain the credit of his family. The rest of his story can be told in very few words. He wrote, from time to time, some political pamphlets, to which no one paid any attention save those to whom he sent presentation copies. Moving in good society, he formed the acquaintance of several important personages, whose letters to him on religious affairs and things of inferior moment are the chief ingredient of his biography. He was intimate with William the Fourth, both before and after that monarch's accession to the throne, and refused an invitation to a Sunday dinner-party at the Brighton Pavilion, on the ground that even his sovereign's commands could not justify him in disregarding the injunctions of the King of Kings. Overflowing with benevolence to all mankind, with the exception of members of the Napoleon family and chiefs of the Catholic Church, he never missed an opportunity of expressing his scorn of the foreign and ferocious upstart, who sacrificed millions of his fellow creatures at the shrine of his inordinate and unprincipled ambition,' and his detestation of "the man of December." Besides producing a more ambitious poem, appropriately entitled 'The Bore,' he wrote some feeble verses, of which the most vigorous and original are the following lines, which he invited his fellow-countrymen to add to their National Anthem :-

From Rome's unhallowed leagues,
And Jesuits' foul intrigues,
Guard Freedom's land!
Lest trait'rous foes within,
Arm'd for the Man of Sin,
A guilty vic'try win,
Be thou at hand.

After deserting the liberal ranks, he enjoyed the friendship of Lord Derby, and received from Mr. Disraeli several highly flattering letters written in "an exceedingly fine hand, which would be highly prized in mercantile circles." He joined the committee of several religious and philanthropic associations, delivered many speeches in behalf of evangelical projects, won his biographer's "exalted appreciation," and, after his death, which occurred in the seventy-eighth year of his age, was honoured with appropriate eulogies in a newspaper, designated by Mr. Grant "the leading journal in the religious world," which "devoted two columns of its space to a sketch of his career and estimate of his character."

Though the thick book which commemorates the services and virtues of this respectable gentleman cannot be praised for its lightness or instructiveness, justice requires us to admit that Mr. James Grant is in places a decidedly amusing biographer. The letters are seldom

entertaining; but their editor always commands attention when he expatiates on the moral and intellectual excellencies of their writers, who are extolled, in an almost obsolete style of obsequious art, as "members of the most distinguished aristocratic families of the land," who, in their various ways, brightened the brilliance of "the fashionable salons of London," and imparted lustre to the "drawing-rooms of the great." Nor have we any right to complain of the largeness of the space devoted to the letters of these superb correspondents; since Mr. Grant assures us that, through fear of cloying the reader's appetite for courtly literature, he has withheld by far the greater proportion of the letters which Sir George Sinclair received from the English nobility and from foreigners, who "were some of the most distinguished in the circles of German society, including several princes and princesses, and dukes and duchesses." "Were I," remarks the historian, in a tone of awe at the grandeur of his privileges and responsibilities, "to give a place in these pages to all the letters from Peers of the Realm which I have found among the papers of Sir George Sinclair, their insertion would occupy an undue amount of my remaining space."

More than once, Mr. Grant produces a comic effect through mental confusion or inattention to an elementary rule of composition. For instance, in an early page of his work, he gives a startling picture of Sir George Sinclair and a clerical companion travelling through Germany in a wheelbarrow; but Sir George's clearer narrative shows he is mistaken. "Our anxiety," said the more accurate narrator of his own mishap, "to avoid falling into their hands induced us to adopt the determination of proceeding on foot. We therefore left our carriage and part of the baggage under the care of the steward, and hired a peasant, who undertook to convey it on a wheelbarrow, statement that certainly does not justify Mr. Grant's version of the affair:- "Mr. Sinclair and a German clergyman who was travelling with him consequently found it necessary to have their luggage conveyed along with them-selves in a wheelbarrow." That the author has peculiar notions respecting the nature of Christian heroism is demonstrated by the terms in which he applauds Sir George Sinclair for asking William the Fourth, when Duke of Clarence, to support the Auxiliary Bible Society. "Had Mr. Sinclair," exclaims the fervid Mr. Grant, "never written or done anything else in the exposition and enforcement of his views as a believer in Jesus, that one letter to the future sovereign of these realms would have been enough, in my estimation, to entitle him to a prominent place in that glorious roll which contains the names of the noble army of Christian heroes who, in their day, shed so great a lustre on the religion of Jesus." After this the reader will learn, without surprise, that Sir George Sinclair's conduct in declining to dine at William the Fourth's Sunday dinner-party and subsequent vindication of the holders of evangelical views, are magnified by his panegyrist into "noble exhi-

bitions" of "high and hallowed heroism."

Nor is Mr. Grant less amusing when he demonstrates the state of William the Fourth's intellectual vigour and knowledge of public affairs in 1830, by a letter which was written in 1819, and relates altogether to the Duke of

Clarence's private concerns. That Mr. Grant

is never at fault on historical matters we cannot

say. It was not Horace Walpole who maintained

that every man had his price. Chartist riots

occurred at Birmingham and Newport in 1839; but the author confounds the events of '48

with the occurrences of the earlier year when

he observes, "Many, indeed, feared an attempt

at a social revolution from the spread of Chart-

ist principles, in that and the intervening years

until 1839, when the failure of the great metro-

politan Chartist demonstration caused a com-

plete collapse of the Six Points agitation." In

the absence of the evidence on which the state-

ment is founded, we must also question whether

Mr. Grant is justified in asserting that, whilst

Sir Robert Peel was leader of the Conservative

party, "he never had a single real personal friend among the number." But, though we

cannot accept the biographer's teaching on

these and some thirty or forty other matters of comparatively recent history, we thank him

cordially for revealing Lord Palmerston's private

and sincere opinion of Napoleon the Third. In

one of those moments of generous confidence,

which men of guileless and affectionate natures

delight to exhibit to their dearest friends, Lord

Palmerston took Mr. James Grant to his heart, and assured him that Louis Napoleon was

a very unscrupulous and bad fellow. "Lord Palmerston himself," says the author, speaking

without fear of contradiction, "while Prime

Minister, expressed on one occasion, in private

to myself, in terms as strong as those employed either by Lord Derby or Lord John Russell,

his reprobation of the conduct of Louis Napo-

leon in relation to more than one of his public

acts." Scarcely less important and interesting

than this picture of Palmerston caressing "the

editor of a morning paper" is the page of Mr.

Grant's work, which assures us that Lord Lyndhurst died in the arms of the Evangelical

party, after vainly endeavouring to convert Lord

Brougham. Who wrought Lord Lyndhurst's

conversion at the eleventh hour, we are not

informed; but Mr. Grant is kind enough to

intimate that the rescuer of the burning brand

was one whose "social position" was not in-

ferior to that of his illustrious proselyte. "When others were admitted," Mr. Grant

assures us, "Lord Lyndhurst made a point

of directing their attention to the great verities of the Gospel. Again and again did he endeavour to get Lord Brougham, who visited

him often, to engage in conversation on divine

things, but never with success. Lord Brougham

on all such occasions evaded every effort made

by Lord Lyndhurst to enlighten or advise him

in relation to the one thing needful-the one

thing without which there can be no happiness

hereafter, but where there will inevitably be

the reverse. Lord Lyndhurst thus continued

to speak religiously to those who came to see

him until enfeebled nature was no longer capable of the effort." But enough has been

said to indicate the qualities of a book the

writer of which, more forgetful apparently than the world of his own editorial slips, goes

out of his way to laugh at the editor of the

Quarterly, who spoke of "Mexico and the

other States of South America" in an article which his pen contributed to the first number

of the Review that appeared under his man-

agement.

WICLIF'S TRIALOGUS.

Joannis Wiclif Trialogus, cum Supplemento Trialogi. Illum recensuit, hoc primum edidit, utrumque Commentario Critico instruxit Gotthardus Lechler, &c. (Clarendon Press, Oxford.)

THE life of Wiclif was not accurately known or adequately treated till a very recent period. Before the late lamented Dr. Shirley, no scholar or critic had handled it properly except Lewis, who, though his first professed biographer, was and still is the best. The Oxford Professor gave a new form to portions of the life; he pointed out and corrected mistakes of his predecessors. He enumerated Wiclif's works more fully, and distinguished him from another writer of the same name. The treatise published by Todd, 'The Last Age of the Church,' was shown not to be his, but rather the production of some Franciscan monk. Premature death, however, put an end to the hopes of those who looked forward to an edition of Wielif's select works from one so competent to the task. On the other hand, German scholars have occupied themselves with the life and opinions of the illustrious reformer. To Lewald, in Niedner's Zeitschrift for 1846, 1847, we owe the best account of his theological doctrines. In the same journal, 1853, 1854, Lechler wrote a sketch of Wiclif and the Lollards, which was only a youthful performance, and far inferior to his later article in the eightcenth volume of Herzog's 'Encyklopædie.' Whoever wishes to know the distinguished precursor of the Reformation need not now have recourse to any other books than Lewis's Life, Shirley's 'Fasciculus Zizaniorum,' and Lewald; for Lechler seems to have added nothing new; and other authors lack either research or scholarship, or both.

In 1863 Prof. Lechler edited for the first time Wiclif's treatise on the pastoral office from a Vienna MS.; and now he has re-edited the 'Trialogus,' with the Supplement which was not printed before. The former was first published in 1525, probably at Basle, and reprinted at Frankfort in 1753.

Wiclif was a voluminous author. He was a translator of the Scriptures, a commentator, a sermon-maker, a philosopher, a theologian; and he interested himself in the leading questions of his day. Politics as well as religion attracted him; while he contributed to the development of the English language by his prose writings, especially by the Bible versions which he and his followers made. In theology he was a disciple of Augustine. Scholastic, metaphysical, subtle, he did not pretend to reform the doctrinal tenets handed down from an early age, but to enunciate and establish them. Indeed his speculative ability was not of a high order. His great aim was to amend the constitution of the Church, not its doctrines

The 'Trialogus,' his largest and latest work, was so called because it is in the form of discourses between three speakers, termed Alithia, Pseustis, and Phronesis, i.e. truth, falsehood, thoughtfulness. The first speaks as a solid philosopher; the second, as a captious unbeliever; the third, as a ripe divine. The treatise consists of four books, treating of God; of the world; of virtues, sins, and the Saviour; of signs. His doctrine as to the nature of God is manifestly Augustinian, as is that of

the incarnation. The second book contains scholastic and metaphysical discussions on the creation of the world and the relations of created beings, with digressions into various departments of knowledge. In the third, the writer shows his belief in predestination, original sin, and the satisfaction made by Christ for sin according to the scholastic theory. The fourth treats of the sacraments, the resurrection of the dead, the last judgment, the state of the blessed and the damned, &c. Wiclif's ideas of the Lord's supper are not very clear. They did not coincide with what was afterwards taught on the subject by Calvin and Zwingli; neither were they identical with the consubstantiation-theory of Luther, though they approached it. Of eternal punishment, he appears to have had no doubt. The Supplement contains various discussions respecting Church endowments, the Pope, the mendicant brothers, &c. Curiously enough, in Matthew xxiv. 23, &c., Christ is said to have had the Papal schism in view.

The form and language of the work are scholastic, rough and difficult. Interesting as an exposition of the views held by one who imbued his age with the salutary spirit of Church reform, it is comparatively useless to the divine of our time. Wiclif did not emancipate himself from the fetters of a venerable but unbiblical theology—a theology more metaphysical than natural, more harsh than comprehensive, more Patristic than Christian.

The work has been edited by Lechler, from four MSS. in the Library of Vienna, which he describes in the Prolegomena; two of them having the Supplement also. In addition to the latter, two MSS, in the same Library have the Supplement alone. Thus four MSS, were used for either treatise. The editor has performed his task carefully and well. His Prolegomena contain a full account of the 'Trialogus' and Supplement; and three indexes add to the value of the volume. The delegates of the Clarendon Press could not have found a better scholar for the work, one who has a more extensive knowledge of Wiclif's writings or greater sympathy with our countryman in the self-denying labours which hastened the advance of a brighter period for England and the world.

Historical Notices of Events occurring chiefly in the Reign of Charles the First. By Nehemiah Wallington, of St. Leonards, East-Cheap, London. Edited from the Original MSS. With Notes and Illustrations. 2 vols. (Bentley.)

Towards the close of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, Nehemiah Wallington, the tenth of a family of twelve children, was born in Eastcheap. His father was a turner and churchwarden; both parents were rigid puritans, and Nehemiah was an ultra-puritan from childhood to death. "When I dwelt in the house with my father," says Nehemiah, "I did use every day to go up alone into the high garret to pray, whether for fashion's sake or custom's sake I know not." Nehemiah seems to have been thoroughly honest, but had "a crabbit nature," as he calls it, which he succeeded, if not in subduing, at least in bringing under control. Unlike his father, who was the husband of three successive wives, Nehemiah steeled his heart against womankind and all

its fascinations, till Grace Rampain was wooed and became Mistress Nehemiah Wallington. Grace won a husband, who confesses the help he derived from "the good counsel of my beloved wife, for I have often entreated her to mark my life, and to tell me when I do amiss." What times were those for wives, when thus entreated to mark their lords' shortcomings!

Nehemiah Wallington set up as a turner in Little Eastcheap, without offending his father by the vicinity. Children grew up around him, business prospered; but he remarks—"My loving Father did afflict me in the body, for I was troubled very much with the toothache, so that I took little rest night and day, and it cost me about eight shillings in things to help me, and yet could find but little ease.' There was general as well as individual suffering, for the great plague lasted nearly all through 1625, and sometimes swept off five thousand victims in a single week, yet the Wallingtons never moved out of the very centre of death, although they knew their danger. Sixty children had died in one single alley, and they heard "how God had swept away whole families, and taken away fifteen or sixteen out of some houses . . . and we did hear that one woman laid eight pair of sheets in Mary Whitechapel churchyard." When the Destroyer took Nehemiah's favourite child, Elizabeth, the mourner's wife bore the loss with stouter heart than he. "The grief," writes the father, "for this child was so great, I forgot myself so much, that I did offend God in it." It was amid trials as great as the above, but with a trade so flourishing that he says he once took to the amount of 10*l*, in one day, that this zealous political puritan began to copy passages from the news-books which, with his occasional comments, form the staple of these volumes. It would be hard to say whom he hated most,

Romanizing Church of England clergy or the Monarchists, King Charles or Archbishop Laud; and it would be as hard to say which Nehemiah loved most, the watching over public matters or the noting of them down in books. Indeed, he had books also of another description: diaries, commonplace books, and volumes in which he entered whatever struck him as being of interest. It is perhaps to be regretted that Wallington's diary was not added to, or made to take the place of, much of these transcripts from diurnals and other publications.

It was not likely that a man of such principles in religion and politics as those held by Nehemiah, and who did not care to conceal them or be silent about them, would long escape the Star Chamber, and in 1639 he was brought before that costly Court for having books in his possession which, he says, "were not to the lordly Prelates' liking." He was indicted with others. "When I read," he says, "that I was in the same bill with Mr. Prynne, Mr. Burton, and Dr. Bastwick, . . . . I was glad, and joy was in my heart, that I should be put among them, and to be made partaker of saints' sufferings; and indeed I was more comfortable all the while under this trouble than I have been under a far less." Wallington, however, escaped the cruelties that were inflicted on his fellow victims. He confessed to having read the 'Divine Tragedy,' 'News from Ipswich,' 'The Apology and Appeal to the King'; but he possessed none of these, nor had he any knowledge by whom they were printed. His prosecution dragged on till 1641,

when he at last got free; but this immunity did not make him any more a friend to monarchy, nor was his heart in the slightest degree touched with sympathy for the catastrophe which befell the monarch. On "January 30th, 1649," Wallington writes, "about two o'clock, was King Charles beheaded on a scaffold in Whitehall." The entry is followed by this comment:—"Whatever may be unjust with men, God is righteous and just in whatever he doth." And, finally, he quotes from Judges as a joyous justification of the deed—"They took Adonibezek, and cut off the thumbs of his hands and of his feet. And Adonibezek said, seventy kings, having the thumbs of their feet and of their hands cut off, gathered bread under my table: as I have done, God hath rewarded me. So they brought him to Jerusalem, and there he died."

We hardly need say that in all the extracts from the diurnals and other news-books and in the original passages, the virtue is all on the one side, the faults are confined to the other. "There was," he says, in reference to alleged attempts at assassination by the royalists, "a letter brought to Mr. Pym, with an odious plaster taken from a plague-sore, saying, 'if this will not do, then a dagger shall,' and as I did hear very creditably, one standing by him, looking over his shoulder upon it, took a conceit at it, and sickened, and died presently." It is not often that the godly are spoken of as suffering harm, for they are generally saved by miraculous interposition. When Marlborough was set on fire in five several places, and burnt down whole rows of houses, yet, by the great providence of God, the fire did not burn any house down of those that held for the cause of God, but all those that held with the enemies against us, had their houses and barns, to the number of fifty and odd houses, burnt down. Although the fire was set to one honest man's house, yet it would not take, for the fire-brand went out again and did no hurt." So, in one of the encounters between the force under Lord Brooks and that under Lord Northampton, we are told that the royal cannon missed everything, and that "God's wonderful work was observed in the guidance of the adverse party's bullets." Again, in the affair between Banbury and Stratford, we are told that ten royalists perished for one Commonwealth-man. "And observe God's wonderful works, for those that were slam of our side were most of them runaway; but those that stood most valiantly to it, they were most preserved; so that you may see the Lord stands for them that stand for him." Of course, taking this in Nehemiah's sense, there is ample proof unconsciously contributed to the contrary.

Though written by a partisan, the volumes are full of interesting matter. It is the matter out of which history is partly made, and the history of the time will be all the better understood by a perusal of these papers printed from the MSS. of Nehemiah Wallington.

The Stranger of Seriphos: a Dramatic Poem.

By Frederick Napier Broome. (Macmillan & Co.)

Mr. Broome has rightly refrained from naming his work a drama; for, apart from the cardinal fault that it reaches no proper climax of interest or passion, 'The Stranger of Seriphos' has faults of construction which exclude it from the

category. The six scenes into which it is divided lack symmetry, and the action is injudiciously distributed. Nor is there any mastery displayed in the dramatic changes, the introduction of a new movement being effected much as it is effected by those unskilful playwrights who announce the approach of a new actor with the phrase, "But here he comes!" Judged as a poem, however, Mr. Broome's performance has merit. Prospective and retrospective history is' so felicitously revealed that our interest is materially heightened by the knowledge of what has led up to, and what hereafter will result from, the current action; and the principal characters are well discriminated and clearly drawn. Danae, the Stranger of Seriphos, whose heart foretells her all that is in store for the divine child with whom she has bound up her life, is especially a graceful and delicate creation; for her persistent and consistent trust in the fate ordained by the gods does not produce arrogance, but, rather, meekness—meekness qualified however by the knowledge that she is one

Whose eyes once looked where veils were drawn aside, And caught some marvellous glimpses.

And behind and in front of the personages of the drama are two figures,—dim, vague, and unindividualized, yet exercising paramount control on the fortunes of the human actors. These are Athene, the destiny, and the boy Perseus; and the manner in which the author exhibits the power of these obscurely-seen shadows is effective and admirable. The execution throughout, if we except such casual slips as

Go, and rejoice that neither thou nor I Are found unworthy,

exhibits high qualities both in the dialogue and in the lyrical passages. Nowhere are there any strong situations, and, consequently, there is little fervour of passion. Grace and beauty of expression are Mr. Broome's characteristic merits, and these qualities are displayed in many passages. Danae's narrative of the visit to her chamber of Jupiter, the song of the temple singer, Ianthe, in which is foretold the future renown of Perseus, and several of the choruses may be cited in proof

On the other hand-and in abatement of our praise-we must add that the poem is amenable to two charges. In the first place, it lacks local colouring. Materially and morally, we feel ourselves in a northern atmosphere. There is no southern weather in the sky; and, instead of the waves of the Ægean, we are constantly reminded of the tides of our own shores. Except in one instance, the demeanour of the actors also is modern and Christian, not ancient and Greek: the men and women are too undemonstrative, too reflective, too fond of self-communing. A modern spirit pervades the tone of their thought, and the soul plays too important a part in their action. But the other charge we have to make is more serious. In our review of a previous volume by Mr. Broome, while crediting the author with much independent imagination, we pointed out the influence of Mr. Swinburne on his poems, and expressed our hope that his next work would be superior in originality. In this hope, we are sorry to say, we have been disappointed. 'The Stranger of Seriphos' bears even deeper traces of the influence to which we have alluded than did 'Poems from New Zealand.' The theme, the treatment, the spirit, often the very collocation of words, remind us of the author

of 'Atalanta.' The hand is the hand of Mr. Broome, but the voice is the voice of Mr. Swinburne. As we said on a former occasion, Mr. Broome has given decisive proof that he possesses a poetic faculty of his own. Let him cultivate this for the future, and we believe that he may achieve the distinction as a poet at which he aims.

The Evidence for the Papacy. By the Hon. Colin Lindsay. (Longmans & Co.)

THE author of this work in his 'Introductory Epistle' informs us that he has devoted "six months incessant study" to "a complete investigation of those principles of Church government which Christ had instituted for the benefit of His people." The result of this study may be inferred from the fact that the writer has seceded to the Roman Catholic Church; but it may occur to some to doubt whether such a period of literary labour qualifies any one for re-opening a question which has been debated by Jewell, Bramhall, Barrow, and other eminent men. The work contains two inquiries: 1. Saint Peter's supremacy; 2. The Papal supremacy. Reference is made to Holy Scripture and the Consensus Patrum. A collection of Papal Acta, Epistles, and the testimony of Emperors is added, and under the heading 'Audi Alteram Partem,' Barrow's treatise on the 'Supremacy of the Pope' is discussed, and objections considered.

The author's view of the Roman Church is that usually entertained by new converts.
"So perfect is her unity it is the marvel as well as the envy of the world." "Her unity of faith is faultless"; "No heresy has ever obtained possession of the chair of St. Peter at Rome," pp. lvii, lviii. Father Botalla thought it necessary to write a large pamphlet in support of such statements, but our author deals with these questions in a more summary manner. "With respect to Pope Honorius it is evident on reading his extant letters that he was no heretic, though he was blame-worthy," &c., p. xxv; and "Liberius may have fallen through fear; Honorius may have allowed himself to have been deceived, but not a single Pope, when declaring the doctrine of the Church, and speaking ex cathedra, has ever promulged a heresy," p. 253. We commend M. Renouf's recent pamphlet to the notice of the author: but this manner of passing over controverted points does not tend to add weight to his

conclusions.

As a specimen of arguments from Scripture we may refer to pp. 4, 5, on Rev. xxi. 10-20. Much stress is laid on the fact that one stone is predominant, the jasper stone, and that the wall is exclusively built of this. The foundation is, perhaps, the most important part of a wall; and we are told that this wall had twelve foundations, and in them the names of the twelve apostles of the Lamb. If this passage proves anything in this controversy, it would seem to imply that St. Peter's authority rested on that of the twelve, rather than that they derived their authority from him. Nor is Mr. Lindsay's treatment of the Thirty-nine articles much more logical: for instance, he objects to the statement that the Churches of Jerusalem, Alexandria and Antioch have erred as "solemnly rejecting the Oriental Church as guilty of error," and yet makes the same statement repeatedly—" Every one of the Apostolic Thrones of the Church

except St. Peter's at Rome has been defiled with deadly heresy. The Apostolic Thrones of Alexandria, Antioch, Jerusalem have all denied the saving truths of the Gospel," p. lviii. Similar statements are to be found on pp. lvi, lix (more than once), lx, lxiii.

In discussing St. Cyprian's statements and action, the author says :- "There is nothing ... which can possibly amount to even a protest against the supremacy of the Holy See" (p. 274). Yet he admits that, "to a superficial reader and partisan," the language is "not only very strong, but overwhelming, and apparently conclusive against the supremacy of the Holy See" (p. 272). We cannot follow the arguments brought forward at length; suffice it to say, that readers whose calm judgment removes them from the list of partisans have come to conclusions varying very much from those

arrived at in this work.

In discussing the case of Pope Gregory, the author says (p. 297) :- "It is held, however, that the supremacy which he (Pope Gregory) possessed differs essentially from that exercised by the present Holy Pontiff. In what consists the difference?" The answer to this question may be found in the writings of those "liberal Catholics" who have recently spoken with reference to the Council, and the discussion of it is far more likely to lead to results than the inquiry into Patristic evidence. To put the matter practically: if one of the existing prelates were to characterize the proceedings of Pope Pius the Ninth with respect to the present Council in words analogous to those used by St. Cyprian to St. Stephen, would he be regarded as a supporter of papal supremacy, and if he would not, how can this father be appealed to in the controversy? It is worse than an anachronism to go to the Fathers of the first five centuries to prove a supremacy, and then to interpret the terms employed by them by the practice of the nineteenth cen-The writings of Mgr. Maret, Janus and the author of 'Reform der Römischen Kirche in Haupt und Gliedern' show that there are thoughtful members of the Roman Church who can appreciate the difference between the supremacy as exercised by Pius the First and Pius the Ninth, by Gregory the Great and the predecessor of the present Pontiff. While our author is labouring to prove the position of the Pope from ancient documents, we hear stern protests against the wounds which the "Curialsystem" has inflicted on the Roman Church. The centralization of all power in Rome may be matter of congratulation for the Archbishop of Westminster and the Civilta; it is matter of fear to many learned and influential members of the Roman Church. Those outside her pale will do well to await the issue of the Council, and see what papal supremacy is henceforth practically to be: to learn from the present, before they accept the conclusions at which the Hon. Colin Lindsay has arrived from study of the past.

#### QUEENSLAND.

A Visit to Queensland and her Gold-Fields. By Charles H. Allen. (Chapman & Hall.) Four Years in Queensland, By E. B. Kennedy. (Stanford.)

Too much of Mr. Allen's book is taken up with accounts of the journey out by the overland route, and the return through the United

States and Canada. But Mr. Allen writes clearly and well, and he has the power of bringing things before us without apparent When he has fairly reached Queensland, he finds much to tell us on the resources and prospects of the colony, and the field it opens to emigrants. How to utilize the supplies of meat; how to provide sufficient labour, and from what class of men the ranks of emigration should be recruited, are questions of moment. Mr. Allen deals with all these points in turn. Seeing the finest mutton ticketed a penny a pound in the shops of the Sydney butchers, he has thought of the demand for meat in England, and has longed for some means of relieving the poor at home and benefiting the Australian producer. Yet while Mr. Allen feels some doubt as to the efficacy of many of the schemes devised for bringing Australian meat to the hungry mouths of England, he is cautious about recommending the converse scheme of sending out the hungry mouths of England to the Australian meatmarket. Wages are high; labourers can live cheaply; domestic servants may command almost any prices, and the acquisition of land is easy. But the class which looks to emigration as the panacea for all evils, is not generally in a position to avail itself of these opportunities. Mr. Allen shows that too many people emigrate without having any special aptitude for the hard life of a new country. A man who is willing to work, and does not mind how he lives, may be pretty sure of employment as a bushman or shepherd, or he may try the goldfields with a chance of success. These are the chief inducements held out in the present book, and each intending emigrant must decide whether they are sufficient.

Of the roughness of Queensland life we have many instances. Mr. Allen tells us of his passing the night in a little shanty near one of the gold-fields, and being told to be careful with the light as there was a barrel of gunpowder under one of the beds. The landlord was remonstrated with, and he at length removed the gunpowder to a kennel just outside the window, with a blacksmith's forge immediately opposite. Another inn at which Mr. Allen stopped was run up hastily by a couple of enterprising Scotchmen, and consisted of nothing more than some sheets of iron propped up by wooden supports. At a neighbouring inn, Mr. Allen was left in charge of the bar while the landlord went in search of a horse. An adventure with bushrangers which took place in this part of the country bears more painful witness to the insecurity of life; yet we do not hear of many such attacks on ordinary travellers. Mr. Allen seems to have found the country generally safe. He tells us that a great deal of visiting is done during moonlight nights,-ladies and gentlemen riding long distances to small dancing-parties, and starting off for journeys of twenty miles or more at one or two in the morning. The brilliancy of the Australian moon impressed Mr. Allen, and he brings out some of the effects of light with very happy touches. On his voyage out, he speaks of the vertical sun shining down the funnel of the steamer, cutting the broad circle of the horizon into two exact hemispheres, and sinking to rest precisely opposite to the place where it rose. And as the sun sank to rest, the young moon appeared like an exquisite silver boat sitting on the waters, the curve not standing

up at right-angles as in our latitude, but depressed so as to be exactly horizontal. In Queensland, too, on Christmas Day, Mr. Allen saw the sun shining straight down the kitchen chimney into the fire. A remarkable effect was presented by a rainbow stretching across Sydney Harbour, and spanning it so exactly that it seemed a triumphal arch reaching from one shore to the other. Perhaps Mr. Allen's best piece of description is the account of the railway from Brisbane to the Darling Downs. He sketches the ascent through precipitous gorges closely set with gum-trees, the railway being carried along the face of the hill in broad curves, and the miniature carriages and engine creeping up almost imperceptibly, now turning a corner of rock, now diving through a short tunnel, now bridging a creek, till you reach the summit, and come upon a beautiful meadow-land glittering with green and thick with flocks, which are varied every now and then by the wild turkey and the emu. Pictures such as these lend a charm to Mr. Allen's pages, and relieve the graver mass of practical information which is intended for the good of possible emigrants.

Mr. Kennedy confines himself strictly to Queensland. He does not trouble us with any description of his voyage, and he talks laudably little of himself, so that, in a small space, he gives much information to the intending emigrant, for whom alone he writes, but his grammar is incorrect; his style is bad and full of "slang" phrases; and nobody except an emigrant will care to read his book. There is, however, no attempt at fine writing.

map seems excellent.

The Private Life of Galileo. Compiled principally from his Correspondence and that of his Eldest Daughter, Sister Maria Celeste, Nun in the Franciscan Convent of S. Matthew, in Arcetri. (Macmillan & Co.)

GALILEO is here presented to us in his ordinary life, in connexion with his unphilosophic and sometimes vexatious relatives, and, finally, at his trial, which is more circumstantially detailed than in other English narratives; many particulars being derived from extracts made by M. de l'Épinois from the original trial papers, now in the archives of the Vatican.

Even petty events of common occurrence are invested with attraction when they gather around the Italian philosopher; and when we read of Galileo's cares as the head of his family, by the death of his father in 1591, and his pecuniary responsibilities, we can fully sympathize with his earthly troubles. His brother was a borrower from him and a burden to him, and he had to find a suitable husband for his sister, and a trousseau at her marriage. By his mistress, a Venetian of the lower class, he had three children; two of them, being daughters, he placed in the convent of S. Matthew, at Arcetri, with a view to their taking the veil. The elder of these, Polissena Galilei, took the conventual name of Sister Maria Celeste, and her letters to her father tell us all we know of her, and much that we already knew of her father. Unfortunately, his letters to her have disappeared. The most is made in this volume of Sister Maria Celeste's letters; but, apart from Galileo, who would care to read such trifles as this, for example,-"I return the table-cloth in which the lamb was

wrapped: You have a pillow-case of ours in which we sent your shirts; also a basket and a coverlet"? In truth, his brother's selfishness and arrogance, with his daughter's conventual narrowness, are barely worth the attention they have received, for abstract the name of Galileo, and these trifles would have been left interred

Had Galileo been only immoral, the Church of Rome might have left him in peace and quietude. It was the publication of his great work the 'Dialogue,' in 1632, which dis-turbed the Cardinals and destroyed the rest of Galileo. A full narrative of the persecution and the trial which followed is given in the pages before us, and forms about a third part of the volume. This portion is interesting, and well put together. Here the reader notes the simplicity and sincerity of Galileo, accompanied with natural timidity and dread of the Inquisition. The Pope became a tool in the hands of the Jesuits, and Galileo was only too glad to recant in order to avoid the rack and imprisonment. It is painful to read in his abjuration, "I, Galileo Galilei, son of the late Vincenzio Galilei of Florence, aged seventy years, tried personally by this Court, and kneeling before you the Most Eminent and Reverend Lord Cardinals, Inquisitors General, throughout the Christian Republic, against heretical depravity . . . . since I, after having been admonished by this Holy Office entirely to abandon the opinion that the sun was the centre of the universe and immovable, and that the earth was not the centre of the same and that it moved, and that I was neither to hold, defend, nor teach in any manner whatever, either orally or in writing, the said false doctrine . . . . nevertheless, wishing to remove from the minds of your Eminences and all faithful Christians this vehement suspicion reasonably conceived against me, I abjure with a sincere heart and unfeigned faith, I curse and detest the said error and heresies, and generally all and every error and sect contrary to the Holy Catholic Church," &c.

The story that Galileo, on rising from his knees, after his formal abjuration, muttered "Eppure si muove" ("It does move though"), may be still employed in sermons and popular lectures, but is baseless. "Alone and without support, in the midst of that stern assembly, distressed in mind and suffering in body, we may fairly suppose that, prudential motives apart, his wit, far from being sharpened, had been numbed by despair and anguish at his

humiliation."

The sentence of perpetual imprisonment was considerately commuted by the Pope to a relegation of the abjurer to the Villa Medici, in the pleasant gardens of Trinita del Monte. Subsequently, his prison was changed to Arcetri; and before his nun-daughter lay down in her last narrow bed, side by side with her sister nuns in the little convent cemetery, she was allowed once more to embrace her father. Throughout his life Galileo seems to have been quiet, faithful to his family, and ever industrious in study. Modest and unassuming, he neither envied nor depreciated the talents of other men; and his only selfcommendation was his remark when his eyesight was decaying,-that of all the sons of Adam none had seen so much as he.

He was social, and, if he could have company, never took a meal alone. He was a

great connoisseur in wines, was fond of gardening and pruning his vineyard, and it was said that there was no art, science or handicraft in which he was not superior to the generality of men professing them. His company was much sought after for his ready wit and pleasant discourse; while as a Professor, he was no less loved and valued than as a friend. However clear a subject was to his own mind, he was not satisfied till he had made it as clear to the minds of his pupils. "From Signor Galileo," wrote Marsili, a Professor at Pisa in 1637, "I learned more in three months than I did in as many years from other men.'

The People of India. Edited by J. Forbes Watson and John William Kaye. Vols. III. and IV. (Allen & Co.)

THE first two volumes of this splendid work appeared eighteen months ago, and were then noticed in this paper. It will give those who have not visited India a good idea of the variety of tribes which inhabit that country when they find that in these four volumes two hundred and twenty-six specimens of different races are shown, and many still remain to be noticed. There are, of course, many portraits which belong to the same tribe; but, after making allowance for this, the clans are still to be reckoned by scores. In the first two volumes the portraits were chiefly of aborigines. In these the specimens are, for the most part, of Aryans or Mohammedans, and we find in them much better-looking faces and more stalwart frames. The localities from which the photographs are taken are, Aligarh, Mirat, Saharanpur, Delhi, Lahore, and the mountains to the north and east.

It is perhaps to be regretted that a different order was not adopted in presenting the photo-graphs to the reader. The first volumes might have contained all the aboriginal tribes; after which specimens of the four castes of Hindús might have been given, followed by those of the mixed castes; then the Buddhists and Jains, and, last of all, the Mohammedans. In such an important work, too, it would surely have been better to have adopted the correct and classical spelling. As matters at present stand, the same word is spelt in two or three different ways, and all of them wrong. Let us take, for example, the word "Kshatriyah." Under photograph 111, this word is spelt Chuttree; but in 119 and 120, Kshuttri; in 182, Cshuttree; in 192, Khuttri. Under photograph 207, we find Kaniat, which reappears at 212 and 218 as Kunyt; and so with many other names throughout the book. Besides this, we object strongly to the repeated doubling of consonants, which are single in the original words. Thus, Agarwala is written Uggurwalla; a frightful, incorrect and unnecessary lengthening of the word. Again, why should Hasanu 'l Husaini be written Hussunool-Hosseinee? and Thag be written Thugga? It is not necessary to double the g in order to distinguish the word from Thug, the name of the murderers now adopted into the English language. Again, in many places the h is transposed, as in Bhuddik, for Badhak. Most of the words would have been found properly spelt in the supplemental glossary of Sir H. M. Elliott, a new edition of which has lately appeared. Finally, we must protest against the old vulgarisms Bheesties and Shroffs for Bihishtís and Saráfs; and, for an especial reason, we would wish to see the name Dalíp properly spelt, instead of Dulleep.

Should this work ever be republished we trust the text will be rewritten. As it at present stands it is no doubt of value to those who wish to get a general knowledge of the Indian tribes; but the account of them is far from being accurate or complete. For instance, in the description of the Doms, here written Domes, under title 174, nothing is said of the old forts, which are stated to have been founded by this interesting aboriginal tribe, such as Domangarh, Ramgarh and Sahankot, or of the tribe of Mohammedans of the same name. Under title 139 a certain Saiyid is said to be a Shiah of the Sunni belief, which is like saying that a man is a Roman Catholic of the Protestant belief. Under title 223, in the account of the potters, no mention is made of the very curious and interesting legend respecting Sháliváhan. Under title 194 it is said that "it is difficult to determine any probable origin for the Nuts." The word ought to be written Nat, and it is certain that they are included amongst the Sudras, though, no doubt, like many other branches of that caste, they were in India prior to the Aryan invasion. A good many Hindustani words are derived from their name significant of roguery. They are the jugglers of India, and the account given of some of their tricks is as true as it is curious.

We should like to see some scientific account given of the "well-authenticated snake-stone" mentioned under title 205, and of which we read "if affixed to a snake-bite or sting of a scorpion it undoubtedly holds fast and draws off the poison." This we have witnessed with our own eyes. There are, perhaps, secrets to be learnt of the snake-charmers of India, if modern science would condescend to listen to them, and we commend what they say of their familiar spirits to the attention of those who take an interest in spiritualism.

We cannot conclude without expressing a wish that copies of this curious and interesting work may be given to the leading Orientalists on the continent, whose annotations and corrections would be of the greatest value.

#### NOVELS OF THE WEEK.

Lady Flora; or, the Events of a Winter in Sweden, and a Summer in Rome, in the years 1846 and 1847. By Selina Bunbury. 2 vols. (Newby.)

Christabel Kingscote; or, the Patience of Hope. By Emma Marshall. (Seeley, Jackson & Halliday.)

The Harrises. 3 vols. (Allen & Co.)

The Lily and the Rose; or, the Untruth of a True Heart. 3 vols. (Tinsley Brothers.) Reminiscences of an Attorney. 3 vols. (Newby.) Annals of an Eventful Life. 3 vols. (Hurst & Blackett.)

WE should be afraid to try to give a guess at the number of books Miss Bunbury has written since she first ventured to publish; but like the too large majority of young writers she got, we fear, more harm than good from the moderate success of her start, for it seems to have misled her with the notion that because, out of certain materials, an author constructed an interesting work yesterday, she may count confidently on constructing an equally good one, out of any materials whatever, to-day. The result has been that the encouraging welcome given by the reading public to an entertaining picture of Swedish life in 1821 has induced Miss Bunbury to manufacture a book out of every journey (we should imagine) that she has taken since, and when there were no journeys to fall back upon, out of that neverfailing resource, imagination. As to the journeys, at least, we can ourselves vouch from memory in respect to France, Spain, Italy, Russia and England.

In these two volumes, as in 'Florence Manvers,'-its immediate predecessor if we remember rightly,-the notes of travel seem to have been too scanty for the occasion, and consequently to have necessitated dilution into fiction. The liquid employed is, we readily concede, as harmless a one as any that could have been chosen,-the purest milk and water. It is quite conceivable (and we say this without the faintest tinge of irony) that children may sip the decoction with much gusto; and (to drop metaphor) if the author had set herself down deliberately to write a book for children,-say from eleven to fifteen,-and had adapted its "plot," such as it is, to the average comprehensions of that time of life, we should honestly have recommended 'Lady Flora.' As it is, she has written a book which must be styled a novel, too complicated and too wearisome by far for very young people, and too improbable and too puerile for the elders. What the mystery is on which it is founded-Lady Flora, of course, being its centre-piece and embodiment-can be easily revealed by a quotation from the author herself-one of the most eccentric attempts at quotation from another which it has been our lot to stumble across for a long time:-

> Who was her father, who was her mother? Had she a sister, had she a brother? Or was there a dearer one still, And a nearer one far than all other?

Of the other-the theoretically solid-element of the book, all that need be said is, that, as the writer frankly tells us, a good deal of it has been told us by her before, and that either her note-book must have been made a long time after her 'Summer in Rome,' or the ink must be like the initials which the Irishman advertised in his description of a lost sack, "so rubbed out as not to be legible." Miss Bunbury, who left Rome in 1847, relates among the stirring episodes of her stay there Count Rossi's assassination, the siege of the Quirinal by the populace, and the Pope's flight directly afterwards. The first of these events occurred on the 15th of November, 1848, the second on the 16th, and the third on the 24th.

Mrs. Marshall has long been known as one of the very, very few who have mastered the difficult art of mixing together religion and fiction into a palatable, as well as a wholesome, draught. Indeed in the case of more than one of her simple little stories—emphatically in the case of the one before us—to call it palatable would be a gratuitous insult. "Christabel Kingscote" is as pretty and fascinating a tale, and as prettily and artistically told, as the novel-reader can wish for; while for big sisters, who on Sunday-afternoons want something suitable to read to the small fry over the fire in these winter months, or out of doors in summer, we remember no book which we have more pleasure in recommending.

The author of 'The Harrises,' in his pre-

face, remarks, "It has been my habit throughout a long life to keep what can hardly be called a diary-because very little is recorded therein relating to myself-but a sort of commonplace book, wherein from time to time I have entered the heads or outlines of the histories of such of my acquaintances as had any history attaching to them at all." Without pausing to reflect on the gratification these acquaintances must derive from the author's custom, we may state at once that the present story-if such a disconnected train of ideas deserves the name-is one of the histories entered into this commonplace book, -- commonplace indeed, if this is a specimen of its contents. We wish that the author had kept his book, as he ought to have done, for his private circle; and yet this wish is unjust. The author's friends, so far as we can learn, are not to blame, as most friends are, for the production of thesethree volumes. We, therefore, withdraw that wish, and express another to the effect that the author might have been content with reading his own tales aloud to himself. We are sure he would have enjoyed this much more than hearing the criticisms of others on the present production. We feel constrained to say that it has seldom fallen to our lot to read so tame a novel; for the hope of a plot that the reader has at the opening of the first volume fades speedily away two or three pages further on, and leaves him in a depressed and stagnant condition from which he never emerges till the task of reading is done. The main incidents: of the story are one bigamy, a brother falling in love with his half-sister (an extremely revolting, unnecessary and unoriginal supposition), and one murder. Even the murder, however, does not enliven.

'The Lily and the Rose, or The Untruth of a True Heart,' can, to a certain extent, beestimated by its second title. It is gushing The personages are ludicrously and silly. unlifelike, and the situations similarly unreal. The hero, one Mervyn Claire, would be particularly obnoxious were he a real individual, for there are plenty of disagreeablepeople in the world, but, thank goodness! none so insufferable as this boy. When at school he is described thus:—"He stood alone there, as he had always done, and in spite of the contempt in which he was held by very many, he had an inward consciousness of power that raised him far above it, and left him not even the wish to undeceive them by coming into open competition. At one timehis words would flow in song, an all-powerful torrent that would not be stayed. At others some strange enchanting story would possess him, fill him heart and brain, and overflow in words of fire." This charming songster with his all-powerful torrent is nevertheless, on the whole, preferable to our tastes to the young lady who soliloquizes in the following fashion: -"Oh my brother, my brother! O Lucifer, Lucifer! my fallen star! He was my sun, but you were my morning star; and I was but a little earth flower offering up my incense to you both; while you lived far away from me in your own brightness. But now my star has fallen down among the flowers. The world is full of his poetry as the earth is full of sunbeams, and men cannot see the source, for their eyes are dazzled. But I have seen it-the little flower has seen it; the little flower knows the secret of the great sun, whose glory has

only fallen on it to fill its eyes with dew." To any one capable of writing such twaddle as this it seems hopeless offering any advice or

making any suggestions,

'Reminiscences of an Attorney' in one respect may be said to be written after the style of the 'Diary of a Late Physician,' inasmuch as it is a series of tales supposed to be founded on incidents which have occurred in the professional experience of the author. The two works, however, are not comparable in other respects. Here the first two stories are the best, as they at least possess the one negative but great merit of being short. The remaining three tales are deficient in this quality, and also in anything approaching to interest. The scenes are laid in Ireland, but the dialect in which the conversations are rendered is quite free from any likeness to the "brogue." The author is apparently under the impression that he is giving his readers an exact representation of the manner of speech of the sons of Erin. We judge of this from the fact that every word uttered by an Irishman in the tales is misspelt in a curious manner, and if these words are read according to the spelling they seem as much like Icelandic as anything. The author, if he makes another attempt to represent Irishmen in print, should study not only their method of pronunciation but their peculiar idiomatic expressions. In his present work he makes a similar mistake to that committed by the gentleman who thought he was speaking Italian when he added an o or an ino to his native English word. Another defect of this work is a want of refinement, more especially about the female characters, which causes the reader to turn away with repugnance. For example, a lady of whom the author speaks in the highest praise as being especially refined, remarks to an old friend kissing her, "Go along, you coarse, rude, hairy brute you;" an observation neither witty nor amusing. Again, the author observes, "It is my belief that a novel-writer should not introduce conversations unless they bear reference to or tend to elucidate the story." Notwithstanding this, he is guilty not only of introducing long conversations, but people and events which have no reference at all to the matter in hand, and which, far from "tending to elucidate," have the precisely contrary effect, as the reader is thereby muddled to a degree perfectly incompatible with a proper appreciation of the abilities of the author.

An eventful life is one thing; a novel purporting to be an eventful autobiography is another. Take it which way we will, that a narrative gathered from real life is expanded into a novel, or that a novel is so constructed as to appear like the continuous story of one man's career, the conditions of success are different from those of a genuine biography. To the biographer we concede much. He gives us a large book, and we admit his right to do so; and we are not expected to read the book through. We get it from the circulating library; it lies on the drawing-room table, and we, and our wives and children, take it up and open it at hap-hazard when we have nothing else to do. So the biographies of the present day answer their purpose in some fashion, though perchance they may not descend to posterity as important evidence of the intellectual culture of the nineteenth century. " Sed

nunc non erat his locus." The 'Eventful Life' with which we now have to deal might perhaps be pleasant enough as a real biography of an eminent man; but that which is eventful in real life is not eventful in a novel, for in the former case the picture is near, and we magnify it; while in the latter we see it through a diminishing glass. The effect of the glass on the book before us is to reduce it to moderate dimensions when gauged even by the standard of the ordinary novels of the present day. Whatever test we apply to these "Annals," whether that of plot, of humour, or of general power of composition, we cannot accord to the book a high place among works of fiction. There are indications, however, that the author is capable of something better; and if this is his first novel, as we surmise from the absence of any mention of previous works on the title-page, we should by no means desire to discourage him from making fresh attempts. There are symptoms of power in the character of the fiery Greek beauty, Sappho Maurocordatos, who intercepts the letters written by the hero to his affectionate relative and his affianced wife in England, partly to obey the behests of her friend Count Manteuffel, and partly to gratify her own passion, ill concealed from the first, and at last openly declared. Humour, too, peeps out now and then, but it requires chastening. We may smile when we read of the stubborn-looking pigs, which looked as if they had been taken into the Ark by Noah, and afterwards returned to the shippers as condemned stores, or even when the autobiographer declares that he "defied the doctor and all his draughts"; but we can scarcely bring ourselves to do so when he tells us that one of his schoolfellows has become "head of the Civil Service Commission in Timbuctoo," or when he occupies half a page with an elegant periphrasis for the 'Eunuchus' of Terence. Such interest as the book possesses would not be improved by our revealing the most striking incidents, and we therefore forbear. Adhering to our hypothesis of the inexperience of the author, we are not without hope of being able to give a more favourable verdict of the future productions of his not eminently brilliant, but not unpromising pen.

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.

[We intend to lay before our readers from time to time signed articles—by eminent foreigners—upon foreign books. On account of its interest, we insert the following review by Prof. Vámbéry, of Pesth, although it includes a notice of an English work.]

Die Russen in Centralasien. Eine Geographisch-Historische Studie. Mit einer Uebersichtskarte, von Friedrich von Hellwald, Mitglied der Geographischen Gesellschaften zu Wien, Mexico, Paris, Genf, u. s. w. (Wien.)

The Russo-Indian Question Historically, Strategically and Politically considered. With a Sketch of Central-Asiatic Politics and Map of Central Asia. By Capt. F. Trench, F.R.G.S., 20th Hussars. (Macmillan & Co.)

In spite of optimist writers in the daily papers, and in spite of the self-consoling speeches which were heard in both Houses of Parliament during last session, there are even now many thinkers and writers among English and continental politicians who eagerly comment upon the Central Asian question, and who like to weigh the "pros" and "cons" of the probable struggle between Russia and England for the supremacy in Asia. Being mostly collectors of scientific material that already exists, they have not increased our infor-

mation on the geography and ethnography of Central Asia, but distinct merits cannot be denied to them. They have put together various items of information hitherto scattered in pamphlets and newspapers, or concealed in Governmental archives, and through their discussion of the question the public is forcibly brought into closer connexion with Asia and with the political events which take place there.

Herr von Hellwald, the author of the first book before us, a geographer of eminence, begins by giving the reader a thoroughly well written résumé of the geography of Central Asia. He has used the Russian discoveries of Khanikoff, Semenof, Golubef, Weninkoff and Säverzof, but at the same time he does not leave out of sight the works of European travellers, from Marco Polo downwards. The extent of his reading is enormous; wards. The extent of his reading is enormous; his ability as a writer is great; his description of the three Khanates is minute, and his pictures of the steppes and deserts of Turkestan, and his sketches of the various populations of Central Asia, are undoubtedly the best, if not the most complete, that have been produced. The same precision and accuracy prevails throughout the narrative of the recent Russian campaigns on the Yaxartes and on the Zerefshan as far as regards the sequence of the events; and it is only to be regretted that by his adhering too strictly to Russian sources of information he sometimes takes for granted statements which are, to say the least of them, open to doubt. Of such a nature is his assertion that the Emir of Bokhara fought the battle of Irdjar with an army provided with English breech-loaders and other arms of new construction—a story current in Russia, where people are often too anxious to discover British enmity in every imaginable adversity which befalls the Russian nation.

While appreciating fully the learning Herr von Hellwald has exhibited in his book, I cannot agree with the political views expressed in his last chapter on the rivalry in Asia between England and Russia. In spite of the author's saying that he has no predilections for the one and no aversion to the other, he cannot prevent us from remarking in him very strong sympathies with Russia and a good deal of prejudice against England, prejudice which goes far to invalidate his conclusions. Herr von Hellwald thinks that, owing to a long series of mistakes committed by the politicians on the Thames as well as on the Hooghli, the influence of Great Britain is much declining in the East, and that India is likely to be soon lost to England. As a foreigner in England and a theoretical observer in Asia, I think not very many people will be frightened by his ominous forebodings. The prospects of the future may not be so good as English optimists generally assume them to be, but the picture drawn by the learned German is certainly

too darkly coloured.

The author of the second book, Capt. Trench, who was quartered for four or five years in the Punjab, two of which were spent in the close neighbourhood of the frontier of Afghanistan, has had on one hand the advantage of practical experience, and on the other, as an English officer, he was permitted to consult sundry books and official papers of the India and War Offices, by which he was enabled to furnish information that is probably trustworthy. Not aiming in his book at a discussion of the orographical and hydrographical conditions of Turkestan and the adjacent countries, he is certainly surpassed in the quality of a geographer by his fellow author, but he is, in many important respects, the superior of Herr von Hellwald. Capt. Trench is before all an accomplished writer, who shows a good deal of political sagacity; and although formerly an Indian officer, he does not belong to the class of hot Russophobians; whilst, on the other side, he is wise enough not to share the opinion of his countrymen at home, whose optimism nearly degenerates into indifferentism. He condemns both the policy of those who extolled a "masterly inactivity," and the views of those who advise too active interference in Afghanistan at the present moment. There are

three chapters in his book which especially deserve our attention-one in which he speaks of the origin, growth and progress of Russo-phobia, - one which as a soldier he dwells on the strategical aspect of the Russo-Indian question, - and a third, which forms the concluding part of his book where he treats the political aspect of the question. Differing from the majority of English writers upon the Central-Asian question, Capt. Trench does not call the fear of a Russian invasion in India a mere bugbear in the remote future; nor does he put the same implicit reliance upon Russian assurances of friendship that modern English statesmen are wont to place. Avowing that the close neighbourhood of a rival European power a rival European power must prove detrimental to English supremacy and interests in India, he finds all measures that political foresight may dictate unavoidably necessary. The existence of danger cannot be denied, but he says that England, well prepared and watchful, may contemplate with calm confidence the issue of this important question: and we think, after the late meeting at Umballah, he is quite right in saying so.

A. Vámbéry. right in saying so.

#### OUR LIBRARY TABLE.

Proverbs and Comediettas. Written for Private Representation. By Percy Fitzgerald, M.A. (Strahan & Co.)

Drawing Room Plays and Parlour Pantomimes. Collected by Clement Scott. (Rivers & Co.)

THERE seems at the present moment to be a desire among fine people to become as much like professional people as they can persuade their neighbours and friends to suppose them to be. Writing tales and amateur acting seem the form which this fashion has most developed. John Kemble used to say that he never knew an amateur actor who would be worth fifteen shillings a week; but that was a hard saying, and perhaps had more reference to the insubordination and pretensions of amateurs than to their powers of personation. Amateurs usually want "the best business," and are apt to think more of themselves than of the play; the consequence is that many people love to act, but nobody cares to see them. As Mr. Fitzgerald says, "The difficulty is not to get actors, but to get audiences,"-a practical testimony that the audiences find themselves bored when amateurs will act in plays they cannot perform. It is with a view to providing not exactly "poems for infant minds," but plays suitable to moderate capacities, that Mr. Fitzgerald has produced his 'Comediettas' for drawing-room representation. The first piece, 'Scratch a Russian and you find the Tartar,' is the best, so far as sense and probability go. There is a touch of real comedy in it that is lacking in the other pieces, which are farces without the element of fun. In his Preface Mr. Fitzgerald gives an interesting account of what amateur acting was in former times. Mr. Scott's drawingroom plays are most of them amusing, though it is wonderful how little sense is needed to make a comedy; still the bubbles are well blown and brightly coloured, and are as light as bubbles ought to be. The drawing-room pantomime of 'Harle-quin, Little Red Riding Hood' is very ingeniously adapted, and would be worth the attention of young people in search of a Christmas piece. 'Fireside Diplomacy' is very pretty, and we should like to see 'The Last Lily' and 'His First Brief' played. All the plays in this collection are written by wellknown and well-practised authors, accustomed to write for the stage.

Une Page sur l'Orient. Par P. de Tchihatchef. (Paris, Guérin & Co.)

M. de Tchihatchef, in directing our attention to the present condition of Asia Minor, speaks from personal knowledge of the country, extending through a period of twenty years. Commencing with an elaborate geographical description of Asia Minor, he proceeds to give an account of its climate in its several varieties, of its vegetation and of its Fauna; mentioning, by the way, that the lions and tigers, once so abundant in its forests, and well known in the Roman amphitheatres, have completely disappeared, although he did meet with a species of panther, the Felis Tulliana,—so called out of compliment to Cicero, whose friends used to fatigue him, while Governor of Cilicia, with requests that he would send them wild animals for the games at Rome; next, of its mineral resources and geological conformation; and, finally, of its political relations, indulging in this part of his work in some conjectures as to the possible future of its inhabitants. Although statistical to a great extent, the work contains some passages which are graphic enough in their way,—as, for instance, the description of the caravans of the In the spring they ascend the mounnatives. tains, and there encamp all through the summer, in the enjoyment of the fresh breezes; and, in the autumn, they re-seek the plains, mindful of the coming winter, with its rain and storms,—the former a cheerful and the latter a somewhat sad spectacle. In these migrations, the camel, which we are too apt to associate with the desert, plays a conspicuous part, and one which seems almost foreign to its nature. In ascending or descending the mountains, it is more sure-footed than either the horses or the mules of the country, and, although heavily laden, treads the verges of precipices with the utmost ease and safety. This book, as a whole, utmost ease and safety. This book, as a whole, offers a careful study of this once famous region, which, if brought within the influence of commerce may perhaps recover some portion at least of its former material prosperity.

We have on our table The Letters and the Life of Francis Bacon, edited by J. Spedding, Vol. V. (Longmans),—Three Dramas of Calderon: Love the Greatest Enchantment, The Sorceries of Sin, and The Devotion of the Cross, by D. F. Maccarthy (Dublin, Kelly),—Mysteries of Corpus Christi, by (Dublin, Kelly),—Mysteries of Corpus Christi, by D. F. Maccarthy (Dublin, Duffy),—Geography of India (W. H. Allen),—Journal of the Statistical Society of London, December, 1869 (Stanford),—French Grammatical Questions, by J. Noirit (Trübner),—The Monthly Packet of Evening Readings for Members of the English Church, Vol. VIII. (Mozley),—Magazine for the Young, 1869 (Mozley),—Who's Who in 1870 (Baily). Also the following pamphlets:—The System of Clerical Subscription in the Church of England, by S. Taylor, M.A. (Macmillan),—Christian Funerals as they are, and as they analyt to be by Mutus Bos jun (Mozley). as they ought to be, by Mutus Bos, jun. (Mozley),— Keble College and the Present University Crisis, by Rev. J. Wordsworth, M.A. (Parker),—The Roman Council, a Sermon, by Rev. J. W. Burgon, M.A. (Parker),—A Charge delivered to the Diocese of Oxford, at his Eighth Visitation, November, 1869, by Samuel, Lord Bishop of Oxford (Parker),—A Course of Four Sermons preached, in substance, at St. Leonard's, Newland, in Advent, 1868, by Rev. C. E. Taunton, M.A. (Parker),-The Scheme of Educatantion, M.A. (Farker),—The Scheme of Educa-tion of St. Nicolas College, by N. Woodard, M.A., (Parker),—Parker's Church Calendar and General Almanack for 1870 (Parker),—The Portuary Calen-dar for 1870 (Parker),—A Few Words with Bishop Colenso on the Subject of the Ecodus of the Israelites and the Position of Mount Sinai, by C. T. Beke, Ph.D. (Williams & Norgate).

LIST OF NEW BOOKS.

Theology.

Bible (The) in India, transl. from 'La Bible dans l'Inde,' 8,6 Bible (The) in the Wall, from the German, 1/cl.
Guide to Heaven. Book of Prayers, Ed. by T. T. Carter, 1/cl.
Hill's Titles of our Lord, 18mo. 1,6 cl.
Poor Man's Cry (The 1 a Collection of Prayers, 12mo. 3,6 cl.
Williams's Our Lord's Ministry, 3rd Year, 12mo. 3.6 cl.

Law.

Roche and Hazlitt's Bankruptcy and Debtors' Acts, 1869, 10/

Fine Arts.

Demmius's Weapons of War, transl. by Black, cr. 8vo. 12/ cl.

History.

Froude's England, Vols. XI. and XII., 8vo., 36/ cl.

Latter's (General) Memoir, by Mrs. Baillie, 12mo. 3/6 cl.

Geography.

Lawlor's Pilgrimages in the Pyrenees and Landes, 8vo. 15/cl.

Philology.

Cassell's German-English and English-German Dictionary, 3/6 cl. Cicero, Extracts from, English Notes by Walford, 12mo. 4/6 cl. Homer's Iliad, Bks. I. to XII. Pref. and Notes by Keynolds, 6/

Crombie's Lichenes Britannici, &c., 12mo. 4/6 cl.

Guillemin's The Sun, transl. by Phipson, cr. 8vo. 7/6 cl. Günther's Record of Zoological Literature, 1868, Vol. V. 30/ cl. Letheby's Food, its Varieties, Chemical Composition, &c. 6/ cl. Loudon's Instructions in Gardening, new ed. 12mo. 3/ 6 cl. Stainton's The Simiana of Southern Europe, 8vo. 16mo. cl. Student (The) and Intellectual Observer, Vol. IV. 8vo. 10/6 cl. Veitch's Handbook for Nurses of the Sick, 12mo. 2/6 cl.

General Literature.

A'Bockett's (A.) Falles among Thisses, 3 vols, or 8vo. 31/6 cl.

Veitch's Handbook for Nurses of the Sick, 12mo. 2/6 cl.

General Literature.

A'Beckett's (A.) Fallen among Thieves, 3 vols. cr. 8vo. 31/6 cl.

A'Beckett's (A.) Fallen among Thieves, 3 vols. cr. 8vo. 6/ cl.

Almost Faultless, a Story of the Present Day, cr. 8vo. 6/ cl.

Arm-chair (An) in the Smoking Room, cr. 8vo. 7/6 cl.

British Dramatists, Works of, by Reltie, roy. 8vo. 5/ Mr.-rox.

Carlisle's Works, Library Ed., 'Past and Present, '8vo. 9/ cl.

Clunes's Story of Pauline, an Autobiography, 2 vols. 24/ cl.

Dod's Peerage, Baronetage, and Knightage, 1870, 12mo. 10/6 cl.

Eckardt's Modern Russia, 8vo. 10/6 cl.

Hall's Mrs. S. C.) Midsummer Eve. 10/6 cl.

Hall's Mrs. S. C.) Midsummer Eve. 10/6 cl.

Hall's Mrs. S. C.) Midsummer Eve. 10/6 cl.

Hepplestone's What her Face Said, cr. 8vo. 6/ cl.

Jerrold's [B.] The Gavroche Party in France, cr. 8vo. 7/6 cl.

Jongh's [A. M. De) Mossdale, illust. 12mo. 2/ cl.

Kingsley's Madam How and Lady Why. Illust. 7/6 cl.

Lodge's Peerage and Raronetage for 1870, roy. 8vo. 31/6 cl.

Mawr's Eta, Story of Count Ulaski, and other Poems, 7/ cl.

Morry Tales of the Olden Time, 1/6 bds.

Mission Life, Vol. VI., 1869, 8vo. 7/6 cl.

Moore's Six Sisters of the Valley, cheap ed. cr. 8vo. 2/ bds.

Pollington's (Visc.) Margarita; or, Queen of Night, 2 vols. 21/

Reader's Ruins of Kenliworth, a Poem, 12mo. 2/ bd.

Russell's [Earl) Speeches, &c., Selections from, 2 vols. 28/ cl.

Stowe's (Mrs. H. B.) Lady Byron Vindicated, cr. 8vo. 6/ cl.

Urwick's Triple Crown, 12mo. 3/6 cl.

Who's Who for 1870, 32mo. 2/6 cl.

Who's Who for 1870, 32mo. 2/6 cl.

Voung's (A.) Charades and Fugitive Pieces, 1st series, 2/6 cl.

OUR CAMBRIDGE LETTER.

Cambridge, Jan. 17, 1870.
In my last letter I ventured to predict that comparatively few of the resident members of the University would sign the conservative protest against the abolition of tests. That I was not mistaken is proved by the list of names published in the Times of Saturday last at the foot of a memorial setting forth the opinion of the memorialists that the abolition of tests, whether by a permissive enactment, or by a compulsory bill, "will seriously imperil the Christian character of the University and Colleges, and their efficiency as places of religious education," and deprecating "any legislation by which the government and teaching of the Universities or of the Colleges may be transferred altogether or in part into the hands of persons who are not members of the Established Church." Forty eight signatures are appended to this memorial, whilst it will be remembered that 116 members of the University similarly qualified signed the memorial in favour of the abolition of tests. There is, however, a third memorial, signed by seventeen of the forty-eight memorialists already mentioned, and by seventy-two others, who "are opposed to any enactment for relaxing religious tests in the University and Colleges which fails to secure the religious character and worship of those institutions in connexion with the Church of England." Thus the total of names attached to these conservative memorials is 120, but more than half are affixed to the more moderate of the two documents-that which merely stipulates for the maintenance in college-chapels of the formularies of the Established Church.

The Liberals are well satisfied, as they have every reason to be, with the success of their demonstration; but their hopes have been damped by a passage in Mr. Bright's speech at Birmingham, in which, with special reference to this subject, he dwelt on the difficulty of introducing Bills into Parliament. It is indeed a scandal if a measure, which has been discussed until the arguments on both sides are trite and familiar, and which is supported by a clear majority in the House of Commons, must be deferred indefinitely for want of time. In the House of Lords it will, of course, be vigorously opposed; but it is inconceivable that that august assemblage is too busy to devote a part of its time and attention to an important

educational question. The Rev. Gilbert Ainslie, D.D., Master of Pembroke College, who died on Monday, Jan. 10, graduated in 1815, when he was Eighth Wrangler. He was elected to the Mastership in 1828.

Rev. J. Power, Fellow and Tutor of the College, is his successor.

The Moderators and Examiners for the Mathematical Tripos have been unusually severe this year, having plucked eight out of 124 candidates

who presented themselves.

At the last general meeting of the Master and Fellows of Trinity College it was decided that in future no undergraduate, under twenty-five years of age, should be admitted as a Nobleman or a Fellow Commoner. Thus the order of Fellow Commoners is practically abolished; an exception being made only in favour of freshmen who, being older than the generality of undergraduates, are likely to associate with the Fellows on terms of equality. In all probability there will be very few who take advantage of the exception thus made in favour of older men. It remains to be seen whether the Fellow Commoner of the future will be required to wear the livery of blue and silver which at present excites the wonder of strangers dining at Trinity. The abolition of it would hardly be regretted except by the tailors of Cambridge.

Several members of the University have issued a programme of lectures for women, in imitation of those which have recently been delivered at Edinburgh. The scheme is well supported, but I have not heard how many ladies propose to attend

#### THE SAXONS AND THE CELTS.

Coming from a man of such attainments, the Lecture of Prof. Huxley on the 10th of January, on the English and the Celts, entitled 'The Forefathers and Forerunners of the English People,' will be received as an authoritative expression, and will influence public opinion on subjects not merely of scientific but of political importance, for the Professor truly states that "of late years ethnology has had a great deal to do with practical politics." As many of his conclusions are new to the public, and some in opposition to the practical convictions of statesmen and of large bodies of mankind, and as they claim to be the result of "scientific investigation," they will become the subject of controversy, and are well deserving of

investigation.

In this long and elaborate dissertation the chief points may be enumerated as these:-1. Iberians form a considerable element of the existing population of these islands. 2. The population next in time is the Celtic. 3. The Romans exercised little or no permanent influence on the population of these islands. 4. The Picts were a Germanic population. 5. The English invasion of Britain took place in the way asserted by the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle. 6. The English extirpated the Celtic population in the east. 7. The English race does not exist in West Britain, and the Cornish men and Devonshire men are Celts. 8. The Norman invasion was of no account in its effects on the population. 9. The Danes furnished a large contingent to the population of Ireland. 10. The English of the Pale amalgamated with the natives of Ireland. 11. He is a believer in the influence of race. 12. English-speaking negroes in the United States remain negroes. 13. There is no difference between Cymry and Gael. 14. A native of Tipperary is the same as a Devonshire man. 15. There is not any ethnological or political difference between Celt and Saxon except in lan-guage; and that to believe so is a delusion. 16. It is absurd to call the English Anglo-Saxons. 17. The Iberians and Aryans are of different races.

18. The political capacity of the Iberians and Aryans is the same.

19. Politicians object to apply English institutions to the Celtic nationalities. The experience of the past does not justify treating Ireland differently from Devon.

In considering these according to the numbers,

we come to-

1. It is a matter of great importance to recognize the Iberian influence on these islands. It has been suggested by many, and will now gain acceptance on Prof. Huxley's statement. In its detailed appli-cation this requires examination. The Silures must be acknowledged as a part of the Iberian stock, and also the Milesians, or whatever was the name of the Irish Iberians. Prof. Huxley states that the Iberians occupied Spain, and are now represented by the Basques; and, further, that the Iberians are ascertained to have extended east as far as Sicily. I believe I am correct in my determination of the Iberians in Asia Minor (see Transactions of the Ethnological Society), and similar evidence is applicable to Italy and Greece. If the river names of Europe are examined, it will be found that they are more conformable to Iberian than to Celtic.

With regard to Prof. Huxley's observation that the Basque language is the despair of philologists, inasmuch as it possesses not a trace of affinity with any other European or Asiatic language, it may be noted that the Basque is the only surviving member of a language or languages anciently very widely distributed; and although differences of opinion have been expressed about this, it can be assigned to what we are obliged to call the Turanian class. In some of the great groups of this class the primary radicals are not identical, and yet the grammatical structure is identical. Under such circumstances, it may have happened that the Iberian group was not radically identical with other great groups.

The suggestion of Prof. Huxley that what are known as Black Celts are Iberians is valuable, but it is not sufficient to meet all the facts. It appears to provide for part of the population of Ireland, but we want a more detailed examination of the affinities between the supposed Iberian population of Ireland and that of the Iberian districts in Spain and France. It is by no means proved that the Silures were permanent in South Wales, or that Cornwall. The inference, which Prof. Huxley suggests rather than draws, that there may possibly be Iberian blood in the English area of Britain, is at present unsupported, and more than doubtful.

This note may be taken in connexion with Prof. Huxley's citation of M. W. Milne-Edwards's observation that the population of Western and Southern France is, on the whole, dark, attributable to Iberian blood, and that of Northern and Eastern France fair. These latter districts are Teutonic on

a substratum of Celtic.

A question Prof. Huxley has not entered upon is, whether the Northern Germans, from whom the English and Norsemen are descended, included any dark elements. If they did, then we should have in this island another source of dark people besides the Iberians. That the Celts have another dark element besides the Basques has been well sug-gested by Mr. E. B. Wilson. He has shown strong ground for supposing that the Ligurians accom-panied the Iberians in their migrations, and I propose the Ligurians as the type for the ugly populations of Ireland, resembling those of the Ligurian area. One source for obtaining more information as to the Iberians and Ligurians is, as proposed by me in a paper last year read before the Royal Irish Academy, to analyze the Celtic names in Ireland for ascertaining denominations like our "chester," "burgh," "street," "way," &c., applying to the remains of a previous population.

2. Prof. Huxley gives the usual division of the Celtic population into Cymri and Gael. The whole population of Britain, at the time of Cæsar's invasion, he considers to have been Celtic-speaking. This is doubtful, because if he be correct in his views as to the Iberians at that time in the islands, their proportion would have been large, and they were as likely to have been Iberian-speaking as their kinsmen in Gaul and Hispania.

3. The assertion of the lecturer that although the Romans held Britain for four centuries, "nevertheless the Roman blood and Roman language seem to have made no more impression on the ancient British people than the English blood and language have on the Hindoos" is important. It is antagonistic to what may be considered an accepted school, but most in conformity with facts. Coming in support of those who held the like opinions, it will enable these to prevail, and to get rid of the doctrine that the English are a people mixed with Roman blood. He thus disposes of one

recognized element, the Romans, and introduces an element hitherto unrecognized, the Iberians.

4. Without attempting to decide who the Picts were, the lecturer is inclined to favour the Teutonic hypothesis. This is, however, very dubious, and there is another, which it is competent to suggest, that the Picts may have been an Iberian population. This will fit some of the circumstances, but it is open to question.

5. The lecturer adopts the doctrine of the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle that the Germanic population of these islands was by invasion of English, Saxons, Jutes, Danes and Norsemen. To these may be Jutes, Danes and Norsemen. To these may be added Frisians and Warings (as in my paper in the Journal of the Ethnological Society last year on the Varini of Tacitus). I have also suggested that the early Danes were not Scandinavian, but of that the early Danes were not Scandinavian, but of a race allied to the English. Prof. Huxley, it will be seen, rejects the school of Sir Francis Palgrave, and the doctrine that the English settlers must have gradually entered during the Roman period.

6. He goes the further length of maintaining that "the Celts seem to have been absolutely exterminated over vast districts, a Celtic name of a river or a hill being all that is left to show that they once existed." This is also in contradiction of the most accepted doctrines, but supported by the facts to which he refers, and by comparative history. He therefore accepts the doctrine that in so far the population of East Britain is composed of the English, and of the subsequent Danish and Norse invaders, to the exclusion of the Celtic element; but it will be found that he afterwards contradicts his own doctrine in terms.

7. In stating that the Cymric Celts were preserved in the west, he says that there "the anta-gonism of savagery and civilization, of Paganism and Christianity, ceased to exist." How far the Cymric Celts were less in savagery than the Eng-lish and Saxons appears a very doubtful proposition.

He is not content with Cymri in Wales, but he claims the whole of Cornwall and Devon as Cymric This is important to be regarded, because his political argument greatly depends on this. He says distinctly "that not only Cornish men, but Devonshire men, are as little Anglo-Saxons as Northumbrians are Welsh." This brings him in time to the conclusion that a Devonshire man and a Tipperary man may be regarded as the same. This is repeated in one way or another more than once. The lecturer offers no proof that Devonshire men are Celts the same as the Cornish men, and he forgets that the evidence of topographical nomenclature relied upon just before as to the east of England (No. 6) must have the same effect in the west of England. This suggests that the Celtic population was displaced in the greater portion of Devon; and Prof. Huxley has paid no attention to the laws under which a large population will extend its area over an alien population. The English population must have swallowed up the Celts of Devon, as the Irish, in many instances, have absorbed the intrusive Saxon elements. That the English element has intruded into Cornwall in diminution of the Celtic element may be presumed, but its extent has no more been observed than most of the phenomena of internal migration and intermarriage.

8. The lecturer makes a bold assertion that "The Norman Conquest is hardly worth mentioning from an ethnological point of view." may be supported from an examination of the con-stitution of the Norman contingents and from the evidence of the genealogies of the higher classes. The Normans were practically extinct within two centuries, for although so many families still remain of Norman origin they are of English blood. Prof. Huxley says, "What new blood the Normans introduced was Celtic as well as Teutonic." This is true with a correction, for the Bretons formed but a small portion of the contingents in comparison with men from Normandy and the Low Countries.

HYDE CLARKE.

THE TRANSITION FROM PIKE TO MUSKET. Hauteville, Guernsey,

In looking through some old books lately, I was rather surprised at finding that a volume, published at the Hague in the earlier part of the seventeenth century, and dedicated to Prince Maurice of Nassau, should be printed in English:—"The exercise of armes for calivres, muskettes and pikes. After the ordre of his Excellence Maurits Prince of Orange, Counte of Nassau, &c., Gouernour and Captaine Generall ouer Geldreland, Holland, Zeeland, Vtrecht, Overyssel, &c. Sett forthe in figures by Jacob de Gheyn, with written instructions for the service of all captaines and commaundours, for to shewe hereout the better unto their jong or untrayned souldiers the playne and perfett maner to handle these armes. 1608. Printed at the Hage, with priviledge of the Emperour's Matie the King of Fraunce, and the noble and mightye Estates Generall of the United Provinces." On referring to contemporary history I was not long left in doubt as to the reason of its being in the English language. It appears that this book was published one year before the conclusion, by a twelve years' truce, of the long war which had been carried on between Spain and the United Provinces; whilst five years previously a secret treaty had been arranged be-tween James the First and Henri the Fourth, through the instrumentality of the Marquis of Rosni (afterwards Duke of Sully), by which the two Kings allowed the Dutch to levy forces in their respective dominions. So I judge that this antique Drill Book was probably compiled (for it does not appear to have been a translation) for the use of the officers of these British levies

It is well known that our famous 3rd Regiment (the Buffs) fought under Maurice of Nassau for the deliverance of the Netherlands, as the 1st Royals subsequently fought in Germany under Gustavus Adolphus, and no doubt both regiments benefited by this work, which in these days is doubly interesting as forcibly reminding us of and illustrating an important epoch in military arms and warfare, viz., the transition from the pike to the musket, a transition, however, which the lapse of a whole century was wanted to complete. The drill is minutely laid down and adorned with large artistic wood-engravings, representing not only each posi-tion of the soldier, but even the separate motions in attaining to such positions. I cannot do better here than quote from the Preface by the author-artist:—
"No man shall finde it strange that wee in drawing of the Pikes onely set that which for the use of the same is most necessarve, omitting diverse mañers of tossing of the pike by forme of recrea tion, which in militarie exercisse bringeth little benefite or profite. Concerning the different or sutable apparell and armes of the figures, there is to be considered that the shott with head-peeces and muskettiers with hattes are drawne and differently apparelled, not that we hold it for necessarie but that such varietye might give the fuller ornament to the pictures and to shewe to posteritie the manner of souldiers apparell used in these dayes. Like as on the other side the Pikemen are all armed after one sorte or kind, for no other reason than to represent the right maner and fashon of the arminge of his Exces owne garde as it is at this

Each "shott" is represented with a steel "headpiece" with chin-scales, and appears clad in a thick, quilted, sleeveless doublet over a stout jerkin, surmounted with broad flapped collar, voluminous knickerbockers ("huge-paned slops instead of your civil and moderate hose") tied under the knee with a bow, and either loose boots or stockings and shoes, complete the attire. He is armed with a caliver, straight black-hilted rapier, and dagger, whilst from his waist-belt on his right side are suspended his powder-flask and "tutch-box," a leathern bag of bullets and spare pieces of match. It appears as if the bullets immediately in requisition were carried in the mouth, for in the instruc-tions the soldier is told that "he shall take the bullet with the same hand (wherewith he novy hath the skovvring-stick shorter) out of his mouth,

or from thence where he carrieth his bullets, and vvith like quickness put it into the mouth of the

The ornamentation, embroidery, &c. vary in each drawing. One or two drawings represent a soldier, clad as above, but with a loose sort of jacket with empty sleeves flying over his shoulders,

giving a hussar-like appearance.

The muskettier is similarly attired as to doublet and hose, with perhaps more embroidery about them, but he is represented as wearing a plumed cavalier hat; and instead of the powder-flask wears a bandolier over his left shoulder, from which hang fourteen cylindrical separate charges. His musket is a much larger and heavier piece and needs a rest, which is carried with it. The

sword, too, is of the same pattern.

The pike-men of his Excellency's guard have each a plumed head-piece, cuirass and back-piece over a jerkin with buff gauntlets. In some instances a broad collar, in others a ruff is given. Over his trunk-hose are steel thigh-pieces or taslets; he wears a heavier cut-and-thrust sword, which he probably called either his "whinyard" or "bilboe." It is difficult to judge of the length of the pike from the size of the engraving, which will not admit of the whole length being exhibited, but I presume they were from ten to twelve feet in

These series of engravings altogether give one a good idea of the low-country sworders. It is curious to compare the pike and musket exercises with our modern manual and platoon. Of the words of command, "without theyr tyme of changeinge holde," only six are omitted from our present manual exercise, and if we substitute "arms" for "your pike" seven are identical with those at present in use.

The following directions would be useful in volunteer corps: "Generall command. Hold up your musket. And in regard it is a matter of no small consequence, a commandour shall alvvayes haue a speciall care and eye to his souldiers to accustome them to hold ever the musket with the mouth vp, the better to prevent all mischieff."

The spelling of this instructor in musketry of

the 17th century is perhaps what his shooting was, uncertain, to say the least of it. Double vs are put for the w, v generally for our u, and u generally for v. Perhaps this was usual at the time.

I know of the following similar works: Dated 1615, 'Art Militaire pour l'Infanterie,' by Capt. Walhuysen, of Dantzic; 1616, 'Notes on the Tactics of Ælian,' by John Bingham; 1617, 'Diversarum Gentium Armatura Equestris'; 1618, 'Le Maniement d'Armes de Nassau,' by Adam van Breen; 1632, 'Military Instructions for Cavalry,' by Capt. Cruso; 1670, 'Pallas Armata' (a Military Treatise on the Pike Exercise), by Sir James Turner; 1671, 'Observations (for the of Soldiers),' by the Earl of Albemarle'; 1688, 'Traité des Armes,' by Sieur de Gaya.
S. P. OLIVER, Lieut. R.A.

#### PROF. WESTERMANN.

Prof. Westermann, who died a few weeks ago at Leipzig, was born in the year 1806. He studied at the university of his native city, and became a privat-docent and subsequently a professor there. Devoted nearly exclusively to the study of ancient literature, and more especially of the Orators, he early in life achieved a considerable reputation. 'History of Eloquence in Greece and Rome 'Questiones Demosthenices' (1830-37), an edition of 'Philostratus' for the Didot Series in 1848, 'Commentationes Critice in Scriptores Gracos' (1846-52), and many other works, among which we may mention the edition of the 'Select Speeches of Demosthenes' in Haupt and Sauppe's Classics, and the text of 'Lysias' in B. Tauchnitz's collection. Prof. Westermann translated Col. Leake's 'Demes of Attica' in 1840.

THE DICTIONARY OF THE SPANISH ACADEMY.

In spite of revolution, regency and narrowed resources, the Spanish Academy has issued to the public the eleventh edition of the 'Diccionario de la Lengua Castellana.' The title-page bears the motto and device, "Limpia Fija y da Esplendor," which may be freely translated as "Cleanse, clinch, and give lustre." The tenth edition appeared in 1852; since which date the work of revision has been industriously continued by the members charged with the important task of preserving the purity of the Castilian tongue. At the same time, "the progressive movement which characterizes every idiom" has in no way been neglected; "each step has been carefully considered, for by no other means can the purity of a language be preserved consistently with its natural development." This handsomely printed folio volume contains over 800 pages, and sells for about twelve shillings. It is undoubtedly by far the most complete Spanish dictionary ever published, and reflects great credit upon those patient scholars who have devoted valuable time to so patriotic an object.

An 'Etymological Dictionary' and one of 'Synonyms' are promised some day.

#### Literary Gossip.

MR. RICHARD MORRIS is writing a short historical English Grammar for the use of King's College School.

THE ground is being cleared for the new library at Guildhall. Dr. Saunders's Committee of the Common Council has visited Oxford, Cambridge, Liverpool and other places to examine the best existing libraries in England, and it is hoped that the building, for which the Corporation voted 25,000l., and gave a site worth 40,000l., will be ready within The Committee has inquired two years. into the historic value of the unindexed records and documents, and considered the propriety of indexing and publishing calendars. Its first report is upon the Agenda Paper for the next meeting of the Common Council.

THE Committee of the Society of Arts has declared in favour of a reduction of the postage rates on printed matter from 1d. to 1d. per quarter of a pound.

In reviewing 'Senchus Mór,' in our last number, we assigned to Dr. Todd and Dr. Reeves the credit of having obtained a commission for the transcription and publication of the 'Ancient Laws of Ireland.' A Correspondent informs us that the first to move in the matter was Dr. Graves, the Bishop of Limerick.

WITH the view of encouraging the introduction of technical instruction in the army, the General Commanding the Brigade of Guards has authorized Mr. E. A. Davidson to deliver a course of four lectures to the soldiers at the Wellington Barracks. The subjects of the lectures will be such as to show the application of linear drawing, projection, perspective, &c. to military and civil architecture, mechanism, fortification, &c.

GARIBALDI'S work 'The Rule of the Monk,' is to be published early in February. It is to appear in Italian, Spanish, Hungarian, and Dutch, as well as in English.

THE minor poems of William Lauder, Playwrighter, Poet, and Minister of the Gospel, referring mainly to that year of famine and plague in Scotland, 1568, are to be edited for the Early English Text Society by Mr. Furnivall, from Mr. S. Christie-Miller's unique in

deR

R

of

of

fo

co

pr

m

Be

The widow of Belzoni, the Egyptologist, has died at the age of eighty-eight. She had a pension of 200l. per annum from Government.

Fragments of a hitherto unknown metrical version of Reynard the Fox, the La Vallière copy of an Italian 'Plutarch' (the first book printed at Aquila, A.D. 1482),—a Wynkyn de Worde (Capgrave's "Nova Legenda Angliæ"), containing the suppressed Life of Thomas à Becket, A.D. 1516,—and the first edition of J. de Voragine's "Legende dorée," A.D. 1476, containing many singular passages not to be found in any subsequent edition,—are to be sold in February.

THE Académie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres has elected M. Montellier, Prof. Curtius and Prof. Pott corresponding members.

An elaborate work on the vulgar speech of the north and centre of France, by M. J. Baumgarten, is in course of publication in Paris. It comprises also the Vulgar Tongue and latest Coinages of Paris, the Pronunciation of the Dialect, and Historical Notices of the Pronunciation of the Language of Literature, a point hitherto little touched on by French writers.

M. Paulin Paris has sent to press the second part of his 'Romans de la Table Ronde mis en Nouveau Langage,' being the Lancelot of the Lake, in continuation of the Joseph of Arimathea, the Saint Graal and Merlin. The third portion is to be the Tristan.

M. Beule was at Pompeii a few days ago, where he was occupied in examining the recent excavations. He is expected in Paris in a day or two.

Among the lectures to be given in the Cercle Agricole this winter we note the following: Jan. 28, M. Augustin Cochin, 'General Grant.'—Feb. 25, M. A. Mézières, 'Addison's Spectator.'—March 4, M. E. Caro, 'Some Contemporary Ideas about Duty and Right.'—March 11, M. E. Laboulaye, 'Malesherbes.'—April 1, M. V. de Laprade, 'The Poetry of Lamartine.'—April 8, M. Saint-René Taillandier, 'French Society before '89.'—April 22, Dr. Léon Simon, 'Vaccination.'—April 29, M. Payer, 'Useful Cryptogams.'

COUNT RIANT has discovered in the library at Copenhagen an unpublished account of the taking of Constantinople by the Latins: 'Li Estoires de Chiaus qui Conquisent Constantinoble, de Robert de Clari en Aminois, Chevalier. The Revue Bibliographique assures us that this narrative is as important as that of Villehardouin.

SIG. LORENZI, of the Library of Saint Mark, has published the first volume of 'Monumenti per servire alla Storia del Palazzo Ducale di Venezia, ovvero Serie di Atti Pubblici dal 1253 al 1797.' The volume contains documents down to the year 1600.

The Revue des Questions Historiques informs us of the publication at Faenza of twelve letters of Torquato Tasso not included in the collection of Chevalier Guasti; but one only was hitherto unprinted. Sig. Panizza, of Trent, has edited four unpublished letters of Bernardo Tasso of considerable length. Appended is a memoir presented by Bernardo to the Constable Montmorency, and dated 1553, which advocates an attack on the kingdom of Naples.

Subscriptions for a monument to Hegel at Berlin were begun some months ago, but we may mention that Dr. Stirling, the author of 'The Secret of Hegel,' receives subscriptions at Edinburgh and M. Janet at Paris.

THE Imperial Press at Vienna has issued Hassan's abridged Grammar of the Vulgar Arab language, with especial reference to the Egyptian dialect.

It is stated that Mr. Logan, the Sub-Collector of Malabar, has collected about 700 ancient Sanskrit MSS. in Surat.

A RICH mine of wealth will shortly be made available, for it scarcely can be said to have been so heretofore, by the labours of the keepers of the archives of France, in the arrangement of the documents and the publication of catalogues and indexes. The printing of the third volume of the Inventory of the Seals is just completed, and photographers are now at work collecting the elements of a volume of plates which is to complete the work. The descriptive catalogue of the 'Musée des Archives' has been published down to the year 1789, and the epochs of the Revolution and of the first Empire are now in the press. The first volume of the 'Arrêts du Conseil d'État' being proceeded with as rapidly as possible. The documents are being arranged with care; the old registers have been repaired, and the collection of ancient parchments known as Accords, which had been rolled or folded, have all been set in order and made more easy for reference. This re-arrangement of the records proceeds pari passu with their removal into the fine rooms of the new buildings recently erected in the Rue des Quatre Fils.

UNRIVALLED and COMBINED ENTERTAINMENTS for the Christmas Holiday Seekers.—Professor Pepper on 'A Shocking Jar.'—
'The Neurocrypt, or Woman of Nerve,' a beautifully medelled Automaton.—'Oristmas and its Customs: Mr. Wardroper's Musical and Pictorial Entertainment. Illustrations. Jovial Old Father Christmas, The Yule Log, The Squire's Seat, The Christmas Carols.—The Maximilian Relies.—The Myster of the Maximilian Relies.—The Myster of the Myster of

#### SCIENCE

Geology and Revelation. By Gerald Molloy, D.D. (Longmans & Co.)

THE numerous attempts made, with more or less ability, to harmonize the teachings of Geology with the Mosaic account of the Creation have hardly been considered complete successes by competent geologists. The writers, not satisfied with disproving any essential contradiction between the Mosaic account and the geological record, have laboured to find in Genesis a résumé, more or less comprehensive, of geological science, and, failing in this, have not unfrequently substituted intolerant declamation for argument. Prof. Molloy, in the very readable work before us, is guilty of neither of these faults. "The points of contact," he says, "between Geology and Revelation are chiefly these two-first, the antiquity of the earth; secondly, the antiquity of the human race." And in this volume our attention is confined to the first point only. In carrying out his scheme, the author gives an interesting, and on the whole fair, account of present geological teaching on this subject -a teaching which he, in common with every intelligent person competent to weigh physical evidence, admits as conclusively showing that the earth's age must be computed in millions rather than thousands of years. He then goes on to prove that this vast antiquity of the earth is not disproved by the Inspired Record when intelligently interpreted, and is not inconsistent with the views of many of the Early Fathers and Divines.

Considering first the petrology and lithology of rock masses, Prof. Molloy divides the components of the earth's crust into the usually accepted three groups — Aqueous, Igneous, Metamorphic. He explains how each kind of rock is the result of causes still in activity, and how, when he deals with Palæontology, the fossils contained in some of them are the remains of plants and animals subject to much the same laws of life as obtain on our planet now; for he is a staunch believer in Sir Charles Lyell's philosophy. He shows that there have always been, as there are now, oscillations of level in the solid crust, due to subterranean heat, which have dislocated and contorted strata and tended to produce surface irregularities, and that denudation—oceanic and subaerial—has ever been slowly and surely planing down these roughnesses. In discussing these changes, Prof. Molloy remarks, "Even within historic times mountains have been suddenly upheaved from the level plain." Weshould much like to know what mountains are here meant. The statement hints at facts in support of Von Buch's Aufhebungs-theorie a theory that Mr. Scrope and Sir Charles Lyell have shown to be in sore need of facts to support it; but further on in the book Prof. Molloy seems to discountenance the theory. Indeed, we should think there are but few who now believe Jorullo to be a suddenly blown-up vesicle, or huge trachytic domes like the Grand Sarcoui to be hollow felspathic bubbles.

In the chapters on Denudation we are confronted with changes on a great scale, now in progress, each and all of which demand time--time of almost inconceivably great duration. The chief denuding agent is water, frozen or liquid, salt or fresh, very largely assisted in many cases by other substances in solution. The author seems to attribute too little importance to direct rain-action, and this is the more curious as this agent has left its traces unmistakably in some of the regions to which special reference is made-as, for instance, the Auvergne. Rocks of organo-chemical originmany calcareous rocks, coals, &c .- are made to tell the same story of immense antiquity. Prof. Molloy is rather inaccurate in treating of the comparative anatomy of corals. The class to which they belong are certainly not the "simplest" forms of animal life; neither is the term "animalcule" applicable to the builder of coral-reefs. By the former error he seems to consider them Protozoa, and by making out a species of Flustra to be a coral he appears to class them among the Polyzoa: in fact, they are neither.

In the examination of what Palæontology teaches concerning the antiquity of the earth, the argument so ingeniously rehabilitated some years ago by Mr. Gosse, that rocks and fossils were made and arranged as we find them, by a single creative effort, is wisely disregarded; for we can hardly believe that the Deity made this earth an intricate geological puzzle for the simple purpose of educing the reasoning powers of its inhabitants. We do not so clearly see why little or no reference is made to the Darwinian hypothesis of the origin of species,—an hypothesis that whether we accept it or not, is

far too able and generally received to be overlooked, and one that perhaps more than any other draws largely on the past for time.

After considering the geological evidence in favour of the antiquity of the earth, Professor Molloy goes on to look at the same subject from a Biblical standpoint. He finds, from a critical examination of the Hebrew text and from the writings of various divines, ancient and modern, that there is room for an indefinite interval between the creation and the first day; and moreover that there is no insurmountable objection to supposing that each of the days of creation was a period of indefinite length. It seems to us, however, that the author is less successful in fashioning a scheme of adjustment according to which the days are made co-extensive with certain periods of geology: the reasoning, we had almost said the special pleading, on which the scheme rests is not conclusive. Among the many well-chosen quotations from Patristic literature which Prof. Molloy gives, there is one from St. Augustine, well known but too little regarded, that seems to deal in the best possible way with the difficulties of this subject: "As to the description given by Moses, it is accommodated to the capacity of a rude people; and the succession there set forth is intended only to exhibit the several parts of a great whole, in the manner best suited to the conceptions of human intelligence."

#### ASTRONOMICAL NOTES.

Among recent communications to the Royal Astronomical Society, Mr. Balfour Stewart throws out the notion that auroral appearances and the zodiacal lights are in some way connected with the phenomena of terrestrial magnetism. He finds in the anti-trade winds the moving conductors required to produce the effect, and suggests that as they pass rapidly over the lines of the earth's magnetic force, we may expect them to be the vehicles of an electric current, and possibly to be lit up as attenuated gases are when they conduct electricity. In this way, the phenomenon of the zodiacal light might be produced. Then, again, these moving currents will re-act on the magnetism of the earth, which may account for the somewhat sudden and violent changes that take place in the earth's magnetism at those seasons when the great wind-currents change most rapidly,-as, for example, at the equinoxes. May we not also imagine, says Mr. Stewart, that there are two varieties of aurora: one corresponding to stationary conductors under a very rapidly changing core, and the other to rapidly moving conductors under a constant core? And might not an aurora of the latter kind indicate the approach of a change of weather?

Mr. Huggins, pursuing the interesting question, how to render the solar prominences visible without the use of the spectroscope? states that the most promising medium he has yet tried is a solution of carmine in ammonia, combined with a solution of chlorophyll. But this combination requires to be greatly improved before the full effect desired can be obtained. It appears, too, that the spectroscope is likely to play a useful part in observations of the transit of Venus which is to take place in 1874.—Mr. J. Browning reports a remarkable change of colour in the equatorial belt of Jupiter. During the years that he has observed the planet, "the equatorial cloud-belt has been without colour"; but now it is of a strong greenish yellow, diversified at times by white spots, while the polar regions of the planet are ashy blue. These appearances have been confirmed by other observers, and it is supposed that they indicate some considerable change either on the surface or in the atmosphere of Jupiter.—Mr. R. C. Carrington has bought an estate in the wild heaths near Haslemere, including one of three conical hills known as the Devil's Jumps. On this hill,

which supplies the needful elevation, he has built an observatory, for the most part underground, with the upper works just peeping out over the summit. To get further depth, he has sunk a dry well 40 feet below the centre of the observatory; and at the bottom of this, where the temperature will be invariable, he intends to mount a clock in an airtight case. With this arrangement, he hopes "to have the most perfect clock in England, perhaps in the world."

#### ZOOLOGICAL LEGENDS.

When an erroneous notion is once put in the form of an illustration to a scientific work, the tenacity with which it remains unaltered is wonderful. No matter how absurd, it is copied over and over again. In Prof. Gervais's recent 'Élémens de Zoologie,' a work intended to be an official schoolbook for France, there are surprising instances of this. In an illustration of the nidification of the flamingo, that bird is represented straddling on a tall, conical nest of mud. This is an old and often refuted fable. We have few observations on the incubation of flamingoes, but it is certain that, like all other birds, they sit upon their nests with their legs bent under their body, in which position the length of those limbs is no inconvenience whatever.

#### SCHWEINFURTH.

LETTERS have recently been received in Berlin from the well-known German traveller in Africa, Dr. Georg Schweinfurth. Since the appearance of his earlier works ('Plantæ quædam Niloticæ,' 1862, and 'Beitrag zur Flora Æthiopiens,' 1867), Dr. Schweinfurth has held a high rank among German botanists. Leaving Cairo early in 1864, he travelled along the western coast of the Red Sea, and after returning to Cairo made a second visit to the same region, extending his journey to Abyssinia; afterwards, travelling westward to the Blue Nile and Khartum, and northward to Cairo, he completed his first journey in Africa in 1866, having spent much of the time at places of interest on his route. The results of this journey were so important, both for general science and for the branch which he had made his speciality, that on his proposing, at Berlin, a second visit to Africa, the "Humboldt Fund for Scientific Investigation and Travel" was placed at his disposal. He started from Suez in August, 1868, partially retraced his former route, and arrived in October at Khartum, from which place, assisted by an agreement with the trader Ghattas, he travelled to the latter's trading-settlement on the Bahr el Ghasal, the principal western source of the White Nile: and here he established, in March, 1869, his head-quarters for journeys in the surrounding country. In April and in December, 1869, botanical and other collections made by him reached Berlin, accompanied by full accounts of his journeys, and by scientific treatises, which will soon be published. His latest letters report that he had been free from fever during the rainy season, and that he proposed to begin in October a journey, which would occupy about seven months, into the country to the south and south-west.

#### Science Gossip.

According to a recent estimate the population of the globe is about 1,228,000,000 souls. Of this number 552,000,000 belong to the Mongolian race; 360,000,000, to the Caucasian; 190,000,000 to the Ethiopian; 176,000,000 to the Malay, and 1,000,000 to the Indo-American race. The annual mortality is over 33,000,000.

A FOSSIL FISH, 22 inches long, has recently been found in the Lower Flag Rock of Lancashire. Mr. Aitken, of Bacup, President of the Manchester Geological Society, the owner of the fossil, considers the fish to be a new species, and remarks that its discovery is peculiarly interesting, as hitherto no animal remains have been found in this stratum.

A RUMOUR in a Church paper of Tuesday morning that the Ethnological Society is about to be wound up, was answered that day by Col. Lane Fox, the Hon. Secretary, at a meeting of the

Anthropological Society. He said the Ethnological Society owed nothing, and no one belonging to it had ever thought about winding it up, as it was never in a more flourishing condition.

A 'Catalogue of Diurnal Lepidoptera,' edited by Mr. W. F. Kirby, assistant in the Museum of the Royal Dublin Society, will shortly be published by Mr. Van Voorst. As it is sixteen years since the last Catalogue of all known species of butterflies was published, a new one is needed. Mr. Kirby's will not be a mere list of names, but will contain references to a good description' or figure of each species.

THE Académie des Sciences has elected a corresponding member in the Section of Physics, Herr Mayer, of Heilbronn, in the place vacant by the death of M. Matteuci. Herr Mayer obtained 39 votes, Prof. Kirchoff 5, M. Augström 1, and Sir William Thompson 1.

M. Coquand, who has already published a monograph on Spanish fossils, is continuing in Aragon his researches on the geology of Spain.

FASTd wG nB a oT e so Td ti Lfa N

RH of better B To be go

gi

ar m A

m th ar to

w of of th

A Con with a car B sp ar a of of lo re

M. PRILLEUX has published a series of observations confirming the views of Böhm, Famintzin and Borodine on the movements of chlorophyll granules in the leaves of plants. Each grain has a definite nocturnal and a distinct diurnal position in its cell. His observations were made upon Fumaria hygrometrica, a species of moss.

At the meeting of the French Imperial and Central Agricultural Association, held last week, a gold medal was awarded to a lady, Hyppolita Meunier, of Versailles, for a popular treatise on Hygiene, entitled, 'Docteur du Village.'

M. Lacaze-Duthiers read a paper last week before the Academy of Sciences, in which he advocated the classification of Mollusca by means of the digestive system.

The Abbé Lhéritier, by improvements in the cells, has succeeded in considerably increasing the electricity-producing power of Daniel's battery.

Prof. Sée, of Paris, recently delivered, at the Hôpital de la Charité, a lecture on tobacco. He pointed out that the proportion of nicotine varies according to the kind of tobacco. Thus, that produced in Germany and Alsace contains from seven to three per cent of nicotine, while that from Havanna and Maryland has only two per cent. In small doses nicotine aids respiration, and does not affect the heart, but in larger quantities the professor showed that it produces convulsion of the respiratory muscles, an accelerated and intermitting pulse and a tremulous condition of the muscles.

A Belgian abbé, M. Thirion, has designed a new aërial machine. It consists of a pair of parallel boards, furnished with sails, and connected by jointed rods. Movement is obtained by the opening and shutting of the sails and the approximation and separation of the boards. The action is kept up by a small steam-engine, which is placed in the back part of the construction. No experiments have yet been made with this machine.

Prof. Sonnenschein states that decomposition of a body, long buried in the ground, is accompanied with a change of dark-coloured hair to red, and that the hair shows an acid re-action.

A VALUABLE contribution to statistics has just been made by Richard Boeckh, in his work on German population and the portions of European countries occupied by German-speaking races (\*Der Deutschen Volkszahl und Sprachgebiet in den Europäischen Staaten').

The manufacture of alcohol from reindeer moss, which was set on foot in 1867 by M. Sternberg, Professor of Chemistry at Stockholm, has been carried on to some extent in Sweden, and is about to be introduced into Norway. At present, large quantities of grain and potatoes are consumed in the manufacture of spirits. It is to be hoped that the production of alcohol from less valuable material will tend to ameliorate the condition of Scandinavia, by setting at liberty the large amount of foodstuffs at present destroyed by distillation.

#### SOCIETIES

ROYAL.-Jan. 13.-Warren De La Rue, Esq., in the chair.—The following papers were read:—
'On the Mineral Constituents of Meteorites,' by
Mr. N. S. Maskelyne,—'On Fluoride of Silver,'
by Mr. G. Gore,—and 'Approximate Determinations of the Heating Powers of Arcturus and a Lyræ,' by Mr. E. J. Stone.

Geological.—Jan. 12.—Prof. Huxley, LL.D., President, in the chair.—Messrs. J. Aitken, E. Allen, C. Cadle, A. W. Edgell, C. F. Leaf, and S. J. Smith, were elected Fellows; Prof. Otto Torell, of Lund, was elected a Foreign Correspondent of the Society.—The following communications were read:—'On the Geological Position and Geographical Distribution of the Reptilian or Dolomitic Conglomerate of the Bristol Area,' by Mr. R. Etheridge. The author regarded these deposits as due to the action of the sea-waves of the later or Middle Triassic periods upon the rocks of older Triassic (Bunter) or Permian age during the gradual elevation of the land, and as the probable representatives in point of time of the Muschelkalk, otherwise deficient in Britain. Prof. Ramsay, Prof. T. Rupert Jones and Prof. Morris took part in the discussion.—'On the Superficial Deposits of por-tions of the Avon and Severn Valleys and adjoining Districts,' by Mr. T. G. B. Lloyd.—'On the Sur-face-deposits in the neighbourhood of Rugby,' by Mr. J. M. Wilson.

ASIATIC.—Jan. 27.—Major-General Sir H. C. Rawlinson, K.C.B., President, in the chair.—Mr. Henry B. Loch, C.B., Lieut.-Governor of the Isle of Man, was elected a Resident Member.-The two bronze tablets of Himyaritic Inscriptions, presented to the Asiatic Society by Capt. S. B. Miles, Ass. Resident at Aden, being exhibited once more, it was remarked from the chair, that the tablets had been cleaned since the last meeting in the most successful manner, every character having been rendered legible, thanks to Dr. S. Birch, of the rendered legible, thanks to Dr. S. Birch, of the British Museum.—A paper, by Dr. Schindler, of Teherân, 'On the Ruins of Réÿ,' was read. The President, in ordering the thanks of the Meeting to be returned to the writer, said that, although notices regarding the ruins of that city were scattered through books such as 'Sir W. Ouseley's Travels,' the subject had never before been put hefore our eyes in so detailed a manner.—Photobefore our eyes in so detailed a manner.—Photographs of some iron remains, excavated from the group of Barrows at Junapanee, near Nagpore, in the Central Provinces of India, were exhibited, and some descriptive remarks read, for which the meeting was indebted to Sir H. Bartle E. Frere. Among these remains, which, together with fragments of bone and pottery urns had been found in the centre of the barrow, there was a specimen of an iron battle-axe with cross-bands of iron, that took the place of the thongs with which the stones were fastened on to the staff. Of these axes several of different sizes had been discovered, the wood work of the handles of which had disappeared. Besides, there was the photograph of a brooch, used by the people of the hills about Chini, on the borders of Thibet, as also by the Simla hill-women. This had not been found in these tumuli, but was given to show the resemblance between the ornaments in use among the hill races in the present day and the remains found in Europe.—A paper, by Mr. Thomas Steele, Ceylon C.S., was read, 'Notes on some Antiquities, &c. in the District of Hambantota, Ceylon, with Specimens of Sinhalese Poetry.' writer describes a number of objects of chiefly antiquarian interest, such as dagobas, monasteries, caves, pillars, &c. in that district of southern Ceylon. Besides, copies of inscriptions are given, as also specimens of popular legendary lore, and part of an elegant metrical translation of the Kusa Játaka, a Sinhalese poem of 687 stanza, descriptive of one of the transmigrations of Buddha, as Kusa, Emperor of Dambadira. In the course of the discussion following the reading of this paper, Mr. J. Fergusson remarked that some of Mr. Steele's notes were especially available for the history of architecture, to which materials of this kind were highly welcome.

STATISTICAL. - Jan. 18. - William Newmarch, Esq., President, in the chair.—The following gentlemen were elected Fellows:—Messrs. Iltudus Thomas Prichard, Henry Hoare, David Maclagan and Josiah Samuel Parker.—Prof. Levi read a paper 'On the Statistics of Joint-Stock Companies from 1814 to the Present Time, and of Companies with Limited and Unlimited Liability formed since the Year 1856.'

Риотоскарніс.—Jan. 11.—J. Glaisher, President, in the chair.—The following gentlemen were dent, in the chair.—The following gentlemen were elected Members, P. Le Neve Foster, M.A., O. G. Rejlander, H. Cooper, jun., and Capt. F. Turton, R.N. — Mr. P. Jennings, of Belfast, exhibited a series of Irish landscape studies, and the following papers were read: 'On Platinum-Toned Transparencies,' by Mr. T. Kay; 'On the Production of Compound Negatives,' by Mr. E. Dunmore; 'Chez Reutlinger,' by Mr. H. B. Pritchard; and 'Remarks on Angular Apertures of Photographic Lenses,' by on Angular Apertures of Photographic Lenses,' by Mr. J. H. Dallmeyer.

MATHEMATICAL.—Jan. 13.—Prof. Cayley, President, in the chair.—Dr. Ramsay was proposed for election.—Mr. Walker gave an account of his paper 'On Equations of Centres and Foci, and conditions of certain Involutions.' Dr. Henrici, Prof. Hirst, Mr. Clifford, and the President, took part in a discussion on the subject.-The President then made a statement of some results he had arrived at with reference to Quartic surfaces.— Mr. Roberts exhibited and explained some diagrams of the pedals of conic sections which he had constructed by the methods described in his communication of January 14th, 1869.

Anthropological.—Jan. 18.—Annual General Meeting.—John Beddoe, M.D., President, in the chair.—The Report of the Auditors showed a balance in hand of 1261. 19s. 9d.—The Report of Council was read and adopted. The President then deli-vered the Annual Address, including an obituary notice of Dr. James Hunt, founder of the Society -The ballot for the election of Officers and Council, for 1870, was taken, and Dr. Beddoe was re-elected President.

TUES.

MEETINGS FOR THE ENSUING WEEK.

Entomological, 7.—Anniversary,
Geographical, 8.—Letter to the President on Central Asia and
Pamir Land, Mr. G. W. Hayward; 'Visit to Easter Island,
Mr. J. L. Palmer.
Royal Institution, 3.—'Architecture of the Human Body,'
Civil Engineers, &.—Ocean Steam Navigation.
Ethnological, 8.—'Origin of the Tamanians geologically considered,' Mr. J. Bonwick; 'A Frontier-Line of Ethnology
and Geology,' Mr. H. H. Howorth; 'Nicobar Islanders, Mr.
G. M. Atkinson.
Society of Arie, 8.—'Worder of Reading in Use by the Blind,
Society of Arie, 8.—'Modes of Reading in Use by the Blind,
Society of Arie, 8.—'Modes of Reading in Use by the Blind,
Geological, 8.—'Crag of Norfolk and Associated Beds,' Mr. J.
Prestwich, 'Fossil Corals of South-Australian Tertisry
Deposits, 'Dr. Martin Duncan; 'Large undescribed Wealden
Vertebra, 'Mr. J. W. Hulke.
'Royal Institution, 3.—'Chemistry of Vegetable Products,'
'Prof. Odling, 8.—'Panting,' Mr. C. W. Cope.
Zoological, 8.—Letter from Dr. J. Haast on Cooking Pits
and Kitchen Middens containing Remains of Dinornis,
Canterbury Settlement, New Zealand, Prof. Owen.
Antiquaries, 83.
Royal, 8.—
Royal, 18.
Royal, 18.—
Royal Institution, 8.—'Graham's Scientific Work' Pres. Colling.

Royal Institution, 8.— Graham's Scientific Work, 'Prof. Odling. Royal Institution, 3.— Meteorology,' Mr. Scott.

#### FINE ARTS

THE SOCIETY of PAINTERS in WATER COLOURS.—The WINTER EXHIBITION of Sketches and Studies is NOW OPEN, 5, Pall Mall East. Ten till Five.—Admission, 1s. Gas on dark days. WILLIAM CALLOW, Secretary.

HE INSTITUTE of PAINTERS in WATER COLOURS.—NOW EN, the FOURTH WINTER EXHIBITION of Sketches and lies, Daily, from Nine to Six. JAMES FAHEY. Secretary.

GUSTAVE DORÉ. DORÉ GALLERY, 35, New Bond-street.— EXHIBITION of PICTURES, OPEN DAILY, at the New Gallery, from Ten till Five (rap at dust). Admission 12.

Les Chefs d'Œuvre de la Peinture Italienne. By Paul Mantz. With Chromo-lithographic Plates and Engravings on Wood, (Paris, Didot Frères; London, Asher & Co.) This volume, with its engravings and pictures in colours, treats of the various schools of painting in Italy, from those of the thirteenth | represented. It is a common fault of English

century to those of the eighteenth century. The text is carefully written, in the somewhat exalted strain which French students of the history of Art affect, but the taste and critical acumen of the author are best shown by his selection of subjects to illustrate the genius and technical powers of painters so diverse as those whom Sienna and Pisa furnished in the early age of what is inconsiderately styled the "Revival of Art," and those, such as Tiepolo and Canaletti, who sprang from Venice in the last decade of the eighteenth century, and marked the closing of the roll of ancient masters. M. Mantz has a fine sense of what is noble in artistic sentiment and wealthy in pictorial achievement. He values one great name as that of a designer, a second as pertaining to a master of composition, a third as that of one potent with the brush, a fourth as belonging to a chiaroscurist, a fifth as the title of one whose career served to indicate a period of transition, and so on. His work is enriched by anecdotes of pictures and criticisms which, if not invariably new, or the results of original researches, are generally apt, wisely chosen and uttered, and always deftly expressed and disposed.

We accept with satisfaction the author's account of some of the masters of the second class, such as Botticelli, Luca Signorelli and Ghirlandajo; at the same time it is not hard to see that he scarcely does justice to the fantastic spirituality of the first named of these painters, spirituality which, however quaintly expressed and, as it seems to us, wilfully eccentric, is remote from shallowness and affectation. Ghirlandajo his estimate is more completely to our mind. It is needless to say that a competent popular writer on painting is in love with Fra Angelico, and adores Michael Angelo within certain limits; that he accepts Raphael calls for no word of ours to state, neither need we say that he estimates the painters of the decadence fairly and not too hardly. It is to his opinions of Art, as practised and understood by exceptionable painters such as Botticelli, that we look in order to judge of the calibre of a critic. The masters of Giotto's school are heartily appreciated by M. Mantz, who is too well informed not to read the grandeur of those texts which are so often cased in, if not concealed, by semi-archaic modes of Art. The comprehensive spirit of such a critic has been rendered more valuable by care in revising older accounts of men and pictures by means of the lucubrations of modern historians, among which those of East-lake and "Crowe and Cavalcaselle" might

have been found of value.

So much for the text. The illustrations are of very unequal value: in saying which it is right to add that, although a wonderfully cheap volume, this work is not prepared in a "cheap" manner. Its pretensions are high, and such as demand the application of elevated standards of criticism. Many of the small woodcuts are of little value even as decorations to the typography; others are excellent, and most of the decorative letters, initials, &c. are first-rate, but some of the large cuts are poorly and insufficiently drawn and weakly wrought. On the other hand, it is impossible not to admire the manner in which, even in the less important illustrations, the distinctive characteristics and qualities of diverse painters have been preserved and

t

n

n

loo bus (2) Cri tha the and As im

Go fro bee pre to its of len

the of Sar pic rat abl

in Iss Mi

le Vi

on

not

wr. Fe pai and I g

bei

Di see he

ex Ac

the the parent tion for de

wi I dint my kin the cle the see me wi lal

works of a luxurious character that pictures look too much alike in style and handling: we only recognize in them the broadest distinctions as existing between painter and painter, and the peculiarities of men are too often absorbed and obscured by hard and heartless modes of reproduction. There is nothing of this sort here: not only are the peculiarities of each master in drawing, chiaroscuro and composition distinguished and fairly translated, but the varieties of colouring are emphatically rendered.

The most successful of these reproductions are those of pictures in the Louvre, of which many have been made under the immediate superintendence of the author; other copies are admirable. Among the finer transcripts are the cut from Cimabue's 'La Vierge aux Anges' in the Louvre, and Simone di Martino's 'L'Annonciation,' in Florence; also Fra Angelico's 'Le Couronnement de la Vierge,' in the Louvre. Among the chromo-lithographs we recognize estimable copies of Giotto's 'Resurrection of Lazarus,' in the Arena Chapel, at Padua, Fra Angelico's 'Madonna and Benedictine Saints,' from St. Marco, Florence. Lippo Lippi's 'Virgin and Jesus adored by two Saints,' from the Louvre, although a little opaque, is capital. Benozzo Gozzoli's 'Vintage,' from the Campo Santo, Pisa, a little crude in the colouring of the restored portions, is barely satisfactory. Botticelli's 'Calumny' is one of the best chromo-lithographic transcripts with which we are acquainted. Very bright and singularly fresco-like is Ghirlandajo's 'Death of St. Francis.' Bellini's 'Virgin and Six Saints,' from the Academy at Venice, is not successful. Perugino's 'Ascension' is admirable. Lord Taunton's picture, exhibited at Manchester, now at the Royal Academy, 'The Virgin and Angels,' is well rendered. Titian's 'Pilgrims at Emmaus,' is among the best copies here, where so many are worthy of high commendation and few are unworthy.

#### ROYAL ACADEMY, WINTER EXHIBITION.

The striking work of Albert Cuyp, styled View of Viset-on-the-Maas (102), is the property of the Marquis of Bute, to whom the public is indebted for a large proportion of the wealth of these gal-leries. This painting is here attributed to Jacob G. Cuyp. It is a brilliant and somewhat hardlooking picture, wrought with remarkable firmness, and above all with extraordinary power in dealing with atmospheric effect. The colour is warm and the effect remarkably clear, so that in the morning light we see along the vista of a road that is chequered with sunshine and shade, and over a large expanse of calm water, to where a little town stands on a spit of land between the mountains and the stream. Trees cluster about the place; the river banks curve in receding from the eye; the water is a mirror, several ducks float near the front; a sportsman aims with his clumsy gun, resting it in the foliage of a large shrub which grows at the side of the road; a horseman, trotting on a morning errand, has come upon a herdsman, some of whose lazy cattle recline on the path while the men gossip; overhead great white clouds are slowly dissolving as the air gathers warmth from the ascending sun. The whole is a perfect Dutch pastoral. The sky is striking, but with all its fineness and remarkable display of power, the clouds are indifferently drawn and almost innocent of linear perspective. Cloud perspective of this kind is one of the rarest subjects to be mastered. Few indeed are the successes of old masters in this matter. On the other hand, the aerial perspective of this landscape is admirable; on looking in this direction one sees how much Albert the son owed

to his father Jacob. The foliage lacks something of colour and solidity; the water and mid-distance need no praise. This picture was engraved by W. Elliot, and exhibited at the British Institution in 1815 (Smith's Catalogue 264)

1815. (Smith's Catalogue, 264.) A group of Holbeins next attracts us. The first of these is here called Portrait, with a Manuscript (108), from Windsor, one of the heirlooms of the Crown, and known to students of the works of Hans the younger as 'The Merchant of the Steelyard,' who is in the act of cutting the string of a letter with a knife as he suspends his task of writing a letter; he has written in the superscription the date "1532, 26th July." Although overloaded by varnish, which has darkened it, and far from being an important specimen of Holbein's art, this work fixes, as his productions never fail to do, the attention of those who will examine the face and master its expression; there is that in the clear, deeply-set eyes, the finely-cut mouth, with its wonderfully-painted moustache—all triumphs of drawing as these features are-which characterizes at his best one of the most perfect of draughtsmen and subtle of portrait painters. By its vital expression, not less than by its technical completeness, this work is useful in destroying the claims of portraits such as that of John, Elector of Saxony (111), belonging to Mr. Holford; the latter is rather better than the majority of ordinary German portraits in Holbein's day. The name of such portraits is Legion: it needs less than a welldrawn face, painted with hardness and set in a green background, to furnish half of them with claims to the honour of the master's handiwork. It only requires examination to show how feeble are the claims of Mr. Holford's painting; one might almost say that because it is a stupid-looking portrait, therefore it cannot be by Holbein.-Of Mr. Henry Huth's Sir Thomas More (121), strangely pathetic, but merely, as it appears now, founded on a Holbein, we have already written; also of the charming Portrait nave already written; also of the charming Portration Edward the Sixth (147), from Sion House.—The Portrait of a Youth (152) is a valuable Holbein from Windsor, with the high cheek-bones,—a black cap on his head, looking out of a pair of Holbein's culiarly small eyes at us, wearing a black dress, and with a ruff about his neck which is embroidered with black;—a wonderful piece of execution is this In the richly-varied green background the deftly painted vine-branches which Holbein

not unfrequently employed.

The Holy Family (110), by Andrea del Sarto, is one of those careless pictures which are more interesting, as comprising portraits of Lucrezia, the painter's wife, than on any other account.

Religious Art of a different kind from that which inspired the last-named picture appears in Mr. A. Seymour's Virgin and Child attended by Angels (116), by P. della Francesca. This is a good and characteristic example of the painter and his school. Observe its many beautiful elements: the fine figures of the angels who stand before the throne; the grandeur and grace of that of the Virgin.—Close to this is Mr. C. Sackville Bale's exquisite miniature in distemper, by Benozzo Gozzoli, The Virgin and Child surrounded by Saints (118), a rare and lovely work. Four angels bear a canopy over the heads of the Virgin and Child; other angels are grouped about the pair; some of them are in ecstacies of prayer and praise. This picture belonged to Miss Rogers. One of the most valuable pictures here is A Holy Family (130), by S. del Piombo, which belongs to Mr. T. Baring, and came from Stratton. This is a votive picture, produced when the artist's powers were at their best and even more intensely expressive and subtle than the 'Raising of Lazarus in the National Gallery. The Virgin, seated, with Christ in her lap, presents the donatorio to her son, who, child-like, yet in a grand manner, clings to her neck. Joseph sleeps; St. John, who has intro-duced the devotee, stands on the Virgin's right. Apart from a certain grandiose mode of conception and designing which was proper to Michael Angelo's pupil, this work is grand and grave. It barely misses the highest qualities of the noblest Art. The composition is superb; the drawing worthy of the finest school: note that of the figure of

Christ and the face of the Virgin. Venetian colour is here united with Roman forms and the sobriety of Florentine conception. The culmination of this triumph is in the intense expression of the Virgin's face, which is most original, most pathetic, most evalted.

With two landscapes of diverse characters, and of the highest interest, our examination of Old Masters' pictures may close. The more important of these is Claude's famous work, The Sacrifice (142), from Leigh Court, and the property of Sir William Miles. It is one of the pair of works which, from their original position in a Roman palace, are known as "the Altieri Claudes." At the French invasion of Italy these were, to avoid the spoiler, sent to this country, and, arriving without the knowledge of the owners, were stowed in a customhouse so long that the authorities, in order to recover the duty and expenses, sold them by auction for 1,200l.—a trifle, considering their worth. This led to their being claimed, and resold to Mr. Beekford, of Fonthill, with four small pictures, for 10,000 guineas. Mr. Hart Davies next owned them, from whom they passed to the late Mr. Miles. The present work, which is sometimes entitled 'The Landing of Æneas in Italy, is surpassed by its fellow, 'The Temple of Apollo,' which Woollett's engraving—a masterly version of a masterpiece—nobly reproduced.—Lady Eastlake's Landscape (146), showing the death of Peter Martyr in the foreground, by Giovanni Bellini, is one of the most remarkable pictures in this collection. The landscape here is elaborated to the highest pitch within the power of the painter. It is one of the oldest landscapes proper in existence. The figures are designed with great simplicity and literalness. A leafy grove, with woodmen at work, occupies a large proportion of the panel. About one-third of the whole is given to a view of open country, with a road leading to a town standing on a hill, and beyond a river, which is crossed by a bridge; herdsmen stand by a well; cattle go lowing on their homeward journey. On our left in front, Peter Martyr sinks beneath a blow from a soldier in armour, that is painted with singular care, truthfulness and brilliancy. The companion monk is attacked by another soldier. Of these incidents the country folk are taking no notice whatever.

Among the works of Leslie, for which we invoke the visitor's studies, are, The Heiress (161),—Dulcinea del Toboso (183),—A Family Group (187), representing the Westminster family; a work which is here seen for the first time by the public, and is probably, in technical qualities, the artist's best production. The Duke's Chaplain, enraged, leaving the Table (202) is better known. Also The Masquerade: Henry the Eighth, Anne Boleyn, Wolsey, and others (217),—and Lord Leconfield's Gulliver's Presentation to the Queen of Brobdingag (222).—Stanfield is fairly represented by The Battle of Roveredo (163),—by his sole pathetic picture, the impressive Abandoned (171), The Bass Rock (175), and Capture of the Spanish Zebec "El Gamo" (198).

We close our account of this noble collection with warmest thanks to the owners of the pictures, which have been generously lent for public instruction and delight. The Royal Academy will gain in all respects by this Exhibition; not least in the fact that it has put itself in its true position as the expositor of Art in all times.

#### REPRODUCTION OF EARLY ART-TREASURES.

The South Kensington Museum will soon be enriched by a series of reproductions of early wall-paintings and mosaics, to be used to decorate parts of the Museum which were designed with a view to such ornamentation. Among the examples already in hand are copies from pictures found in the subterranean basilica of San Clemente, Rome, during the excavations conducted by Prior Mul-

0

ır

's

e,

er,

nto

ed,

ag

re,

Ole

ac

in

he

ate h a looly, of that church. These comprise (1) a male bust, of distinctly antique character, circa 300 A.D.; (3) a female saint, with a nimbus, circa 410; (3) a female saint, with a nimbus, circa 410; (3) a Crucifixion, the earliest known representation of that event, circa 646, 50 A.D.; (4) 'The Maries at the Sepulchre,' 'The Descent of Christ to Hades,' and 'The Marriage at Cana,' circa 650 A.D., 'The Assumption of the Virgin,' and five others of equal importance. Two fac-similes of mosaics of the greatest interest have been reproduced: (1) 'The Good Shepherd,' seated, with his flock; a lunette, from the tomb of Galla Placidia, Ravenna; this has been delivered by Messrs. Salviati, but remains at present under judgment, pending the production to the authorities of certain stipulated proofs of its fidelity to the original: the obvious importance of such proofs need not be stated, and without challenging the copy in question, we cannot wonder at the determination of the officials to withhold the work for the present. (2) A fine upright figure of Christ, on a gold ground, with attributes, from San Marco. This is a very striking and grand picture. The scheme for reproducing such decorations is comprehensive, and may embrace invaluable examples which date from the "Sylvanus," from Ostia, now in the Lateran Museum, which is so strikingly like pictures of 'The Good Shepherd,' in the Catacombs, Rome; the so-called 'Battle of Issus,' now at Naples; works from San Lorenzo, Milan, the Baptistery at Ravenna, San Paolo fuori le Mure, Rome, SS. Cosmo and Damiano, San Vitale, Ravenna, with others, to Ghirlandajo's work on the exterior of the Duomo, Florence, and later examples in St. Peter's, Rome.

CORONATION OF THE VIRGIN.

WE have received a letter from Mrs. C. Heaton, in which she says:—"I think it has not been noticed that in letter 8, of the Pirkheimer Correspondence—first translated in my Life of Albrecht Dürer—Dürer mentions another painting besides the one he had executed for the German Merchants as having been painted by him at Venice. He writes: 'Know also that my picture is ready ('The Feast of the Rose-Garlands') as well as another painting, the like of which I have never yet made, and which will be well pleasing to you also. Thus I give myself herewith to understand that there is no better picture of the Virgin Mary in the land, because all the artists praise it as well as the nobility.'

"This praise appears more likely to have been called forth by the 'Feast of the Rose-Garlands' than by any smaller work; but it is known that Dürer painted other pictures in Venice, and it seems to me not improbable that the one to which he alludes here is 'The Coronation of the Virgin' exhibited by the Marquis of Lothian, at the Royal

Our Correspondent has not noticed that few and comparatively unimportant parts of the picture in the Academy have been finished. It was apparently the artist's intention to paint piecemeal, elaborating part after part of the picture in the manner of his engravings,—a thing not uncommon. Hence portions are complete, while the rest shows the bare forms, as confused by attempts to work out the design. Of an example in this stage Dürer would not write in the above terms.

#### ST. CLEMENT'S AT ROME.

Rome, Jan. 11, 1870.

Some years have passed away since together with Father Mullooly, the Prior of St. Clement's, I descended through a hole to the site of the most interesting excavations in Rome. Great then was my surprise yesterday, when accompanied by the kind and intelligent Father I again went below the upper church, and found a spacious temple cleared out, and arranged in almost its primitive beauty. There are the two aisles and the nave and the nardix, and all were lighted upso as to admit of our seeing the proportions of the Basilica Constantinians more clearly. I expressed my great delight at what I saw, when the worthy Prior told me of the labour it had cost to effect it. 130,000 loads of

débris had been all carried up by basket, and the debris had been all carried up by basket, and the expenses of this great and interesting work had been defrayed simply by donations, which zeal and sincerity such as distinguish Father Mullooly never fail to call forth. Still lower than the Basilica is what is called, and there is some evidence for its having been so, the Oratory of St. Clement; and as we stood within it and listened to the statement that here St. Peter and St. Paul and St. Clement had worshipped, it was impossible and St. Clement that here St. Feer and St. Fain and St. Clement had worshipped, it was impossible not to feel all the sacredness of the spot. True, we might some of us reject, and did reject, the statement as improbable tradition; but yet there could be no doubt that some of the earliest believers in Christianity had knelt and prayed there, and this conviction was in itself alone officient to evalue an integer which surrounds sufficient to awaken an interest which surrounds few other places in Rome. The real floor of this oratory is twelve feet lower still, and Father Mullooly hopes, if he can obtain the necessary money, to remove the débris which covers up what may prove a rich addition to Christian Art. Underthis structure are remains of buildings which mark their different ages in the history of Rome—the imperial, the republican and regal ages. There can at any rate be no doubt that we have here the works of very different periods, for the styles of architecture speak plainly to it, and as we walked through a narrow passage, on one side of which were piled huge blocks of stone, we recog-nized what is called the wall of Servius Tullius. "Here, on the right," said the Father, "pointing to a hole as large as my head, "I discover there is another room in the Palace of St. Clement, and another room in the Palace of St. Clement, and this wall I must break down to enable me to enter it; and now just ahead of us I will show you a great discovery I have made within the last few days." There was an irregular opening made in the wall at the end of the passage, displaying in the distance a wide and handsome staircase. It led to the upper rooms of the palace, and "if you will enter," he said, addressing the other members of my party, "you will be the first ladies who in modern times have ascended it." So by the light of our wax tapers we squeezed through the hole. of our wax tapers we squeezed through the hole, and, mounting a quantity of debris, arrived at the staircase, ample and wide, and claiming at the staircase, ample and wide, and claiming to have belonged to a Patrician house. "It must have been a handsome palace," said the Prior, "for there are rooms beneath us, and on each side. Look down here," he said; "that hole, which now you see half full of water, is, or was, a large and handsome room, 25 feet below the Basilica Costantiniana. It was a magnificent palace was that of St. Clement, and no wonder, for, as you know, he was a member of the wonder, for, as you know, he was a member of the Flavian family." On mounting up to the upper world we examined the modern church, in which some alterations have been made since last I visited it. The chapel of St. Catharine, for instance, on the right of the entrance, has been lowered by three steps, and the pavement, in a handsome antique of mosaic, reduced to the same level with style of mosaic, reduced to the same level with that of the nave; while on the right of the altar was a fresco-painting, subject unknown, which was fast going to decay from the damp of the outer wall. This has been ingeniously and successfully cut away and attached to canvas, and in this form hangs where it was. All round this chapel are frescoes, principally illustrative of the life of St. rescoes, principally illustrative of the lite of St. Catharine, and painted by Masaccio; being the only chapel in Rome which can boast of having been decorated by that great master. In the body of the church too, and near the High Altar, is another work which is perfectly unique—a beautiful piece of basket, or transenine work in marble, "through which," said Father Mullooly, "Christians in former days were accustomed to look at the relics of St. Clement."

Just a week ago—that is on the 4th of Janu-

Just a week ago—that is, on the 4th of January, the Empress of Austria visited the site, and I will give you a report of the visit in the words of the good Father. "Her Majesty came at half-past 4 o'clock, accompanied by two ladies of the Court, by Count Malatesta, the Commendatore De Rossi, our great archæologist, and several other persons of her suite. She spoke English

with me always, and spoke it beautifully. During the visit, which lasted about three quarters of an hour, Her Majesty showed the greatest interest in my discoveries, asked many questions, and her manner was most gracious. She was much pleased when I told her that the Prince of Wales also was greatly interested in these excavations. Of course, my church was brilliantly lighted up, and showed to great advantage." Next to the ruins themselves, Father Mullooly, the Prior of St. Clement's, has always attracted me strongly by his simple, profound and persevering faith; and very pleased should I be if one word written by myself could increase the power of the good Father to carry on works in which men of every faith, Christian that is, must feel deep sympathy. In the vestry visitors will find engravings of frescoes, and copies of a work, just published, by Father Mullooly, entitle 'St. Clement, Pope and Martyr, and his Busilica in Rome.' The profits of the sale are devoted to this work, which absorbs the time and attention of the Father; but they are small, and he never asks for money.

#### Fine-Art Gossip.

Mr. Holman Hunt, who, during several months past, has been painting at Bethlehem, has made good progress with an important picture.

THE Roman pavement which was found in the Poultry has been chromo-lithographed for the Corporation, with excellent results.

The Summer Exhibition of the Burlington Club will comprise a rich collection of drawings by Michael Angelo and Raphael, and prints from the works of those masters.

LADY EASTLAKE, in her recently published Memoirs of the late President of the Royal Academy, states that Mr. Bellenden Ker has bequeathed a picture by that artist to the nation. This is a portrait of Mrs. Bellenden Ker as an Italian Contadina, with a basket of grapes; it was painted in 1835.

THE Council of the Royal Academy has been occupied of late in devising and effecting reforms in its schools. These reforms, as we understand, tend in the right direction, and are calculated to give animation to the system of teaching; greater liberality than former practice vouchsafed to these schools, and richer opportunities for the students, are matters which are no longer to be merely talked about.

As we have already noticed, Mr. Benson's rooms in New Bond Street are to be re-occupied by an exhibition. It now appears that a gallery in Old Bond Street, close to Piccadilly, is to be filled by the New British Institution, an association which, as its circular states, has "received the adhesion" of several Royal Academicians and some well-known "outsiders." We wish it success on its own account, and because the R. A.'s could, if it achieved success, raise the standard for admission to their own gatherings.

ONE of the reforms in the Royal Academy, to take effect this year, will be that of anticipating by a week the usual time of sending pictures to the Exhibition, so that the Committee will be better able than before to do justice, not only to the contributors, by examining the pictures more carefully than formerly, but to themselves in respect to their office. It is hoped that this anticipation of "sending-in" day will afford the Hanging Committee an opportunity of revising their arrangements to an extent which has not hitherto been practicable. The Exhibition will open to the public on Monday, May 2; probably, therefore, pictures will be required to be sent to Burlington House on the 28th and 29th of March next. The arrangement will not apply to the works of Members of the Royal Academy.

The new Minister of the Fine Arts has proposed to the French artists that they should imitate the dramatic authors and form a charitable association for the benefit of distressed artists, that his budget, relieved from the burthen, may be devoted solely to the encouragement of Art. The minister wishes

W

are 1

havi for a

nor e

-so amp

will

IT

schu

catir So to-da

to n Cond

dale

of F

on th

that

True is no

age with

Mad

and :

in th

anda

next F. H

follo

A Wed

and a

on T

last 1

W

M

Trav

chara

terin

a pu Comi

Conc of th

TE

to pr

Verd

stage

the s

that Gold

Thea

Jenn

it fro by th

the c

one o

be th

been

A

M. playi

M

H

M

Bi

to render the artists more independent of the State than hitherto, giving them, among other things, the management of the annual exhibitions.

#### MUSIC

MR. C. PACKER.

For the benefit of those who write history, it is well that slips of the pen, great or small, whenever they occur, should be corrected at once; otherwise, they pass into errors, tending to disturb the accuracy of future writers. Such rectification implies no blame. Every one conversant with the press has to wonder not that errors are so many, press has to wonder not that errors are so many, but, on the contrary, that they are so few. I have been reminded of this fact by reading in a contemporary journal a letter from a former fellow-labourer of mine, Mr. Ella, in which, while correcting a name mis-spelt by the Rev. Mr. L'Estrange, in his life of Miss Mitford he falls himself into a stranger error. The subject is Mr. Charles Packer (misprinted "Parker" by Mr. L'Estrange). He was one of the earliest pupils of our Royal Academy of Music,—a pupil of Mr. Ella, —and at his outset thought to be a youth of great romise. Mr. Packer's solitary essay on the English operatic stage was made, I believe, in April, 1835 (vide Athen. No. 391), at the Lyceum Theatre, in 'Sadak and Kalasrade.' The book of this opera was written, not, as Mr. Ella states, by Serjeant Talfourd,—a man as little moved by music as our first King George was by "boetry and bainting," but was the work of Miss Mitford, as her collected dramatic works attest.—The opera proved a total failure, and deservedly so; because the musician had not a spark in him of "the spirit of melody,"-and not a spark in him of "the spirit of melody, —and because the words, though not charged with such nonsense and bathos as Mr. Bunn could thrust on the town, by way of "lengths," for careless men to set (to the annihilation, it may be said, of opera in English for half a century) were not good words for music. Joanna Baillie's songs, introduced into her serious dramas, were charmingly and availably suggestive. Her songs in 'Orra' and 'The Beawhich have outlived the plays in which they were imbedded, were metrical and suggestive;—and furnish, after Shakspeare's, and Ben Jonson's, and by the side of those of Peacock (vide the songs in 'Maid Marian'), the best canvas on which Bishop, our last real English composer, wrought.—But which among men,—which among women, is perfect in self-knowledge? Miss Mitford was beguiled into writing an opera-book, without caring about music or understanding its requirements. Her great sister-dramatist could write fine tragedies and admirable songs; but, well-a-day! Mistress Joanna Baillie fancied she could also produce comedies;-and that these were more depressing than her tragedies, or, probably, than any other comedies ever put on paper by man or woman, the complete edition of her works, collected and prepared for publication, remains instructively to show.—Liston, it has been said, had a firm conviction that tragedy was his forte.

Mr. Ella seems at a loss as to the disappearance of Mr. Packer and by the absence of all mention of him in the Rev. Mr. Cazalet's history of our Royal Academy of Music. I believe he went to Australia—and this many years ago; and I am not aware that any tidings of further professional life and activity on his part, in the Newest World, have ever reached the old country.

HENRY F. CHORLEY.

#### MADAME SAINTON-DOLBY.

MADAME SAINTON-DOLBY will shortly take leave of the public: and take with her the best wishes of all those who can honour a real artist and a true woman. The eulogies preparatory to her deparwoman. The eulogies preparatory to her departure, which have appeared elsewhere, would pass had they not set her in a place which is not her own. When her supremacy over other English singers of her class is talked of in music, Mrs. Alfred Shaw—who by her incomparable contratto voice, by her finish of all the music she presented, and by her exquisite articulation of English,—

made her musical deficiencies forgiven. have been many singers of her quality. Pasta could never read a score. Another singer-among the most accomplished English artists who have ever existed-is not to pass in such a record if reputations are to be arranged. This was Miss Masson, founder of the Society of Female Musicians—a woman endowed with limited natural means but a bright intellect, who still cannot and will not be forgotten by those who keep record of the best linguist. She was a great musician and a great linguist. As a dramatic singer, her presentation of Mozart's trying air, 'Non più di fiori'—and her delivery of that noble scene by Purcell, which no one else has dared to touch since she revived it, 'The Delirious Lady,' set her in the highest rank of executive artists. She had not Madame Sainton-Dolby's extraordinary versatility (a quality, by the way, which almost precludes the possibility of the highest finish), but, like her, she was eminent and successful as a professor. The above is said in all respect and esteem for a lady who leaves the profession (so far as public performance is concerned) without leaving any one behind her, as yet, capable of taking her place.
HENRY F. CHORLEY.

#### MONDAY POPULAR CONCERTS.

MADAME ARABELLA GODDARD must again be credited with enterprise for bringing forward another quasi-novelty last Monday. It matters little whether or not Woelf's Introduction and Fugue in c minor belong to the Sonata in the same key. When played in conjunction they certainly enhance by contrast the effect produced by each alone. To our individual thinking the Fugue is the best part of the compound work. Treated with almost every device known to schoolmen, it is written with transparent clearness, and the musical interest of the movement is continuously sustained. If no very great amount of original imagination is made manifest in the Sonata proper, it is nevertheless a fine specimen of its class, a work which proves its author's natural powers to be far greater than they have been commonly supposed to be. Dr. Bennett's Sonata in A, for piano and violoncello, ought never to have been allowed to drop out of knowledge. Played with tender care by Madame Goddard and Signor Piatti, the graceful duet reminded many of other works by the same author which are too seldom heard in public. Beethoven's Quartet in c, Op. 59, and Mozart's clarionet Quintet in A, filled up the instrumental programme. Mr. Santley brought out two adroit settings of words by the Laureate—'Swallow, Swallow,' by Signor Piatti, and 'Go not, happy day,' by Mr. Seymour Egerton. Composers need not fear to set the same words

CRYSTAL PALACE.

THERE is nothing of the prodigy about either of the Le Jeune boys. Both are very young, and both are extraordinarily clever, but there is nothing about their performances which betrays the laborious learning of a set lesson. They play the most difficult classical organ-music as if they understood and enjoyed it thoroughly. It is this which removes their performances far away from any of the prodigy The elder boy played on Saturday la delssohn's masterly Sonata in B flat, the fourth of the set of six,—and the younger brother Bach's famous Fugue in E flat, which goes generally by the name of St. Anne's, on account of the theme being almost identical with the well-known psalm-tune of that The programme was thoroughly good, from the first piece to the last. The Symphony—the Scotch—is Mendelssohn's most elaborate and most completely interesting; the first Overture—that to Coriolanus'-Beethoven's finest; and the second, Euryanthe,' a characteristic example of Weber's wayward genius. There was only one singer,—a great improvement on the usual plan, especially when the one singer is Mr. Santley, and when he brings forward so clever a song as Mr. Sullivan's setting of Byron's version of Anacreon - 'I wish to tune my quivering lyre.'

SATURDAY EVENING CONCERTS.

THE director of these entertainments is quick to follow advice. The scheme of the second concert was entirely remodelled; the result was a capital concert and a crowded room. Herr Wilhelmj has lost none of his seldom-equalled facility since he was last in England, some three years back. The Concerto by Herr Ferdinand David, introduced on Saturday, is a sadly uninteresting affair, but it showed the powers of the violinist,—his rare command of the finger-board, his scrupulously accurate intonation, and his fine tone, —to conspicuous advantage. Mr. Sims Reeves was singing his very best on Saturday, and in three widely different styles. His 'Adelaida' was a marvel of passion tempered by refinement.

SONGS OF SCOTLAND.

MR. KENNEDY has one conspicuous qualification MR. KENNEDY has one conspicuous qualification for the position he has taken up. He is emphatically and pre-eminently Scotch. His voice is not particularly sweet, his singing is unmusicianlike, his emphasis excessive, and his manner unrefined. But he speaks the Scotch accent as if he knew it thoroughly, and he sings the melodies as though he loved them heartily. Hence his popularity with he loved them heartily. Hence his popularity with his clan-ish countrymen. Mr. Kennedy has brought a host of anecdotes from America and from the land of the Mormons; and of these he gives his hearers enough and to spare. Nevertheless, his entertainment has a certain value for all who are interested in national music.

#### VARIOUS CONCERTS.

WE regretted to find the singers of the National Choral Society much reduced in numbers at last week's performance of 'Elijah.' The peculiar recommendation of Mr. Martin's Society used to consist in the bright fresh voices he contrived to attract to his choir. If he has lost these, he has lost all.—To bring the gigantic forces of the Sacred Harmonic Society to bear upon Haydn's 'Creation' seems out of all proportion. But there is real grandeur in the chorus at the end of the first part, and this came out splendidly last week. The solo singing was also unusually good. Madame Lem-mens is particularly happy in Haydn's facile, elegant music, and Mr. Santley's earnestness makes even the weakest word-painting impressive.—Mr. John Boosey and Madame Sainton have each given a second ballad concert, but at neither was anything of importance brought forward.

LE THÉATRE LYRIQUE.

M. PASDELOUP has definitively resigned the directorship of the Théâtre Lyrique, and his management will cease on the 1st of February. Ha took the opportunity of handing in his resignation to lay before the Minister a scheme for the amalgamation of the Lyrique with the Opéra and Opéra Comique. The Commission des Auteurs, on being consulted, expressed dissatisfaction with the project. M. Pasdeloup has not only lost 80,000 francs, but has mortgaged the profits of his Concerts Populaires for two years to come. His disappointment is natural enough, but surely it could not justify a disturbance of the laws of free trade.

L'OPÉRA COMIQUE.

M. Bazin's 'L'Ours et le Pacha,' shortly to be brought out at the Opéra Comique, will be supported by Mesdames Ugalde and Tual, MM. Couderc, Ponchard, Potel and Prilleux. The new management, MM. de Leuven and Du Locle, have re-engaged Mdlle. Heilbronn, MM. Nathan and Prilleux. 'Déa,' the new opera by M. Jules Cohen, the book by MM. Cormon and Carré, was put into rehearsal this week. Mesdames Dalti and Ugalde, MM. Chelli and Barré are to have the principal parts. It is already settled that 'Déa' shall be brought out about the 15th of March. What would an English manager say if a composer dared to demand two months for the rehearsal of an opera! We do these things much more quickly in England, but then they do them much better in France.

70

tick

on-

s a Ierr

lled

ree

terlin-

his

AVES

hree

tion

ally

par-his ned.

with aght

the

ives

his are

onal

last liar

cred

ion real

solo em-

gant

John

en a

hing

the

Ha ation

mal-

proancs. opu

stify

to be

sup-

Cou

have

and ohen,

galde, cipal

ll be

would ed to

#### Musical Sassin.

WE are informed on the best authority that there are not to be four opera-houses, the Colosseum idea having been abandoned. The things to be sought for at the time present are not orchestra and chorus, nor even singers—few as the list is and far between
—so much as composers. We are assured that
ample means for creating a new cosmopolitan operahouse are forthcoming, and that Sir Michael Costa
will be endowed with plenipotentiary functions.

It is said that a daughter of Madame Lind Goldschmidt has a beautiful voice, which she is educating with a view to her professional appearance.

Schubert's Tragic Symphony is to be played to-day at the Crystal Palace. It may be useful to note here the coming events of the Winter Concerts. Next week we are promised Dr. Stern-dale Bennett's Symphony in a minor. On the 5th of February the 'Lobgesang' is to be given, and on the 19th Herr Joachim will play. May we hope that he will again choose Beethoven's Concerto. True he has frequently played it, but once a year is not too often to hear the greatest fiddler of the age play the greatest fiddle-music ever written, with the help of the best orchestra in England. Madame Schumann is to appear on the 5th of March; Madame Arabella Goddard is engaged, and Mr. Cowen's new Symphony is to be performed in the course of the season.

Beethoven's first Symphony is the most important work in the programme of to-night's concert at Exeter Hall. Herr Wilhelmj is to play an andante by Bach, and Ernst's Otello fantasia.

MADAME NORMAN NÉRUDA will re-appear at madame Norman Nerroda will re-appear at next Monday's Popular Concert, and young Mr. F. H. Cowen will make his début there. On the following Saturday Herr Joachim is to appear for the first time this season.

A "MENDELSSOHN Night" is advertised for next Wednesday, at Exeter Hall. The programme con-sists of 'The Walpurgis Night,' 'The Lobgesang,' and a Motet for female voices.

HAYDN'S 'Seasons' was announced to be given on Thursday at the Oratorio Concerts, and 'Elijah' last night by the Sacred Harmonic Society.

WE regret to hear that Mr. Balfe is seriously

MDLLE. SESSI has had more success in 'La Traviata,' at the Théâtre Italien, than in any character she has hitherto assumed.

M. CHELLI, a singer whom we have some unflat-tering recollection of having heard in London, a pupil of M. Faure, is engaged at the Opéra

M. Besekirsky, the Russian violinist, has been playing a concerto of his own composition at the Concerts Populaires, and has taken the fancy of the uncertain Parisians.

THE director of the Athénée appears to be anxious to produce operas of a more ambitious character than those which have brought him prosperity. Verdi's 'Masnadieri' is to be placed upon the little stage about the 25th inst., under the title of 'Les Bandits.' Some of our readers may remember that the story is founded upon Schiller's 'Räuber,' and that the dull opera was written for Madame Goldschmidt, who played in it at Her Majesty's Theatre. How can it succeed now, when not even Jenny Lind in the fullness of her fame could save it from utter failure?

The post of organist at St.-Sulpice, left vacant by the death of Lefébvre Wely, has been given to M. Widor, who on the 16th, the fite patronale of the church, played for the first time. The organ is one of the very finest in Paris, and is more complete than that of St.-Eustache, generally supposed to be the largest in the French metropolis.

AT Munich, Auber's 'Cheval de Bronze' has been revived, with the same success that has attended the revival of French operas at Leipzig. The King has given directions for renewing the rehearsals of 'Die Wallküre'; so we shall have more of Wagner.

The opening of the new building of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde, at Vienna, took place on the 5th of January, in the presence of the Emperor, who has greatly aided the Society. The building is in the Renaissance style, and the hall, which occupies the whole of the centre, is said to be excellent in an acoustic sense. Herr Ladegast is making an organ for it, space having been left behind the orchestra for the purpose. for the purpose.

#### DRAMA

M. LEVASSOR.

WHEN those die who have been long on the stage, their survivors are apt to feel surprise, not at their age, but rather at their comparative youth. Levas-sor, the well-known French comedian and singer, had sor, the west-known Frence cometan and singer, and been before the public for upwards of forty years; and we read that at the time of his death, which is announced as having taken place a few days ago, he was only sixty-two. He had special qualities as a comic actor, which gave him a distinct place and value at the time when such formidable men as Perlet, Vernet, Odry and Lafontaine were on the stage. His mask—a face expressive of a strong stage. His mask—a face expressive of a strong stolidity hardly to be penetrated by a passion or an idea—helped him, no doubt, even as our own Liston's helped him—perhaps suggested to him his occupation. But a face with nothing behind it

occupation. But a face with nothing behind it must pall on the public.

Levassor understood every form and phase of human fatuity, whether that belonged to the fop in court attire or to the peasant in his sabots stuffed with straw.—He had a dry monotonous voice; an excellent clearness of articulation. Those who have not seen his performances may form some idea of his style when we say that the actor most analogous to him on our English the actor most analogous to him on our English stage is Mr. Compton.—As a grotesque singer, quaint and comical as were his presentations of character (that of Le Chanteur Choriste to be expressly commemorated), he did not, as we had occasion to say some years ago, exhibit the versatility, the musical humour, the exquisite whimsy of our own Mr. John Parry.—At present, there is small chance of either the French or the English droll being replaced; neither of them, so far as can be recalled, replaced; neither of them, so far as can be recalled, having crossed the line which separates well from "ill-managed mirth." The tone of our neighbours, and of our own, has grown coarser. We have lived to see Madame Theresa and Mdlle. Schneider installed as first favourites in Paris. It would be hard to point out to any foreign English singer any successor to Mr. John Parry, an artist in whom such great artists—how widely apart one from the other!—as Mendelssohn, Malibran and

ADELPHI.

Chopin delighted in.

A New "sensational" drama, by Mr. T. W. Robertson, entitled 'The Nightingale,' has been produced at the Adelphi, and has shared the fate of its author's previous essays in the same class of composition. At no period during the performance of 'The Nightingale' was a hold obtained upon the sympathies of the audience. The apathy with which the early action of the play was regarded yielded only to amusement at the absurdity of the situations, or indignation at the actions of certain of the characters. At the fall of the curtain, accordingly, the manifestations of a majority of accordingly, the manifestations of a majority of the audience were expressive of dislike or derision. That a man who can write such comedies as 'Caste' and 'School' should produce a work which, like 'The Nightingale,' has scarcely any dramatic significance, seems at first incredible. The same night that witnessed the downfall of 'The Nightnight that witnessed the downfall of 'The Nightingale' saw the 300th performance of one of Mr. Robertson's comedies, which for a year has held undisputed possession of the stage,—a circumstance almost, if not quite, unprecedented in theatrical annals. A close study of Mr. Robertson's plays shows, however, the cause both of failure and of success. Knowledge of stage resource and power of dialogue are accompanied in them by delicacy and tenderness of treatment. So far as the empire

of these extends, Mr. Robertson is assured o triumph. He has, however, no dramatic invention. He cannot elicit situations from the collision of passions and interests. When, accordingly, incidents are depicted, they are such as have come under the author's observation in real life or in literature; and as the opportunities for personal observation are comparatively few, they are prin-cipally taken second-hand from novels or from plays. In lacking invention, Mr. Robertson is not behind most English dramatists—invention being in England one of the most rarely accorded gifts. He sinks, however, below his rivals in his ignorance what class of romantic or sensational incident will affect an audience. With singular want of perspicuity, he seizes those points in a story which are the most melo-dramatic, extravagant, and at the same time least susceptible of dramatic treatment. 'The Nightingale' does not present one original character or a single new or telling situation or event.

A Hindu intriguer poisons his friend for the purpose of obtaining possession of his money and his wife. He then, in order to obtain a means of coercion over the widow, carries off her son. At the end, when his career is near its close, he endeavours to obtain terms by menacing with a pistol the life of the child he has seized. Ultimately pistol the life of the child he has seized. Ultimately he takes poison. Here is all of the plot that calls for narration; some psychological and physical phenomena which the heroine displays being incomprehensible. Mr. Robertson's dialogue is powerless, as would be almost any dialogue, to elevate incidents so devoid as these of probability and novelty. A measure of the wit, tenderness and delicacy which have made 'School' the most popular play of modern times is exhibited. Fancy and delicacy which have made 'School' the most popular play of modern times is exhibited. Fancy equally ingenious and graceful is shown at times, and is especially apparent in the manner in which a melody is made to run through the play, binding together its separate parts, and giving them coherence, much in the same manner in which the river links together the lives and fortunes of the principal characters of George Eliot's 'Mill on the Floss.' Other subtleties of treatment might be indicated, but all are impotent to lift the c'umsy indicated, but all are impotent to lift the c'umsy mass of absurdities which forms the fable of the piece. The acting was indifferent. Mr. Webster played the Hindu, Miss Furtado was the heroine, and Mr. Arthur Stirling the lover by whom in the end her rescue was effected. Some ambitious and

end her rescue was effected. Some ambitious and not very ingenious scenery was provided.

Previous to the drama a farce, by the late Robert Brough, entitled 'Open to Conviction,' was played. It is an amusing piece, in which Mr. Belmore presents Mr. Plastic Pheeble, a man so weak and irresolute in character as always to act upon the advice of the person he last sees.

#### Dramatic Gossip.

This evening will witness the revival of 'The School for Scandal,' at the St. James's Theatre, the re-opening of the Lyceum, with a performance consisting of drama and comic opera, and the production at the Queen's of a new drama by Mr. Tom Taylor.

The season at the Holborn terminated abruptly, on Saturday last, Mr. Barry Sullivan having, it is said, lost a large sum of money in his attempt to reproduce old English dramas. It must be admitted, however, that "legitimacy" has not a fair chance in England. At the Holborn, each fair chance in England. At the Holborn, each successive play was performed by the same actors almost irrespective of any consideration of their abilities. Great as the talents of these may be, the town gets too familiar with them to care to see them again and again. For the due representation of standard plays a company is required at least twice as strong as that at any London theatre. It is doubtful, moreover, whether a theatre devoted wholly to revivals of old pieces is desirable. At any rate, the experiment to be successful must be on a different scale from any yet attempted.

A FARCE, entitled 'Rely on my Discretion,' was

N

AS

Pl

Ho

**V**e

Æ

Cic

De

He Juy

Ho

He

Eur

Ter

Sop

The

0

Hon

Cæs

Cæs

M. SE

Quir

Juve

P. 0

C. Sa

Taci

Xene

Xend

played for the first time at the New Royalty Theatre on Monday last.

MR. LEIGH MURRAY died suddenly on Monday last, in his forty-ninth year. After his first appearance, in 1845, at the Princess's he gave promise of attaining the highest position as a jeune premier and an actor of eccentric comedy. His De Grignon in 'The Ladies' Battle' and other representations had exceeding delicacy and subtlety. For some time past Mr. Murray has retired from the stage.

'GUY MANNERING' has been revived at New York, at Booth's Theatre, with Mrs. Emma Waller as Meg Merrilies. At the Fifth Avenue Theatre Miss Olive Logan's comedy was given on the 12th of the month. Mr. Fechter has appeared at Nikkle Conden. Niblo's Garden.

M. SARDOU has read his new comedy at the Gymnase. The principal parts in it are assigned to Messrs. Pujol and Landrol and Mesdames Antonine and Pasca. M. Sardou is putting the finishing touches to a comedy which he has undertaken to deliver at the Palais Royal on the 1st of February. When we add that M. Sardou has engaged to Supply during the year a five-act comedy to the Vaudeville, and a drama to the Porte-St.-Martin, besides writing a libretto for M. Offenbach, a good idea of the author's industry may be formed.

'IPHIGÉNIE,' the most artificial of the tragedies of Racine, is the latest production at the Matinées Classiques, at the Gaîté. Mdlle. Marie Laurent played Clytemnestre. The conférence, which was very lively and clever, was by M. Henri de La Pommeraye.

A new drama, by M. Victor Séjour, 'Henri de Lorraine,' has been read at the Ambigu Comique. 'L'Outrage,' a drama by MM. Barrière and Plouvier, produced eleven years ago at the Porte-St.-Martin, is now being performed at the Ambigu.

THE Gaîté is about to give a drama, by MM. Anicet Bourgeois and Michel Masson, entitled 'Gilbert d'Anglars.' The principal parts have been assigned to Madame Doche and MM. Laferrière and Laroche.

The first representation of Victor Hugo's 'Lucrèce Borgia,' at the Porte-St.-Martin, is fixed for the 2nd of February. Thirty-seven years to a day will then have elapsed since the piece was first played at the Comédie.

A FORMIDABLE list of novelties is announced by the Marigny. It includes a comédie-vaudeville, entitled 'Sic Vos non Vobis,' 'Horace,' an opéra comique, 'A la Grenouillière,' by Félix Savard, and 'Les Amoureux de Minette,' by M. Francis Tourte.

A VAUDEVILLE, entitled 'Trou du Poêle,' is in rehearsal at the Palais Royal.

A SIX-ACT drama, by MM. Moleri and Leroy, entitled 'Les Chasseurs du Roi,' has been produced at the Beaumarchais.

M. François Coppée, the author of the 'Grève des Forgerons,' recently recited at the Odéon, and of the 'Passant,' has been appointed one of the librarians of the Luxembourg.

M. COURNIER has succeeded M. Gaspari as manager of the Théâtre des Menus-Plaisirs.

M. AYLIC LANGLE, the Prefect of the Meuse, whose death is announced from Paris, was a dramatic author of some reputation. When twenty-five years of age he produced at the Français a three-act comedy, entitled 'Murillo, ou la Corde de Pendu.' Subsequently, he gave to the Vaudeville 'Un Homme de Rien' and 'La Jeunesse de Mirabeau.'

THE receipts of the Paris theatres for the past month were 1,914,441 francs 53 centimes, showing a falling off from previous months.

The author of the 'Church under the Tudors,' is not Mr. Edward Dunlop, but Mr. Durham Dunlop.

#### ENGLAND, the CONTINENT, AMERICA, and the COLONIES.

Mesars, SAMPSON LOW & CO, beg to call attention to the following Works published by them, of especial value to persons interested in the purchase of English and American and Continental Books, at Home or Abroad :-

The PUBLISHERS' CIRCULAR, and GENERAL RECORD of BRITTSH and FOREIGN LITE-RATURE; giving a Transcript of the Title-page, Number of Pages, Plakes, Size, Price, and Publisher's Name of every Work published in Great Britain, and every Work of interest published abroad, with Lists of all the Publishing Houses. Published regularly since 1837 by Messrs. LOW & CO., on the 1st and 19th of every month, and forwarded post free to all parts of the world on payment of 8s. per annum.

LOW'S MONTHLY BULLETIN of AMERICAN and FOREIGN PUBLICATIONS forwarded regu-larly on the 15th of every month. Subscription, including postage, 2s. 6d. per annum.

The ENGLISH CATALOGUE of BOOKS; giving the Date of Publication of every Book published from 1835 to 1863, in addition to the Title, Size, Price, and Publisher, in One Alphabet. This Work combines the Copyrights of 'The London Catalogue' and 'The Eritish Catalogue.' 1 thick vol. of 900 pages, half moreoco, 28, 5s.

\*s\* SUPPLEMENTS for the Years 1863 to 1869 continue this Work the present date; those for the Years 1866 to 1869, with an Index of Subjects, each 5a.

\*\* The CATALOGUE for 1869 is just ready for publication.

INDEX to the SUBJECTS of BOOKS published in the UNITED KINGDOM during TWENTY YEARS, 1837—1867. Containing as many as 74,000 References, under Subjects, so as to insure immediate reference to the Books on the subject required, each giving Title, Price, Publisher, and Date. Two valuable Appendices are also given—A, containing full Liste of all Libraries, Collections, Series, and Miscellanies; and B, a List of Literary Societies, Printing Societies, and their Issues. 1 vol. royal 8vo. morcocoo, 26s.

Vol. II., from 1857, in preparation.

The AMERICAN CATALOGUE; or, English Guide to American Literature: giving the full Title of Original Works published in the United States of America. With comprehensive Index. 8vo. 2s. 6d.

Supplementary List sent regularly to purchasers of American Books

A CATALOGUE of a SELECTION of WORK'S in the French, German, Italian, Spanish and other Languages, that Messra, LoW & CO. Keep in stock; to which is added, a List of Grammars and Dictionaries for the use of English Students in Anglo-Saxon, Arabic, Chinese, Danish, Dutch, French, German, Greek, Hebrew, Icelandic, Italian, Latin, Portuguese, Russian, Sanskrit, Spanish, Swedish, Syriac, &c., which they will have pleasure in forwarding, post free, on receipt of address with stame.

The HANDY-BOOK of PATENT and COPYRIGHT LAW, English and Foreign. By JAMES FRASER, Post 8vo. cloth. 4s. 6d.

A CONCISE SUMMARY of the LAW of ENGLISH and FRENCH COPYRIGHT LAW, and INTER NATIONAL LAW. By PETER BURKE. 19mo. 5g.

EXPORT.—SAMPSON LOW & CO. ers, and Booksellers abroad, in obtaining their Orders ptly executed in Books, Maps, Stationery, Music, and other branches of the busine

IMPORTATION of AMERICAN BOOKS.

-SAMPSON LOW & CO. beg to call the attention of Bookbuyers, Librarians, and Secretaries of Public Institutions, to their Collec-tion of American Books. Every new American Book of interest is received in advance of, or immediately after, publication in the United States. Supplies of the New Books and Magazines are received by every Steamer, and Lists will be forwarded regularly where requested.

Orders for Books not in Stock executed within Six Weeks.

FOREIGN.—CONTINENTAL BOOKS and MAGAZINES supplied with promptitude immediately upon publication. Fast-train Parcels from the Continent received three or four times weekly.

Sampson Low, Son & Marston, English and Foreign, American and Colonial Booksellers and Publishers,

Crown Buildings, 188, Fleet-street.

#### CENTENARY EDITION.

### THE WAVERLEY NOVELS.

Now Publishing in Monthly Volumes.

Vol. I. 'WAVERLEY,' now ready, price 3s. 6d. Vol. II. 'GUY MANNERING,' on 1st February,

"The Centenary Edition of Scott's Novels, of which we spoke some weeks ago, has commenced in good style with 'Waverley."—Athenceum,

"It appeals to those who are able to afford a very fine copy at a very moderate rate, and we are sure that amongst this class the Cente will be widely patronized. The paper is excellent, the typography is very beautiful, and each volume will be like, the present, substantially bound. Besides these advantages, the Centenary will be the most complete edition, for it will contain a few notes by the author not hitherto published."-Glasgow Herald.

#### EDUCATIONAL WORKS.

BLACK'S SCHOOL ATLAS of MODERN, ANCIENT, and PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY: a Series of 41 Maps, fully coloured, 4to. or demy 8vo. cloth, with Index, price 10s. 68. With INDEX of 15,000 Names, and clue Index.

II. BLACK'S SCHOOL ATLAS, for Begin-

ners: a Series of 27 Maps, coloured, in oblong 12mo. cloth, p. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY. By Sir J. F.W.

HERSCHEL, Bart. Third Edition. Crown 8vo. price 5s CLASSICAL GEOGRAPHY. By the late Professor PILLANS. Sixth Edition. Fcap. 8vo. price 1s. 6d..

#### Balfour's Botanical Works.

ELEMENTS of BOTANY, for the Use of Schools. By J. HUTTON BALFOUR, M.D. Illustrated with 427 Woodcuts. Fcap. 8vo. price 34. 6d.

CLASS-BOOK of BOTANY. Royal 8vo. 31s. 6d. MANUAL of BOTANY. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.

#### Jukes's Geological Works.

SCHOOL MANUAL of GEOLOGY. By J. BEETE JUKES. Foap. 8vo. price 4s.

In the Press, and shortly will be published. A NEW EDITION of JUKES'S MANUAL of GEOLOGY, thoroughly revised by ARCHIBALD GEIKIE, F.R.S.

#### French Class-Books.

CLASS-BOOK of FRENCH LITERA-TURE. By GUSTAVE MASSON, Harrow School. Feap. 870.

INTRODUCTION to the HISTORY of FRENCH LITERATURE. By GUSTAVE MASSON. 24. 6d.

#### English Literature.

CLASS-BOOK of ENGLISH PROSE.

By Rev. ROBERT DEMAUS, M.A. 12mo. 4s. 6d.—Also to be had, in Two Parts, 2s. 6d. each.

CLASS-BOOK of ENGLISH POETRY. By DANIEL SCRYMGEOUR. Fifth Edition, 12mo. 4s. 6d.—Als to be had in Two Parts, price 2s. 6d. each.

INTRODUCTION to the HISTORY of ENGLISH LITERATURE. By DEMAUS. 12mq, cloth, 2s.

SCRIPTURE CLASS-BOOK. By Rev. R. DEMAUS. Illustrated. Price 2s. 6d.

ELEMENTARY READING BOOK. By Rev. R. DEMAUS. Price 1s.

#### Mansel's Metaphysics.

METAPHYSICS; or, the PHILOSOPHY of CONSCIOUSNESS. By H. L. MANSEL, LL.D. Dean of St. Paul's. Second Edition. Crown Svo. price 7s. 6d.

Edinburgh: A. & C. BLACK.

YIIM

Xeno Mari Catu Edi Sch

Verg (Boo Edi min

Novi

Lond

0

d.

N.

gin-

.W.

late

se of

d with

. 6d.

By

UAL

CRA-

Y of

OSE.

TRY.

Y of

Rev.

OOK.

PHY

ap. 81

#### EDUCATIONAL BOOKS.

#### BIBLIOTHECA CLASSICA.

A Series of Greek and Latin Authors. With English Notes.

Plato's Phædrus. By the Rev. W. H. Thompson, D.D., Master of Trinity College, Cambridge. 72. 6d. Vol. II., containing 'Gorgias,' immediately.

Homer's Iliad. Books I. to XII. By F. A

Vergil. By J. Conington, M.A. Vol. I. 12s.;

Æschylus. By F. A. Paley, M.A. 8vo. 18s. Cicero's Orations. By G. Long, M.A. 4 vols. 8vo.

Demosthenes. By the Rev. R. Whiston, M.A., late Fellow of Trinity College. Vols. I. and II. each 16s.

Herodotus. By the Rev. J. W. Blakesley, B.D.

Juvenal and Persius. By the Rev. A. J. MACLEANE, M.A. New Edition, revised by GEORGE LONG, M.A. 870. 122.

Horace. By the Rev. A. J. Macleane, M.A. New Edition, revised by GEORGE LONG. 188.

Hesiod. By F. A. Paley, M.A. 10s. 6d.

Euripides. By F. A. Paley, M.A. 3 vols. each 16s.

Terence. By E. St. John Parry, M.A., Baliol

Sophocles. By the Rev. F. Blaydes. Vol. I. 18s.

The Classical Atlas. By George Long, M.A. Twenty-four Maps, with Index. Third Edition, half bound, 122.6d

London: WHITTAKER & Co. Ave Maria-lane; and GEORGE BELL, York-street, Covent-garden.

#### GRAMMAR-SCHOOL CLASSICS.

A Series of Greek and Latin Authors. Edited by Eminent Scholars, with English Notes, adapted for Lower Forms. Fcap. 8vo. cloth.

Homeri Ilias. Books I. to XII. By F. A.

Casar de Bello Gallico. By George Long, M.A.

Cæsar de Bello Gallico. Books I. to III. With

M. Tullii Ciceronis Cato Major sive de SENECTUTE, LÆLIUS sive de AMICITIA, et EPISTOLÆ SELECTÆ. By GEORGE LONG, M.A. Price 4s. 6d.

Quinti Horatii Flacci Opera Omnia. By

Juvenalis Satiræ XVI. Expurgated. By Hermann

P. Ovidii Nasonis Fastorum Libri Sex. By

C. Sallustii Crispi Catilina et Jugurtha. By

Taciti Germania et Agricola. By the Rev. P.

Xenophontis Memorabilia. By the Rev. P.

Xenophontis Anabasis. With Notes, Introduc-tion, and Maps. By J. F. MACMICHAEL, B.A. 5s.

Xenophontis Cyropædia. By G. M. Gorham,

Martialis Epigrammata Selecta. Select Epigrams of Martial, with English Notes by F. A. PALEY, M.A., and the late W. H. STONE, B.A., Browne Scholar. 68. 64.

Catulli, Tibulli et Propertii Poemata Selecta.

Edited by the Rev. A. H. WRATISLAW, of Bury St. Edmunds
School, and F. N. SUTTON, B.A. 32, 64.

Vergilii Bucolica, Georgica, et Æneidos (Book I. to IV.). Abridged from Professor CONINGTON'S Large Edition. By the Rev. Dr. SHEPPARD, Grammar School, Kidder-minster. 5g. cd.
Uniform with the above,

Novum Testamentum Græcum. With Notes and Preface by J. F. MACMICHAEL, B.A. 730 pp. 7s. 6d.

Grammar-School Atlas. By George Long. Ten
Maps selected from 'The Classical Atlas.' Second Edition. 5s.

London: WHITTAKER & Co. Ave Maria-lane; and George Bell, York-street, Covent-garden.

#### FOREIGN CLASSICS.

With English Notes for Classical Schools, uniform with the Grammar School Classics. Fcap. 8vo. cloth.

German Ballads from Uhland, Goethe, and SCHILLER. With Introductions to each Poem, and copious English Notes, by C. L. BIELEFIELD. 38. 6d.\*

Schiller's Wallenstein. Complete, with English Notes by Dr. A. BUCHHEIM, Professor of German in King's College. 6s. 6d.

Picciola. By X. B. Saintine. With Notes by Dr. DUBUC. Revised. 3s. 6d.\*

This interesting Story has been selected with the intention of providing for Schools a good specimen of contemporary Prench Literature, free from the solecisms met with in Writers of a past age.

Select Fables of La Fontaine. With Notes by

F. GASC, M.A. 3.\*

"None need now he afraid to introduce this eminently French author, either on account of the difficulty of translating him, or the occasional licence of thought and expression in which he induiges. The renderings of idiomatic passages are unusually good, and the purity of English perfect."—Attenzum.

Histoire de Charles XII. Par Voltaire. Notes

Aventures de Télémaque. Par Fénelon. With Notes by C. J. DELILLE. 4s. 6d. \* Appointed for the Cambridge Middle-Class Examination.

London: WHITTAKER & Co. Ave Maria-lane; and Bell & Daldy, York-street, Covent-garden.

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOL BOOKS.

By the Rev. PERCIVAL FROST, M.A. Late Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge.

Eclogæ Latinæ. A New Elementary Latin Reading Book. This volume has a Lexicon at the end, and is graduated so that the Pupil. after passing through it, may take up Ovid of Casar. Third Edition 28 46.

Materials for Latin Prose Composition. Passages from English Writers graduated in difficulty, with Notes Fifth Edition, 18mo. 2s. 6d.—KEY, 4s.

Latin Verse Book: an Elementary Work on Hexameters and Pentameters. Feap. 8vo. 3s.—KEY, 5s.
"This introduction to the composition of elegiacs is the best we have ever met with. We cordially recommend the work, and think it will enhance the high reputation which the author by his previous labours has achieved."—John Bulk.

Analecta Græca Minora. With Introductory Sentences, English Notes, and a Dictionary. Fifth Edition, fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

Materials for Greek Prose Composition.

New Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.—KEY, 5s.

A Latin Grammar. By T. Hewitt Key, M.A. P.R.S., Professor of Comparative Grammar in University College, London. Third Edition, post 8vo. 8s.

By the same Author,

A Short Latin Grammar for Schools. Seventh

Latin Prose Lessons. By the Rev. A. Church, M.A., Assistant Master in the Merchant Taylors' School. Fear. 8vo. 2g. 6d.

Titi Livii Historiæ. The First Five Books, with English Notes. By J. PRENDEVILLE. 12mo. 5s. Books I.-III. cloth, 3s. 6d.; IV. and V. cloth, 3s. 6d.

Corpus Poetarum Latinorum. Edited by Walker.

Notabilia Quædam; or, the Principal Tenses of such Irregular Greek Verbs and such Elementary Greek, Latin and French Constructions as are of constant occurrence. Sixth Edition, 1s. 6d.

The Odes and Carmen Sæculare of Horace, translated into English Verse. By the late JOHN CONINGTON, M.A., Corpus Professor of Latin in the University of Oxford. Third Edition, fcap. Svo. Roxburghe binding, 5a. 6d.

The Satires, Epistles, and Art of Poetry of HORACE. Translated into English Verse. cs. 6d.

London: BELL & DALDY.

#### SCHOOL BOOKS-continued.

Anthologia Latina. Edidit Franciscus St. John THACKERAY, A.M. Editio Altera: Feap. 8vo. 6s. 6d. A SE-LECTION from the WORKS of the LATIN POETS, from Navius to Boothius; with an Appendix of Hustrations and Critical Notes.

Anthologia Græca. Passages from the Greek Poets, Selected and Arranged by Rev. F. ST. JOHN THACK-ERAY, M.A., Assistant Master at Eton College. Fcap. 7s. 6d.

These Volumes are beautifully printed by Whittingham on toned paper, and are equally suitable for Class Books, Presents, and Prizes.

French Grammar for Public Schools. By the Rev. A. C. CLAPIN, M.A., St. John's College, Cambridge, and Bachelier & Lettres of the University of France. Feap. Svo. 2s. &d.

Twenty Lessons in French, With a Double Vocabulary, giving the Pronunciation, Notes, and Appendices. Post 8vo. 4s.

A class-book of no ordinary value, intended for intelligent and onehtful students of upwards of fifteen years of age."—John Bull.

A Practical and Theoretical Analysis of
MODERN FRENCH PRONUNCIATION. Principally intended
for the Use of Public Schools. By CHARLES HERON-WALL,
of Brighton College. Feap. 1s. 64.

Le Nouveau Trésor; or, French Student's Com-panion. Designed to Facilitate the Translation of English into French at Night. Fifteenth Edition, 3s. 6d.

The French Drama; being a Selection of the best Tragedies and Comedies of Molière, Racine, P. Corneille, T. Corneille, and Voltarie. With Arguments in English at the head of each Seene, and Notes, Critical and Explanatory, by A. GOM-BERT. Sold separately at 1s. each, 1 half bound, 1s. 6d. each.

A German Grammar for Public Schools. By the Rev. A. C. CLAPIN, M.A., Assistant Master at the King's School, Sherborne; and F. HOLL-MULLER, Phil. Doc., Assistant Master at the Bruton Grammar School. Feap, price 2s. 6d.

CONTENTS:-Accidence, with Exercises; Syntax, with Exercises, Reader, and Vocabulary.

Buchheim's Materials for German Prose
COMPOSITION; consisting of Selections from Modern English
Writers, with Ornmantical Notes, Idiomatic Renderings, and a
General Introduction. By Dr. BUCHHEIM, Professor of German
Language and Literature in King's College, London, and Examiner
in German to the London University. Foap. 4s. 66.

An Arithmetic for Public Schools. By the Rev. C. ELSEE, M.A., Assistant-Master in Rugby School. New and Enlarged Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

By the same Author.

An Elementary Algebra, to Simple Equa-

A Graduated Series of Exercises in Ele-MENTARY ALGEBRA. Designed for the Use of Schools. By the Rev. G. F. WRIGHT, M.A. Crown Svo. 3a. 6d.

A Compendium of Facts and Formul® in PURE MATHEMATICS and NATURAL PHILOSOPHY. By G. R. SMALLEY, F.R.A.S., of St. John's College, Cambridge, Lecturer on Natural Philosophy in King's College, London, late Head Mathematical Master in King's College School. Feap. Sto.

The Mechanics of Construction; including the Theories of the Strength of Materials, Roofs, Arches, and Suspension Bridges. With numerous Examples. By STEPHEN FEN. WICK, F.B.A.S., of the Boyal Military Academy, Woolwich.

The Theory of Navigation and Nautical ASTRONOMY, and the Elements of Plane and Spherical Trigo-nometry. With Examples for the Use of Marine Cadets. By W. T. READ, M.A. Ph.D., Head Master of H.M.S. Worcester. 6s.

Notes on the Catechism. For the Use of Confirmation Classes in Schools. By the Rev. A. BARRY, D.D., Principal of King's College, London. Fcap. Second Edition, 2s.

The Elements of the English Language. By ERNEST ADAMS, Ph.D. This work is especially adapted to the wants of Candidates for Matriculation in the London University, and for the Civil Service. Eighth Edition. Feap. 5v. 4s. ed.

The Rudiments of English Grammar and ANALYSIS. By ERNEST ADAMS, Author of 'The Elements of the English Language,' to which it is an Introduction. Feap. 87v. 2s.

London: BELL & DALDY.

B U L F I C O: a Comedy, in Three Acts.
Price One Shilling.
Mr. Lacy, Theatrical Publisher, Strand.

4to. cloth boards, breeled gilt edges, price 7s. 6d.

CENES in the EAST; consisting of Twelve
Coloured Photographic Views of Places mentioned in the Bible,
beautifully executed. With Descriptive Letter-press. By the Rev. Israel, &c. Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, 77, Great Queen-street, W.C.; 4, Royal Exchange, E.C.; 48, Piccadilly, W.; and by the Booksellers.

Now ready, price 4s. 6d. cloth,

LICHENES BRITANNICI, seu Lichenum in Stationius et Distribution. Serjoit Rev. JACOBUS M. CROMBIE, M.A., Societatum Linnwi et Geologia apud Londinum Socius, M.A., Secietatum Linnwi et Geologia apud Londinum Socius.

Now ready, price 3s. 6d.; by post, 3s. 10d.

HELP-BOOK for TRAVELLERS to the EAST, including Ferrat Palestin Tracks (Texture 1). including Egypt, Palestine, Turkey, Greece and Italy: with four New Maps by Keith Johnston By the Rev. JABEZ BURNS, D.D., with Tourist arrangements by Thomas Cook.

Tourist Office, 93, Fleet-street, London

Published this day, price 1s.; by poet 1s. 2d.

DR. W. H. RUSSELL, CONSUL LEVER (of Trieste), AND COOK'S TOURISTS.

LETTERS to His ROYAL HIGHNESS the PRINCE of WALES, and to the Right HONOURABLE the EARL of CLARENDON, Foreign Secretary of State, in reply to mistatements and calumnies in 'A Diary in the East,' by Jir. Russell, and to Papers of Cornelius O'Dowd (Charles Lever), in Riceknood's Afgazzine. By Thomas Cook, and numerous Eastern and Continental

Tourist Offices, 98, Fleet-street, London.

#### NEW VOLUME OF THE EARTHLY PARADISE.

Second Edition, crown 8vo. cloth, price 12s.

#### THE EARTHLY PARADISE.

By WILLIAM MORRIS.

PART III. SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER, and NOVEMBER, containing the Stories of-

THE DEATH OF PARIS.

THE LAND EAST OF THE SUN AND WEST OF THE MOON.

ACONTIUS AND CYDIPPE.

THE MAN WHO NEVER LAUGHED AGAIN. THE STORY OF RHODOPE.

THE LOVERS OF GUDRUN.

"A volume which, in its treatment of human motives and feelings, displays, we think, higher qualities than the writer has yet exhibited and which in its painting of external scene has that admirable fusion of the real and the ideal which we have praised heretofore."

Atheneum.

"Those who found the charm of Mr. Morris's first volume so rare and novel that they were fain to sigh when the last page was finished, may now congratulate themselves upon the publication of a third Part. Nor will they, in what is now presented to them, deem that ought of this charm is diminished through the circumstance that style and manner are no longer novel."—Saturday Review.

"In the noble story of 'Gudrun' this [dramatic] power is well sustained throughout, and in versifying this Saga, Mr. Morris has added a genuine and pathetic vitality to the characters of the fill-starred heroine, of Olaf and Oswif, Kiartan and Boddi, Ingitiory and Rerda This poem, taken altogether, the most ambifuous that Mr. Morris has yet produced, is well worth a careful analysis, which, however, we have no space to give it."—Pall Mall Gazette.

FIFTH EDITION.

2 vols. crown 8vo. cloth, price 16s.

#### THE EARTHLY PARADISE.

A COLLECTION OF THIRTEEN TALES IN VERSE.

Part I. PROLOGUE, MARCH and APRIL.

Part II. MAY to AUGUST.

"A thorough purity of thought and language characterizes Mr. Morris ...aud 'The Earthly Faradise' is hereby adapted for conveying to our wives and daughters a refined, though not diluted, version of those wonderful creations of Greek fancy which the roughter sex alone is permitted to imbibe at first hand. We have enjoyed such a thorough treat in this, in every sense, rare volume, that we heartily commend it to our readers."—Saturday Review.

FOURTH EDITION.

Crown 8vo. cloth, price 8s.

#### THE LIFE and DEATH of JASON.

A POEM, in Seventeen Books.

"Morris's 'Jason' is in the purest, simplest, most idiomatic English; full of freshness, full of life, vivid in landscape, vivid in human action.

—worth reading at the cost of many leisure hours even to a bury man."

Times.

F. S. Ellis, 33, King-street, Covent-garden,

Just published, 8vo. cloth, illustrated by Wood Engraving, price 2s. 6d,

I P the TIGRIS to BAGDAD. By F. C. Webb,

M. Inst. C. E. London: E. & F. N. Spon, 48, Charing Cro

MURAL or MONUMENTAL DECORATION; its AIMS and METHODS, comprising Presco, Encaustic, Water-glass, Mosaic, Oil Painting. By W. CAVE THOMAS. London: Winsor & Newton, 38, Rathbone-place, and all Booksellers and Artists' Colourmen.

Now ready, in super-royal 8vo. with a Map and 80 Illustrations, price 11. 10s. in extra cloth,

JOURNAL of a LANDSCAPE PAINTER in CORSICA. By EDWARD LEAR. With 80 Illustrations (40 full-page) drawn on Wood by the Author.

Loudon: Robert John Bush, 23, Charing Cross, S.W.

Crown 8vo. cloth (pp. 592), price 5s., free by post 5s. 6d.

A DDISON'S (JOSEPH) ESSAYS from the SPECTATOR.

As a moralist, no writer has erre supplied a purer system of ethics, or a code of religious precepts more truly consonant with the genuine spirit of Christianity, than will be found in the writings of Addison.

London: William Tegg, Pancras-lane, Cheapside.

Fcap. 8vo. cloth, price 2s., free by post 2s. 2d. THINGS WORTH KNOWING; or, the Book of General Information about Government, Manufactures, Minerals, Vegetables, Animals, &c.

London: William Tegs, Pancras-lane, Cheapside.

CHRISTIAN FUNERALS: AS THEY ARE, AND AS THEY OUGHT TO BE. By MUTUS BOS, Junior.

Price 3d.

London: J. & C. Mosley, 6, Paternoster-row.

Stratford-on-Avon: Edward Adams.

Just published,

BEN RHYDDING and the TREATMENT of
CHRONIC DISEASES. By W. MACLEOD, M.D. F.R.C.P.
Edin., Senior Physician to Ben Rhydding, Consulting Physician to the
likley Hospital.
London: R. Hardwicke, 192, Piccadilly.

Just published, price One Shilling, WHITAKER'S ALMANACK for 1870. Best, Most Complete, and Cheapest Almanack ever published in this Country.—To be had of all Booksellers, Stationers, and News wenders, and at all Railway Stations.

Published under the Sanction of the Department of Science at South Kensington, for the Use of Students, Schools, Lecturer PHYSIOLOGICAL DIAGRAMS. By Prof.
MARSHALL, F.R.S. F.R.C.S. Nine Sheets, life size, fully
coloured, 12s. 6d. each; or mounted on canvas, rollers, and varnished,
21s. each.

In the Press, shortly ready, by the same Author, Second Editi An sate Frest, smortly ready, by the same Author, Second Edition,

A DESCRIPTION of the HUMAN BODY;

its Structure and Functions. Illustrated by Nine Physiological Diagrams, containing 193 Coloured Figures, reduced from the large work. Designed for the Use of Teachers in Schools and Young Men destined for the Medical Profession, and for Popular Instruction generally. 2 vols. royal 4to. cloth, il. 1.

London: Alfred Tarrant, 11, Serie-street, Lincoln's Inn-fields; and o'fall Booksellers.

Nearly ready, in One Volume, demy 8vo. pp. 350, cloth,
POLITICAL PROBLEMS for OUR AGE and
COUNTRY. By WILLIAM RATHBONE GREG.
London: Trübner & Co. 8 and 60, Paternoster-row.

THE POPE AND THE COUNCIL.

13mo. cloth boards, pp. 454, price 3s. ed.

THE PAPACY: its Power, Course and Doom,
By the late Rev. W. URWICK, D.D.

This work preents a short history of the Papacy in its origin, establishment, ascendancy prerogative and eredentials, and is an appropriate Manual in connection with the Genmenical Council now being held in Roma. J. Robertson & Co. 3, Grafton-street, Dublin. Simpkin, Marshall & Co. London.

GURNEY'S SHORTHAND.—SEVENTEENTH EDITION.

Just published, 12mo. 3s. 6d. cloth,

A SYSTEM of SHORTHAND. By THOMAS GURNEY. First published in 1740, and subsequently improved. London: Butterworths, 7, Fleet-street, Her Majesty's Law Publishers.

HOLLAND ON THE FORM OF THE LAW. Just published, 8vo. 7s. 6d. cloth,

L'SSAYS upon the FORM of the LAW. By THOMAS ERSKINE HOLLAND, M.A., Pellow of Exeter College, Oxford, and of Lincoln's Inn. Barrister-at-Law.

London: Butterworths, 7, Fleet-street, Her Majesty's Law Publishers.

BULLEY AND BUND'S BANKRUPTCY MANUAL,

A MANUAL of the LAW and PRACTICE of BANKRUPTCY, as Amended and Consolidated by the Statutes of 1869. With an Appendix, containing all the Statutes, Ordern and Forms. By JOHN F. BULLEY, B.A., and JOHN W. WILLIS BUND, M.A. LL B., Eage, Barrister-set-Law.

London: Butterworths, 7, Fleet-street, Her Majesty's Law Publishers.

London: Butterworths, 7, Fleet-street, Her Majesty's Law Publishers.

THE PAPAL COUNCIL AND CHURCH OF ENGLAND. Next week will be publ

Next week will be published, 870.

CUMENICITY in RELATION to the CHURCH of ENGLAND. Four Letters—I. On the Catholicus of the Anglican Church; II. On the Claims of England cersus forme; III. On the Fullity of Attenue that the Church of Rome; IV. On the so-called (Ecumenical Council of 1895—in relation to Geometists and the Church of England. By LiEX ANDER LORD LINDSAY, Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, Author of Progression by Antagonism," History of Christian Art, '&c. John Murray, Albemarle-street.

NEW ZEALAND BOTANY.

LINDSAY (Dr. W. LAUDER), CONTRIBUTIONS to NEW ZEALAND BOTANY; containing also Chapters on the Physical Geography, Geology, and Meteorology of Otago. 4 Coloured Plates by W. Firch. 4to. price 21a.—without Plates, 10s.

Williams & Norgate, 14. Henrietta-street, Covent-garden, London; and 20, South Frederick-street, Edinburgh.

On Tuesday, February 1st, will be published, in 1 vol. demy 8vo.

#### STUDIES. RECESS

Edited by SIR ALEXANDER GRANT, Bart. LL.D.

Edinburgh: EDMONSTON & DOUGLAS. London HAMILTON, ADAMS & Co.

#### CHAPMAN & HALL'S NEW NOVELS.

PUCK: his Vicissitudes, Adventures, Observations, Conclusions, Friendships, and Philosophies. Related by Himself, and Edited by OUIDA. 3 vols. crown 8vo.

MARGARITA; or, the Queen of Night. A Novel of Sensation. Freely Translated from the Spanish of Messrs. Fernandez and Gonzalez. By VISCOUNT PCLLINGTON. [This day.

FALLEN AMONG THIEVES. By Arthur a'Beckett.

Anna Drury's NEW NOVEL—The NORMANS; or, Kith and Kin.

NOT TO BE. A Story of the Day. By Paul Benison, 2 vols.

NOT IN VAIN. By Armar Greye. 2 vols.

PETITE'S ROMANCE. By M. J. M. 2 vols.

The STORY of MADEMOISELLE D'ESTANVILLE. By the Hon.

Whyte Melville's NEW NOVEL-M. or N. 2 vols. crown 8vo.

Anna Steele's NEW NOVEL—SO RUNS the WORLD AWAY.

TOO BRIGHT to LAST. By Alice Fisher. 1 vol.

193, PICCADILLY.

YIIM

LE

FI

FI

By LE

Der Il F

> F Firs Firs

> > G

NEV DR.

THE

ROU Vor.

VOL. ]

[This day.

[This day.

DEDI PRA

The : Hand

70

nd

11 &

MAS

By

hers.

tutes s and LLIS

shers.

HAM.

OM-

Cases Second F. L

ishers.

the

ALEX-Author

ONS

on the

ondon:

ons,

ion.

s day.

s day.

Kin.

s day.

is day.

is day.

Hon.

VAY.

D.

TO TEACHERS.

#### HODDER & STOUGHTON'S ELEMENTARY SCHOOL-BOOKS.

\* The Publishers will be happy to forward each of the following as specimens, post free, on receipt of half the published price.

By the late B. B. Woodward, F.S.A., Queen's Librarian.
1s. each, cloth limp.
FIRST LESSONS on the EVIDENCES of

FIRST LESSONS on the ENGLISH RE-FORMATION.
London: Hodder & Stoughton, 27, Paternoster-row.

By W. H. Harris, B.A.

### The ELEMENTS of LATIN SYNTAX.

"A thoroughly practical book."—Museum. London: Hodder & Stoughton, 27, Paternoster-row.

III. By the Head French Master of St. Paul's School. Square 16mo. 3s. cloth,

LE PETIT GRAMMAIRIEN; or, the Young Beginner's First Step to French Reading. By T. PAGLIARDINI, Head French Master of St. Paul's School, London: Hodder & Stoughton, 27, Paternoster-row.

IV.

By F. Grandineau, formerly French Master to Her Majesty.

Thirty-sixth Edition, 3s. cloth,

LE PETIT PRECEPTEUR; or, First Steps to

Prench Conversation.

Uniform with the above,

Der Kleine Lehrer; or, First Steps to German

Il Piccolo Precettore; or, First Steps to Italian London: Hodder & Stoughton, 27, Paternoster-row.

# V. Shilling School-Books for Beginners. 266th Thousand, corrected to present date, FIRST LESSONS in GEOGRAPHY.

Seventh Edition, corrected to present date.
FIRST LESSONS in ASTRONOMY.

#### First Lessons in Ancient History.

First Lessons in the History of England.

London: Hodder & Stoughton, 27, Paternoster-row.

#### GEORGE ROUTLEDGE & SONS'

LIST OF

### NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.

Now Ready, Fourth Thousand of DR. RUSSELL'S DIARY in the EAST, with the PRINCE and the PRINCESS of WALES. Cloth gilt, price 21s.

price 21s.

It has been reviewed by all the Leading Journals, and is pronounced by the Athenseum to "be a readable and brilliant book—a volume really rich in every quality to give it value."

#### A New Edition of Miss Austen's Works. In 5 vols. cloth gilt, price 10s. 6d.

#### THE NOVELS OF JANE AUSTEN.

PRIDE and PREJUDICE. SENSE and SENSIBILITY. NORTHANGER ABBEY. MANSFIELD PARK. EMMA.

#### Ready in February.

ROUTLEDGE'S ILLUSTRATED NATU-RAL HISTORY of MAN: being an Account of the Manners and Customs of the Uncivilized Races of Man. By the Rev. J. G. WOOD, M.A. F.L.S. With New Designs by Angas Danby, Wolf, Zwecker and others, engraved by the Brothers Dalitiel.

Vol. II. AMERICA, ASIA, AUSTRALASIA, &c. Super-royal 8vo. cloth, price 20s. now ready, completing the Work.

Vol. I. AFRICA. Super-royal 8vo. cloth, price 18s.

### New and Cheaper Edition of

Dufton's Billiards.

DEDICATED, BY SPECIAL PERMISSION, TO HIS GRACE OF BEAUFORT.

In post 8vo. cloth, price 10s. 6d.

PRACTICAL BILLIARDS. By William DUFTON. With numerous Illustrations and Diagrams.

#### The New Bankruptcy Law. In feap. 8vo. cloth boards, 1

The NEW BANKRUPTCY LAW, together with the Act for the Abolition of Imprisonment for Debt: a limit book of the Provisions of the above Acts. By T. WEIGHT-MAN, Exq., Barrister-at-Law.

LONDON: THE BROADWAY LUDGATE-HILL.

#### NEW BOOKS of the SEASON JUST PUBLISHED.

In 1 vol. medium 8vo. price 16s.

#### THE LIFE OF COUNT BISMARCK.

PRIVATE AND POLITICAL.

With Descriptive Notices of his Ancestry.

By Dr. GEORGE HESEKIEL.

Translated and Edited, with an Introduction, Explanatory Notes, and Appendices, by KENETH R. H. MACKENZIE, F.S.A. F.A.S.L., Translator of 'Lepsius's Letters from Egypt,' &c.

With upwards of One Hundred Illustrations by Diez, Grimm, Pletsch, and others.

With upwards of the standard and others.

"A very complete account of the personal and political character of standards, and a considerable contribution to contemporary history." In the contemporary history of the character of the Prussian statesman and we very heartily recommend it to the English reader."—Edinburgh Energing Courant.

"The book must be confessed to supply a want in contemporary history... and is crowded with capital wood engavings."

Morning Advertiser.

history... and is crowded with capital wood way. Morning Advertiser.

"The book photographs the man."—Scotemen.
"A curious gossiping, voluminous biggraphy."—Duily News.
"The history of a man's life before he dies is a book of rare occur rence, and one which will seldom bear publication. It is one eviden of the value of a man that his character will stand so severe a test."

Observer.

In fcap. 8vo. cloth, price 2s. 6d.

A HANDBOOK OF REFERENCE AND QUOTATION.

### MOTTOES AND APHORISMS FROM

SHAKESPERE: A Selection of 2,700 Mottoes and Aphorisms from Shakespere With a Copious Index of upwards of 9,000 References to Words and Ideas.

Words and Ideas.

"This is the first attempt to render the wit and wisdom of Shakspeare practically available in supplying quotations applicable to the ordinary affair of life." Tablet.

"The collection is unique of its kind." Oxford Times.
"By far the cheapest and handiest book of the kind which has come under our notice during a pretty lengthened course of Shakspearean.
"A most valuable and convenient anxiliary to literary labour of all kinds, and a work full of interest to ordinary readers."

"The trouble to arrange the book must have been enormous."

Publishers' Circular.

In fcap. 8vo. cloth, price 2s. 6d.

#### THE RULES OF RHYME:

A GUIDE TO VERSIFICATION.

With a Compendious Dictionary of Rhymes. By TOM HOOD.

"This is one of the very best guides to English versification which we ever had the good fortune to take up."—European Mail.

"Beserving of a place on the shelves of all who take an interest in the control of the con

OUR COLONIES AND EMIGRATION.

(Dedicated by permission to the Right Hon. Earl Granville, K.G.)
In crown 8vo. cloth, price 6s.

### THE STORY OF OUR COLONIES.

With SKETCHES of their PRESENT CONDITION.

with SKETCHES of their PRESENT CONDITION.

By H. R. FOX BOURNE,

Author of 'Famous London Merchants' &c.

"A singularly felicitous attempt to combine instruction with amusement, and to wave from the materials of comparatively recent history a work which, even to the young, will have all the charm of romance."

"Will be a serviceable book of reference, and well worth consultation by those who may purpose to emigrate."—Wathman.

"A compendious statement of facts, which is all-important in regard "May be fully relied upon for the mass of statistical details with which it abounds."—Observer.

In crown 8vo. cloth, full gilt, price 7s. 6d.

#### THE CHURCH SEASONS,

HISTORICALLY and POETICALLY ILLUSTRATED.

HISTORICALLY and POETICALLY ILLUSTRATED.

By ALEXANDER H. GRANT, M.A.

"Such a book is at once a vindication of the system that produced it, and a help to use that system to the best advantage."

"This very valuable work...has been one of great labour. And with a careful perusal of such a work our youth will be the better able to give a reason for the faith that is in them."—I orkshire Gusetts.
"One of the handsomest books of the season."—Inserness Advertiser.
"Valuable to the olergyman as well as the layman."

#### THE SHORT OR EASY WORD SERIES. Demy 16mo. cloth, gilt edges, price 1s. 6d.

THE SWALLOWS OF LEIGH FARM:

A STORY FOR CHILDREN. With Twelve Illustrations.

"There has been nothing of its class so much to be commended since Mrs. Barbauld's 'Picksey and Dicksey.""—Art-Journal.

London: James Hogg & Son, York-street, Covent-garden, W.C.

#### OGILVIE'S ENGLISH DICTIONARIES.

#### THE IMPERIAL DICTIONARY,

TECHNICAL and SCIENTIFIC.

With Supplement.

Adapted to the Present State of Literature, Science, and Art. Upwards of 2,500 Engravings on Wood. Two large Volumes, imperial 8vo. cloth, 4l.

"The best English dictionary that exists."
British Quarterly Review.

#### THE COMPREHENSIVE DICTIONARY.

EXPLANATORY, PRONOUNCING, and ETYMOLOGICAL.

About 800 Engravings on Wood. Large 8vo. cloth, 25s.

"Next to the more costly 'Imperial,' the very best that has yet been compiled."—London Review.

III.

#### THE STUDENT'S DICTIONARY,

ETYMOLOGICAL, PRONOUNCING, and EXPLANATORY. About 300 Engravings on Wood. Imperial 16mo. cloth, red edges, 10s. 6d.; half morocco, 13s.

"The best etymological dictionary we have yet seen at all within moderate compass."—Spectator.

#### A SMALLER DICTIONARY.

ETYMOLOGICAL, PRONOUNCING, and EXPLANATORY. Abridged by the Author from 'The Student's.'

Imperial 16mo. cloth, red edges, 5s. 6d.

"The etymological part of the work is well done, the pronunciation is clearly and correctly indicated, and the explanations, though neces-sarily brief, are clear and precise."—Atheneum.

BLACKIE & SON, 44, Paternoster-row.

#### A Story of Sixty Years' since.

This day is published, in 3 vols. crown 8vo. price 25s.

#### THE HARRISES:

BEING AN EXTRACT FROM THE COMMON-PLACE BOOK OF

ALEXANDER SMITH, the Elder.

"An admirable story filled with living men and women, having a background such as cannot be commanded at will . Will prove of strong interest to novel readers, and be read by many besides for the pictures it presents of a period which, rich in written memoira as it may be, is within few men's personal recollection."—Graphic, Jan. 3.

CRUISE OF H.M.S. GALATEA (Capt. H.R.H. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH), in 1887-8. Interspersed with many interesting Details of the History and Scenery of the Countries Visited, and brief Accounts of the Customs of their Inhabitants. With Photograph of the Duke of Edinburgh, Coloured

### THE DOCTRINE of DEVELOPEMENT

in the BIBLE and in the GHURCH. By E. I. BLENKINSOFP, M.A., Rector of Springthorpe. Post 8vo. 10s. 6d.

"It is impossible to read these very logical pages without feeling a debt of gratitude to the Author for the effective method in which he upholds the principles of the Reformation against the Ritualistic party. It is a book that Protestants should not only Read but Studg."

The Rock.

LIVES of Eminent SERJEANTS-AT-LAW, of the ENGLISH BAR. By Mr. SERJEANT WOOL-RYCH. 2 vols. 8vo. 30s.

NIRGIS and BISMILLAH: Two Indian Tales. 'Nirgis' being from the Diary of a Slave Girl, in Delhi, during the Mutiny. 'Bismillah,' a Story of Kashmir. By HAFIZ ALLARD. Post 8vo. 10s. 6d.

#### ENGLISH HOMES IN INDIA.

"Two most charming volumes, containing stories of no common attractiveness."—Homeward Mail.
2 vols. post 8vo. 16s.

#### THE GEOGRAPHY of INDIA, for the Use of Schools and Students.

This work forms No. 3 of 'Allen's Series of Educational Books,' and contains in the shortest possible space a vast amount of useful information, adapted not only to the wants of the student, but also to the requirements of the public. ISmo. 28.

London: WM. H. ALLEN & CO. 13, Waterloo-place.

#### NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.

SECOND EDITION.

### THE RIGHT HON. W. E. GLADSTONE'S

Juventus Mundi:

GODS AND MEN OF THE HEROIC AGE.

Crown 8vo. with Coloured Map, 10s. 6d. [This day

THE COBDEN CLUB VOLUME ON THE LAND QUESTION.

# Systems of Land Tenure in

VARIOUS COUNTRIES: a Series of Essays published under the sanction of the Cobden Club. By the Right Hon. M. LONGFIELD, C. WREN HOSKYNS, M.P. GEORGE CAMPBELL, M. ÉMILE DE LAVELEYER. B. D. MORIER, C.B. T. CLIFFE LESLIE, Dr. JULIUS FAUCHER, and C. M. FISHER.

NEW NOVEL

## The Story of Pauline: an

Autobiography. By G. C. CLUNES. 2 vols. crown Svo. 21s.

SECOND EDITION, WITH APPENDIX.

## Henry Venn Elliott's Life.

By JOSIAH BATEMAN, M.A., Author of 'The Life of Daniel Wilson,' &c. Crown 8vo. 8s. 6d. With Portrait. [Next week.

### Chatterton: a Biographical

Study. By DANIEL WILSON, LL.D., Professor of History and English in University College, Toronto. Crown Svo. 6s. 6d.

[This day.

"The life of Chatterton has at last been written by one whom pity for the poor brilliant Bristol lad has not blinded to his faults—whom resentment for his errors has not blinded to his powers and manifold excellencies—who has applied to a career utterly exceptional the same canons of judgment as have been applied to other exceptional careers."

Bully Telegraph.

### Station Life in New Zealand.

By LADY BARKER. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

"We have never read a more truthful or a pleasanter little book,"

Athenoum,

"They give a series of bright and interesting pictures of many aspects of New Zealand life."—Saturday Review.

### Mrs. Jerningham's Journal:

a Poem. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

"Criticism of the formal kind would be wasted on a little volume which is at once so informal and so graceful, which belongs to no school of poetry, in which the verse sometimes runs along in an easy, colloquial manner, making us almost forget that it is verse at sli, sometimes leaps as cheerily as a mountain stream over the rocks, and annow mails sadly like the sudden moaning of the wind in a forest of pines."—Dully News.

CHEAP EDITION OF

### Sir Samuel W. Baker's

ALBERT N'YANZA GREAT BASIN of the NILE, and Explorations of the Nile Sources. 1 vol. crown 8vo. with Maps and Illustrations, 7s. 6d.

CHEAP EDITION OF

#### By the Author Realmah.

of 'Friends in Council.' 1 vol. crown 8vo. 6s.

of Silcotes. By SilcoteHENRY KINGSLEY, F.R.G.S. 1 vol. crown 8vo. 6s. [This day.

CHEAP EDITION OF

### The Dove in the Eagle's NEST. By the AUTHOR of 'The Heir of Redclyffe,' 1 vol. grown 8vo. 6s. [This day.

SECOND EDITION OF

### The Light of the World: an

Essay. By A. S. WILKINS, M.A., Professor of Latin in Owens College, Manchester. Crown Svo. 3s. 6d. [This day.

MACMILLAN & Co., London.

#### THE "ROB ROY" ON THE JORDAN.

With Map and 70 Illustrations, 8vo. 12s.

NOW READY-THE FIFTH THOUSAND

#### MR.MACGREGOR'S CANOE

ON ANCIENT RIVERS, LAKES, AND SEAS

IN BIBLE LANDS.

JOHN MURRAY, Albemarle-street.

Ready This Day, No. 31, for FEBRUARY, of

#### TINSLEYS' An Illustrated Monthly. MAGAZINE.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

#### Contents.

- 2. THE RETREAT. With an Illustration.
- 3. SNIPE-SHOOTING in IRELAND.
- 4. GABRIELLE of WURZBURG. By Lady Hardy.
- 5. EDUCATING OUR MASTERS.
- 6. A WEARY DAY with a LIVELY OLD LADY.

1. AUSTIN FRIARS. By the Author of 'George Gelth of Fen Court.' With an Illustration.

Chap. 24. The Bills are Paid.

2. THE RETREAT. With an Illustration.

Chap. 25. Yorke's Pleasant Mission,

2. THE RETREAT. With an Illustration.

- 8. THE PRINCIPLES of COMEDY.
- 9. A GOOD MORNING'S WORK.
- 10. THE KING of THULE. From Goethe.
- 11. THE LEGEND of SANCGREAL.
- 12. THE RETURN TICKET.

TINSLEY BROTHERS, 18, Catherine-street, Strand.

#### TINSLEY BROTHERS' NEW BOOKS at all Libraries.

## MEMOIRS of SIR GEORGE SINCLAIR, Bart.,

of Ulbster. By JAMES GRANT, Author of 'The Great Metropolis,' 'The Religious Tendencies of the Times,' &c. 8vo. With Portrait. 16s. [Ready this day.

The GAMING TABLES, its Votaries and Victims, in all Countries e GAMING TABLES, US VOULTES WHEN PROSENTING IN 2 vols. Svo.

and Times, especially in England and France. By ANDREW STEINMETZ, Barrister-at-Law. In 2 vols. Svo.

[Fust ready.

PEASANT LIFE in SWEDEN. By L. LLOYD, Author of 'The Game Birds of Sweden.' 8vo. With Illustrations.

The BATTLE-FIELDS of PARAGUAY. By Capt. R. F. Burton, Author of 'A Mission to Dahome,' 'The Highlands of Brazil,' &c. 2 vols. Svo. With Map and Illustrations.

TRAVELS in CENTRAL AFRICA and EXPLORATION of the WESTERN NILE TRIBUTARIES. By Mr. and Mrs. PETHERICK. In 2 vols. 8vo. with Maps, Portraits, and numerous Illustrations.

The ROSE of JERICHO. Translated from the French. Edited by the Honourable Mrs. NORTON. Price Fairy Tale. By the Author of 'Out of the Meshes.' Profusely illustrated and handsomely bound. 5s.

#### NEW NOVELS IN READING at all Libraries.

GEORGE CANTERBURY'S WILL: a Novel. By Mrs. Henry WOOD, Author of 'East Lynne,' &c. 3 vols.

BENEATH the WHEELS: a Novel. By the Author of 'Olive Varcoe,' 'Patience Caerhydon,' 'Simple as a Dove,' &c. 3 vols. [Ready this day.

The BARONET'S SUNBEAM: a Novel. In 3 vols. [Ready this day.

VALENTINE FORDE: a Novel. By CECIL GRIFFITH, Author of Victory Deane, &c. In 3 vols.

The LILY and the ROSE: a Tale of the Untruth of a True Heart. By GABRIEL H. HARWOOD. In 3 vols.

STRONG HANDS and STEADFAST HEARTS: a Novel. By the COUNTESS VON BOTHMER. In 3 vols.

By Rosa Nouchette Carey, Author of 'Nellie's WEE WIFIE.

Memories,' &c. 2 vols. SYDNEY GODOLPHIN BELLEW: a Story. By Francis Francis. Just ready.

OBERON SPELL: a Novel. By Eden DAISIE'S DREAM: a Novel. By the Author of 'Recommended to Mercy.' 3 vols.

HEATHFIELD HALL; or, Prefatory Life:

a Youthful Reminiscence. By HANS SCHREIBER, Author of
'Nicknames at the Playingfield College,' &c. With an Illustration.

PHŒBE'S MOTHER: a Novel. By Louiss

ANNE MEREDITH, Author of 'My Bush Friends in Tasmania'
In 2 vols.

TINSLEY BROTHERS, 18, Catherine-street, Strand.

, '70

E

hly.

uther of stration.

art.,

imes,' &c. his day.

ntries

'The t ready.

RTON.

t ready.

N of

Portraits,

IENRY

Olive his day.

this day. or of

Heart.

Tellie's

ANCIS.

st ready. By the

Louisa

Tass

Now ready, cloth elegant, 5s. PATRAÑAS: Spanish Stories, Legendary and Traditional. By the Author of Traditions of Tirol.' Illustrations by E. H. CORBOULD. Griffith & Farran, St. Paul's Churchyard.

Sixth Edition, with Photographic Frontispiece, price 1s.,

Sixth Edition, with Photographic Frontispiece, price is,

THE SEARCH for a PUBLISHER; or, Counsels
for a Young Author.

Contents,
Publishers,
Binding,
Copyright, &c.
Notices of the Press,
Sizes of Paper,
Comparative Sizes of Books and Paper, &c. With Specimens of various Types, Wood and Photographic Illustra-ons, &c.

London: Provost & Co. (successors to A. W. Bennett), 5, Bishopsgate Without, E.C.

In 8vo. price 15s.

JAPAN; being a Sketch of the History, Government, and Officers of the Empire. By WALTER DICKSON.

"Mr. Dickson has written a very valuable book. He has supplied much that was wanting to our knowledge of Japan, and has given us a mass of really trustworthy information which is to be found nowhere else. This information he has compiled from the works of native historians and European writers, supplemented in a great measure by what he himself was able to pick up during a long residence in the country. It is astonishing, if we consider that Japan has been open to us now for eleven years, that no such work has previously appeared. ... Whatever the future of the country may be, Mr. Dickson's book will ever form a valuable record of the history and traditions of one of the most interesting peoples of the world."—Saturdag Review.

William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE, LOMBARD-STREET and CHARING CROSS. Established 1782.
Insurances effected in all parts of the world.

Prompt and Liberal Loss Settlements

The whole Fire Insurance Duty is now remitted.

GEO. W. LOVELL, Secretary.

## SUN LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

CHARING CROSS.

CHAKING CROSS.

The attention of persons desirous of making a provision for their Families by means of Life Assurance, is directed to the paramount importance of resorting for that purpose to an Office of established credit.

importance of resorting for that purpose to an Office of established credit.

Amongst the advantages offered by this old-established Society to persons effecting Assurances now are—
Low rates of premium, especially for young lives, payable annually. Participation in Eighty per cent. of the profits, according to the conditions in the Society's Prospectus.

All Tyenty, or quarterly. Farticipation in Eighty per cent. of the profits, according to the conditions in the Society's Prospectus. On the profits on which three or more annual premiums have been paid at the period of division, and receivable in cash, or applied in augmentation of the sum assured or reduction of the premiums, at the option of the policyholder. A Statement of the Funds may be obtained on application.

POLICIES EFFECTED DEFORE MIDSUMMER, 1870, will participate in the PROFITS at the next Division.

JAMES HARRIS, Actuary.

SCOTTISH UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Established 1824, and Incorporated by Royal Charter.
London—37, Cornhill; Edinburgh and Dublin.

The following results of the operations during the year ending august 1, 1898, were reported at the Forty-fifth Annual Court of Proprietors, held at Edinburgh on the 1st day of December, 1869, namely:—

ROBERT STRACHAN, Secretary. JOHN JACKSON, Assistant Secretary.

No. 37, Cornhill, London

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE and FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1824

CHIEF OFFICE: BARTHOLOMEW-LANE, BANK, LONDON, E.C.

Board of Direction.

President—SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE, Bart., F.R.S.

James Alexander, Esq.
Charles George Harry Barnett, Esq.
Charles George Harry Barnett, Esq.
George Harry Barnett, Esq.
William Gladert des Esq.
William Gladert des Esq.
Rt. Hom. George J. Geochen, M.P.
Samuel Gurney, Esq.
James Helme, Esq.
Tambony de Kothschild, M.P.
Samuel Gurney, Esq.
Barno L. N. de Rothschild, M.P.
Barnot L. N. de Rothschild, M.P.
Barnot M. Montefore, Esq.
Standard Grand M. Montefore, Esq.
S

Audito Lord Richard Grosvenor, M.P.; Hugh Colin Smith, Esq.; Richard Hoare, Esq. Life and Fire Assurances are granted on moderate terms and liberal

Life and Fire Assurances are granted on moderate terms and liberal conditions.

The Subscribed Capital of the Company is 5,000,0001, of which 500,0001. As been paid up.

The sums assured under the life policies in force with the company at the close of 1868, when the last actural investigation was made, amounted to 3,173,934, and the Life Reserve Fund to more than \$43,0001, which sum is exclusive of and in addition to the paid-up capital and the Fire Reserve Fund, being equal to nearly 50 per cent. oncome. Under the Carlisie Table of Mortality, taking interest at 3 per cent, the estimated present value of the liabilities under the said-policies was 762,0932.

The total funds of the Company are over 1,600,0001, and the investments are of the safest description, yielding interest at an average rate-action in the Life Department amount to less than 5 per cent. of the life income, and to only 1 per cent. of the Life Reserve Fund. In a contract of the nature of life assurance security should obviously be the first consideration; and it may be confidently asserted that the Foligholders in the Alifance enjoy the highest degree of security, for lessions an ample Accumulated Reserve Fund, there is the additional ling, coupled with the responsibility of a numerous body of wealthy Proprietors.

Detailed Prospectuses, with Forms of Proposals, may be had on

Detailed Prospectuses, with Forms of Proposals, may be had on ROBERT LEWIS, Secretary.

#### PELICAN

LIFE

IFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established in 1797.
70, LOMBARD-STREET, City, and 57, CHARING CROSS,
Westminster.

Directors.

Directors.

Kirkman D. Hodgson, Esq.

Kirkman D. Hodgson, Esq.

Kirkman D. Hodgson, Esq.

Henry Ragular, Esq.

Henry Lancelot Holland, Esq.

Sir John Lubbock, Bart, F.R.S.

John Stewart Oziey, Esq.

Benjamin Shaw, Esq.

Benjamin Shaw, Esq.

Benjamin Shaw, Esq.

FINANCIAL CONDITION. Total Amount Insured with Bonus Additions . £3,007,431
Liability on the same at 31, per cent. Interest . £45,712
Accommutated Funds . £92,787
Annual Revenue from Fremiums . £92,787
from Interest . . . 57,163

The whole invested in Government, Real, and other first-class Securities, in addition to which the assured have the guarantee of a large For Propertuses and Forms of Proposal apply at the Offices as above, or to the Agents of the Company.

ROCK LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. CK LIFE ASSOCIATION OF STREET, BLACKFRIARS, London, E.C.

Direct G. P. Bidder, Esq. J. G. Dodson, Esq. M. P. D. A. Freeman, Esq. G. A. Fuller, Esq. J. Goddard, Esq. R. Hudson, Esq., F.R.S. J. Keik, Esq. S. Laurenoe, Esq.

T. H. Longden, Esq.
Lieut. Gen. Sir G. St. P. Lawrence, K.C.S.I., C.B.
C. T. Lucas, Esq.
J. D. Magens, Esq.
C. Rivaz, Esq.
W. B. Towse, Esq.
H. Tritton, Esq. S. H. Twining, Esq.

The ROCK LIPE ASSURANCE COMPANY, which has been established upwards of HALFA CENTURY, has an ACCUMULATED FUND of more than THREE MILLIONS STERLING, invested in Mortgages on Land, and other first-class Securities:—

Viz., on the 99th August, 1868
Sum Assured—inclusive of Bonus Additions—at that

5.380.7509 2 11

Sum Assured—inclusive of Bonus Additions—at that date date Liability thereon 'Northampton Table of Mortality, 9 per cent. Interestly the Fund invested. Total Amount of Bonus Additions made to Policies ... Amount of Profits divided for the Seven Years ending 20th August, 1888 ... Annual Income Total Claims paid—inclusive of Bonus Additions ... 6,627,644 7 7 Copies of the Annual Reports and Balance Sheets, as well as of the Periodical Valuation Accounts, Tables of Rates, and every information to be obtained on application.

JOHN RAYDEN, Actuary. H. W. PORTER, Sub-Actuary.

H A L F ABa been Paid by the

RAILWAY PASSENGERS' ASSURANCE COMPANY,
As Compensation for
ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS,
(Riding, Driving, Walking, Hunting, &c.)
An Annual Payment of 3t, to 6t, 8s, insures 1,9004, at Death, and an
Allowance at the rate of 6t, per week for Injury,
For particulars apply to the Clerks at the Railway Stations, to the
Local Agents, or at the Offices,
64, CORNHILL, and the DECOMPAGE OF THE STATE OF

64, CORNHILL, and 10, REGENT-STREET, LONDON.
WILLIAM J. VIAN, Secretary.

# H. J. NICOLL'S SPECIALITIES in WINTER DRESS for BOYS.

SERVANTS' LIVERIES.—The Best at Moderate Prices. Treble-Milled Cloth Overcoats and Milled Cloth Frockcoats, for Grooms and Coachmen.

H. J. NICOLL, Merchant Clothier to the Queen, the Royal Family, and the Courts of Europe.

LONDON ... ... (114, 118, 118, 189, Regent-street, W. 41, 44, 45, Warwick street, W. 22, Cornhill, E.C.

BRANCHES ... ... (50, Bold-street, Manchester. 50, Bold-street, Jiverpool. 239, New street, Birmingham.

OSLER'S CRYSTAL GLASS CHANDELIERS,
WALL LIGHTS and LUSTRES, for Gas and Candles.
MODERATOR LAMPS and LAM'S for INDIA.
TABLE GLASS of all kinds.
ORNAMENTAL GLASS, English and Foreign.
Mess, Export, and Fornishing Orders promptly executed.
All Articles marked in plain figures.
LONDON—Show Rooms, 6. Oxford-street, W.
BIRMINGHAM—Manufactory and flow Rooms, Broad-street.
Established 1867.

STAINED GLASS WINDOWS and CHURCH DECORATIONS.

HEATON, BUTLER & BAYNE, GARRICK-STREET, COVENT-GARDEN, LONDON.

Prize Medal—London and Paris. DEDSTEADS, BEDDING and FURNITURE—
WILLIAM S. BURTON'S STOCK on SHOW of IRON and
BRASS BEDSTEADS and CHILDREN'S COTS stands unrivalled
either for extent or moderateness of prices. He also supplies Bedding,
manufactured on the premises, and Bed Hangings of guaranteed
either for critical standards, littled with dovertail joints and patent
eacking, from 11st to the control of the control of the control
eaching, from 11st to 301. Complete Suites of Bed-Room Furniture,
variety, from 12. St. to 301. Complete Suites of Bed-Room Furniture,
in Mahogany, Fancy Woods, Polished and Japanned Deal, always on
abow. These are made at the Manufactory, 83, Newman-street, and
st. the set of five piccos.
WILLIAM S. BURTON, Furnishing Ironmonger, by appointments
of 700 Illustrations of his unrivalled Stock, with Lists of Prices and
Flams of the 50 large Show Rooms, post free—30, Oxford-street, W.;
Newman-yard 4, Newman-street; 4, 5, and 6, Perry's-place; and 1;
Newman-yard.

CHUBB'S NEW PATENT SAFES, steel-plated with diagonal bolts, to resist wedges, drills, and are Lists of Prices, with 130 Illustrations, of all sizes and qualities, of Chubb's Safes, Strong-room Doors, and Locks, sent free by CHUBB & SON, 67, 85. Paul's Churchyard, London.

REST AND BE THANKFUL.—The PATENT READING EASEL, for holding the Book, Lamp, and Refreshment in any position while Reading; easily applied to any Eed, Sofa or Chair, and requires no faing; readily adjusted to the variations of sight, allitude of the head, and the most convenient attitudes of the body. Drawings post free.—J. CARTER, 77, Great Portland-street, W.

PARQUET SOLIDAIRES for FLOORING, HOWARD'S PATENT,
No. 1,548.
The only kind guaranteed to stand.

26 and 27, BERNERS-STREET, Oxford-street, W., and CLEVELAND WORKS.

METCALFE, BINGLEY & CO.'S New Pattern TOOTH BRUSHES, and Penetrating unbleached Hair Brushes, Improved Flesh and Cloth Brushes, sequine Survan Sponges, and every description of Brush, Comb and Perfamery. The Tooth Brushes search between the divisions of the Teeth-the bristles do not onlose. Metcalfe's celebrated Alkaline Tooth Powder, 2s. per box.—Address 18in, OXFORD-NTREET.

FIELD'S PURE "SPERMACETI" SOAP. Rd. and ls. per tablet, most delicately perfumed. This beautiful article is a combination of the purest Soap with Spermaceti, the soothing and emollient action of which is well known, and it is especially recommended for children and invalids.

See Name on each Tablet and Label.
Wholesale—36, UPPER MARSH, LAMBETH, S.E.

MANILA CIGARS. — Messrs, VENNING & Co., of 17, EAST INDIA CHAMBERS, have just received a Consignment of No. 5 MANILA CIGARS, in excellent condition, in Boxes of 500 each. Price 37s. 6d. per Box. Orders to be accompanied by a remittance.

N.B. Sample Box of 100, 8s.

#### JOSEPH PH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

Sold by all Dealers throughout the world.

RARE OLD WINES, for Connoisseurs.

Messrs HEDGES& BUTLER invite attention to their extensive STOCK of CHOICE OLD PORT, selected and bottled with the utmost care, and now in the highest state of perfection, embracing all the famed Vintages, at moderate prices.

Wines for Ordinary Use :-

Claret 14s. 18s. 20s. 28s. 30s. 36s. per dozen.
Sherry 28s. 30s. 36s. 42s per dozen.
Port 28s. 30s. 36s. 42s per dozen.
Champagne ... 28s. 36s. 36s. 42s. per dozen.
Hock and Moselle ... 24s. 36s. 36s. 42s. per dozen.
Hock and Moselle ... 24s. 36s. 36s. 42s. per dozen.
Fine old Pale Brandy ... 48s. 60s. 7ss. 48s. per dozen.
HEDGES & BUTLER, 185. REGENT-STREET, LONDON; and
30, KING'S-ROAD, BRIGHTON.

Originally established A.D. 1667.

# PURE CLARETS.—T. O. LAZENBY, 90, 99, WIGMORE-STREET, Loudon, W., Wine Merchant, No. 1. Family Claret ... Vin Ordinaire ... 198. No. 3. Dinner Claret ... Sound Full Bordeaux ... 248. No. 5. Dessert Claret ... Fine Flavoury Bordeaux 368.

E. LAZENBY & SON'S PICKLES, SAUCES and CONDIMENTS.

E. LAZENBY & SON'S PICKLES, SAUCES and CONDIMENTS.

E. LAZENBY & SON, Sole Proprietors of the celebrated Receipts and Manufacturers of the PICKLES, SAUCES and CONDIMENTS so long and favourably distinguished by their name, are compelled to CAUTION the public against the inferior preparations which are put up and labelled in close imitation of their goods, with a view to mislead the public.—90, WIGMORE-STREET, Cavendish-square (16, Edwards-street, Portman-square); and 18, Trinity-street, London, S.E.

HARVEY'S SAUCE.—CAUTION.—The admirers of this celebrated Sauce are particularly requested to observe that each Bottle, prepared by E. LAZENEY & SON, bears the label used so many years, signed "Elizabeth Lazenby."

The Civil Service Gazette remarks—" By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of weilsteleted coos, Mr. Errs has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in labelled the line packets.

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homosopathic Chemists, London.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—The Destremedy for ACDITY of the STOMACH, HEARTSURA, HEADACHE, GOUT, and INDIGESTION; and the best mild aperient for Delicate Constitution, especially adapted for LADIES, CHILDREN, and INFATS.

DINNEFORD & CO., 172, New Bond street, London; and of all Chemists throughout the World.

DOGS.—"Stonehenge," in his celebrated work on the Dog, says, "Worms are a fertile source of disease in the dog, destroying every year more puppies than distemper itself." While The Field say concerning distemper: "ALIPER'S POWDER'S must be prefaced by the expulsion of many at the same time giving tone the stomach and producing first-rate condition in Dogs. Rold by the them the stomach and producing first-rate condition in Dogs. Rold by the Chemists, and by BARCLAY & SONS, 50, Farringdou-street, London.

# ENGLISH AND FOREIGN LIBRARY COMPANY,

Late HOOKHAM'S LIBRARY.

#### ESTABLISHED ONE HUNDRED AND SIX YEARS.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATING LIBRARY OF SEPARATE WORKS IN EXISTENCE.]

#### 15, OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON, W.

CITY OFFICE: 32, Poultry, E.C.

Paris Agency: 8, Rue de Duras, Faubourg St.-Honoré.

#### THE NEW BOOKS OF THE SEASON.

Large Numbers of the following New Books of the Season are already, or will be as soon as published, in readiness for Subscribers of all rates:

Jeaffreson's Book about the Clergy.
Yarieties of Vice-Regal Life.
Families of Speech, by F. W. Farrar.
Charlotte de la Trémoille, par Mille. de Witt.
Steinmetz's History of Gambling.
The Byron Controversy, by Harriet B. Stowe.
Pumpelly's Across America and Asia.
Modern Russia, by Edward Eckhardt.
Lord Milton's San Juan Water Boundary Question.
Voyage au Centre de la Terro.
Memoir of Henry Hoare.
Medora Leigh, an Autobiography.

Grant's Memoirs of Sir George Sinclair.
The Irish Land Question, by J. Stuart Mill.
Spedding's Life of Bacon. Vol. V.
Die Matadore, von Theodor Mundt.
Lloyd's Peasant Life in Sweden.
The Andes and the Amason, by James Orton.
Rossetti's New Life of Percy Bysshe Shelley.
The Magyara, by Arthur W. Patterson.
Dallas's Letters from London, in 1856-60.
Volere e Potere, M. da Lessona.
Lord Lytkois Walpole, a Comedy.
Station Life in New Zealand, by Lady Barker.

Speeches and Despatches of Earl Russell.
Pilgrimages in the Pyrenees and Landes.
A Queen's Death, by George Smith.
Nouveaux Portraits Parisiennes parlM. de Villemer.
Captain Burton's Battle Fields of Paraguay.
Barnum's Porty Years' Recollections.
Donald's Marrels of Architecture.
Parishe's Contributions. New Series. Donald's Marvels of Architecture. Eastlake's Contributions. New Series. Wesley's Place in Church History. Die Heimath der Frau, von O. Wildermuth. Sewell's Analytical History of India. Professor Maurige on Social Morality.

#### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION (IN LONDON),

INCLUDING FREE DELIVERY WITHIN SIX MILES.

				Three Months.	Six Months.	Twelve Months.		
THREE VOLUMES AT A TIME	***	***	***	£0 15 0	£1 5 0	£2 2 0		
SIX VOLUMES AT A TIME		***		1 1 0	1 18 0	3 3 0		

#### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION (IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD).

										Three	Mon	ths.	Six	Mon	ths.	3	welve	e Mo	onths.
SIX	NEW,	OR	EIGHT	HALF-NEW.	VOLUMES	AT A	TIME	***		£0	15	0	£1	5	0		£2	2	0
NINE	99	OR '	TWELV	E	**		**	***	***	1	1	0	1	18	0		3	3	0
TWELV	E ,,	OR	SIXTER	EN "	33		22	***	***	1	8	0	2	10	0		4	4	0

### TERMS FOR BOOK CLUBS OR PRIVATE SUBSCRIBERS.

CARRIAGE FREE WITHIN ONE HUNDRED MILES, OR WITH PROPORTIONATE ALLOWANCE BEYOND.

CLASS I .- FOR THE NEWEST BOOKS.

	VOLUMES	AT A	TIME FO		GUINEAS	PER ANNUM,		GUINEAS	THE HALF-YEAR.
THIRTY	29	22	. 99	TEN	99	,,,	or SIX	, ,,	99
EIGHTY	93	39	39	TWENTY-FIVE	39	"	or FIFTEEN	99	99

CLASS II .- FOR OLDER BOOKS (Nine Months after Publication).

FORTY	VOLUMES	AT A	TIME FOR	FIVE	GUINEAS	PER AN	NUM, or	THREE	GUINEAS	THE HALF-YEAR.
EIGHTY-FIVE	99	99	33	TEN	**	33	-	SIX	"	"
TWO HUNDRED	39	9.3	99	TWENTY	99	29	01	TWELV	E ,,	,,,

NOTICE.—SPECIALLY ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS ARE OFFERED TO PUBLIC LIBRARIES AND INSTITUTIONS.

#### NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE ENTERED DAILY.

Prospectuses of Terms, Lists of the New and Older Books, and Sale Catalogues for January, are posted free by

THOMAS HOOKHAM, Manager.

#### TO THE BOOK TRADE.

The Manager recommends the attention of LIBRARIANS generally throughout Great Britain and Ireland to the following POSITIVE GAINS which they acquire by Subscribing to this Library:-

1. Extra copies of Popular Books are furnished in the following ratio when required, viz.:—
Two copies for 8l. 8s.; Three for 16l. 16s.; and one Extra Copy for each additional 8l. 8s. beyond.

2. The scale of supply for Books a few months old is very much more favourable than can be

2. The scale of supply for Books a few months old is very much more favourable than can be

- The scale of supply for Books a few months old is very much more favourable than can be secured elsewhere, viz.—Eight Volumes, and upon the higher rates Ten Volumes, for every Guinea subscribed.
- All or any of the Magazines and Reviews generally in demand are allowed in the propor-tion specified in the Terms, without any trouble or hindrance whatever.
- ers have the option of adopting the carriage-free arrangements of the Library in lieu
- of the discount.

  Eighty volumes of the newest books are supplied on a Class I. subscription of Twenty-five Guineas. One Hundred and Sixty for Fifty Guineas, and Eighty additional volumes for each Twenty-five Guineas beyond.

THOMAS HOOKHAM, Manager.

#### 15, OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON, W.

Editorial Communications should be addressed to "The Editor"—Advertisements and Business Letters to "The Publisher"—at the Office, 20, Wellington-street, Strand, London, W.C. Printed by Edward J. Francis, at "The Athernous Press," No. 4, Took's-court, Chancery-lane, E.C.; and Published by John Francis, at No. 20, Wellington-street, Strand, W. Agents: for Scotland, Messrs. Bell & Bradfute, and Mr. John Meuries, Edinburgh;—for Ingland, Mr. John Robertson, Dublin.—Saturday, January 22, 1870.